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PHILADELPHIA'S RINGS.

Little Hope from the Constitutional Convention—Defenders of the Ring Officials—Mr. Peter Widener.

From Our Special Correspondent.

PHILADELPHIA, Saturday, June 21, 1873.

The hope of relief through the action of the Constitutional Convention seems almost gone. It was thought that if the convention submitted the result of its labors to the popular vote, and the new Constitution were adopted before the October elections took place, the sweeping away of the infamous Special Election law governing this city, would make it possible to have votes fairly counted, and at least afford to honest men a chance to guard against fraud. There seems no hope for this now. Yesterday, amid a scene of the greatest confusion, the convention agreed, by one majority, that when it adjourned next Friday, it be till the third Tuesday in October. It is possible that the vote may be reconsidered, but even if it is, the fact that over one-half of the members were willing to postpone further action till after the October election, renders it exceedingly improbable that if the convention continue its sittings, the new Constitution will be submitted in time to effect any substantial good this year. The *Press* this morning tells the convention it has made a grave mistake, and points out as significant of the influences at work in it, that all those members who are suspected of being in sympathy with the corrupt political organizations in this city, were found voting in favor of adjournment. Opinions appear to be divided on the question whether it was best to have the Constitution voted on at a special or at the general election. It is urged that to submit it to the chances of the former would be to insure its defeat, as a light vote in its favor would certainly be polled in the rural districts, while all the politicians interested in defeating it would bring out their followers in full force. But if it is voted on at the general election, in view of the fact that the Ring politicians have boasted they will roll up a majority of 60,000 against it in this city, the chances for its adoption seem scarcely better. One of the papers in the interest of the Ring openly declared against the proposed instrument, a day or two ago, on the ground that it unjustly discriminated between the city and country in the Senatorial representation. There is not much doubt, however, that our State-house-row Republicans will have nothing to fear from the convention this year. If they have all the machinery of the next election in their hands, they feel they are secure. Every device of fraud, repeating, ballot-box stuffing, personation, and false counting is so certain to be employed that the Reform ticket is generally regarded as being weakened by its having no one on it who is familiar with these frauds and the methods of defeating them. Take the following for an unconscious confession of the true state of the case. It is quoted from an article in defense of the Ring, from one of its organs: "There can be no doubt that in nominating candidates of their own they [the Reform Party] draw off from both the real parties to the contest a large proportion of the best men of each; and not being able to elect their own ticket, permit the worst political elements to control the elections." Evidently the writer's logic is a little faulty, for further on he says: "The Republican Party here is composed * * * of the most intelligent and useful men in the community, and it is almost an absolute certainty that they will work together for the common good!" Now, an argument which proves that the party is composed of such intelligent and useful men that its ticket is certain of success, and that an independent Reform ticket will draw the best men from it, leaving this certain success to be secured by the "worst political elements" of the party; such an argument, it must be confessed, may stand as a model of illogical reasoning. In sober truth, the Republican Party here is composed of good men, who would work together for the common good if they were permitted to do so. But it is the misfortune of the party that a set of rascals and scoundrels of the worst character have worked themselves into such a position that they can control it for purposes of plunder. That they do so is notorious; and that it is profitable to do it, their success in hiring defenders sufficiently testifies.

On either side of such a political ring are found as its indispensable supporters a corrupted minority and a subsidized Press. On the one hand we have the men who sell out and betray their party, represented by the Cassidies and McMullens; on the other those journals whose editorial columns are open to the highest bidder. When Tammany was breaking up under the attacks of THE TIMES in the Fall of 1871, a journal here which now holds a brief for the State-house-row, indulged itself in an admirable display of virtue in regard to it. There was nothing dangerous in firing off a few blank cartridges at the time, the election being some months distant, so it warned the politicians to look out for themselves, thus:

> "When Philadelphia begins to groan under such an exposure as has so aroused the indignation of New-York, there will be a bitter reckoning with the corrupt legislators, the unfaithful journalists, and the Ring that has employed them to bring such disgrace and financial disaster on the people."—*Bulletin, Aug. 4.*

A few days after the same journal expressed itself in terms so appropriate to the present condition of affairs that it is worth while to quote them:

> "The exposure of the guilt of the Ring in New-York is valuable in a double sense to the American people. It supplies to the inhabitants of large cities a very earnest warning against the machinations of the corrupt politicians who are constantly combining for the purpose of obtaining control of the municipal governments."

It supplies also another warning, no less earnest—a warning that the most dangerous ally of these corrupt politicians is that portion of the Press which is despicable enough to sell itself for official advertising. Let it be remembered that all the men that this journal warned so solemnly less than two years ago that their end was approaching, are the all-potent ruling powers in the corrupt politics of the city at this day—and the *Bulletin* is their official defender. It now declares that the statements in THE TIMES in regard to the abuses in the Municipal Government of Philadelphia are "stale and obsolete." Unfortunately for the good name of the Republican Party, they are living, active, and energetic forces; powerful at this moment as ever they were, except such as have been put down by the vigilance of an association which the Ring journals sneer at. It is as true to-day, as it was when the *Bulletin* spoke, that this, the second city of the United States, is ruled by a set of rascals calling themselves Republicans, and daily boasting that they are the men who saved the Republican Party, who are not one whit better in private habits or public practices than the Democratic gang which Tweed controlled in New-York. Is the corruption of the ballot-box an obsolete abuse, or the scandalous employment of the police to protect that corruption? Is the packing of grand juries obsolete, when Mayor Stokely stated to the writer only a day or two ago, in reference to the paragraph in the *Ledger* about the lottery bills, that the day after its appearance "the Grand Jury found three true bills on less evidence than they had rejected one the day before?" Is the gas trust, which sits with closed doors and guards its secrets so carefully, that only those in the Ring know them—is this an obsolete abuse? Is the Building Commission, with its unlimited, irresponsible and peremptory power over millions of the city's money, and which sets at defiance the efforts of Philadelphia's best citizens to curtail its amazing extent of authority—is this an abuse which is obsolete? Is the extortion of illegal fees by the officials of the Row an obsolete abuse, when in the last Legislature the man now to be nominated for Sheriff, an office where those fees are largest, successfully exerted his powers as Speaker to smother a bill intended to substitute reasonable salaries for these immoderately feed offices? Is corruption in these offices an obsolete abuse when, during this very week, a rascally clerk in the office of Register of Wills, defrauded a poor widow woman of her little legacy of $240 by taking out, in his own name, the letters of administration she applied for, and then pocketing the money. This is no exaggeration. The sworn statement of the woman lies before me. Imagine the unblushing corruption which must exist in an important public office, when a clerk, on finding the easy ignorance of the poor applicant, can draw up the letters, walk out to the bank and pocket the money, return to his office and tell the unfortunate widow to go about her business. But this man was no worse than his master, who escaped the Penitentiary by pleading the statute of limitations against a charge of perjury and fraud. Enough has been said, I think, to show that however "stale" the statement of these abuses may be, the abuses themselves are not obsolete.

But look what City Treasurer Widener is doing, say the Ring organs. See how full the Treasury is under his "admirable management." How much Mr. Peter Widener had to do with bringing about this state of affairs has already been explained. But it is significant to note how this gentleman feels toward those to whom the good condition of the Treasury is due. He was informed one day this week that the Reform Association had instructed its counsel to inquire what was done by him with the moneys paid into his office by the city in behalf of the State. On hearing this, he became very indignant, and declared with an oath that "you d——d reformers are barking up the wrong tree. I've got a written order from Mackey [State Treasurer] to put it in Kemble's bank." Growing more excited, he threatened to have the whole association indicted for libel, and continued, "Mind, you fellows don't want to go to prison—you don't want to go there, mind you!" This interesting interview took place in a prominent banking-house on Third-street. It will now be in order for his journals to deny it. It may be proper to add that no one who knows the way things are worked here but feels quite confident that city moneys might be placed in much safer hands than those of the gentleman whose arithmetical rules are summed up in "addition, division, and silence."

One of the most interesting facts in connection with Mr. Peter Widener is, that one of the journals now slavishly praising him, before he became City Treasurer was most bitter in its abuse. He was the "ex-mutton butcher," (he is by trade a butcher,) the "petty political hack," his nomination had "been brought about by corrupt combinations;" it charged that he had consulted with Tweed about the drawing up of certain commission bills intended to rob the city, and called on him to deny it. Mr. Widener never did this; but he became City Treasurer, though this same journal did its best to defeat him and have Mr. Henry Perkins elected to the place. It may be inquired why this remarkable change of opinion since he became City Treasurer? Possibly the answer may be found in this, that he has the distribution of the official advertising.

THE UNION DEMOCRACY.

Organization of a New Democratic Association—Robert B. Roosevelt Elected President.

On the 6th of January last, a number of Democrats, among whom were Gen. Duryea, Robert B. Roosevelt, Smith Ely, Jr., Emanuel B. Hart, and Robt. R. Giles, met at Demilt Hall, for the purpose of organizing the Democratic voters of the City under the title of the Union Democracy. Last evening, the first meeting of the Democratic Union General Committee, consisting of five delegates from each election district, took place at Masonic Hall, in Thirteenth-street. Robert B. Roosevelt called the meeting to order, and in a brief speech reviewed the present political situation, and explained the objects of the organization. After commenting on the results of the recent election, and the administration of Municipal affairs since the advent to the new régime—for which he wished it to be distinctly understood that he was in no way responsible, as his advice had been rarely asked and never followed—Mr. Roosevelt went on to state the present position of the Democratic Party in this City. Tammany Hall, he said, was as close a corporation now as it had been five years ago. It was ruled by three men—Samuel J. Tilden, John Kelly, and Matthew T. Brennan—very respectable gentlemen, but hardly fair representatives of the Democratic Party of New-York. These men ruled, absolutely dictated what they pleased, and had expelled from the General Committee all who were not willing to be subservient to them. The old tactics were being revived; Tweed was looming up again; he was being talked of; his minions were retained in Tammany Hall, and he was coming back to power. He was already a recognized power. Apollo Hall was no better. The speaker could not see that Thomas Coman was any better than John Morrissey. Men of that ilk were plentiful in both these organizations. The purpose of the Union Democracy was to put such men before the people at the Fall election as would obtain the support of all honest Democrats. At the conclusion of Mr. Roosevelt's remarks a committee of five was appointed to nominate officers for the ensuing year.

The following ticket was presented and unanimously elected: Chairman of the General Committee, Robert B. Roosevelt; Vice Chairmen, David A. Paige, Henry Clausen, Jr., Patrick J. McAleer, and Patrick Kerrin; Secretaries, Thomas Coop Campbell, Wm. J. Bell, Claus Puckhaffer; Treasurer, Smith Ely, Jr.; Sergeant-at-Arms, Philip J. McGuire; Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms, Francis J. Shanks. Mr. H. O. Thompson then offered the following resolutions, which were unanimously carried:

Resolved, That in perfecting an organization of the Democratic Party, we do so for the purpose of uniting all Democrats, and offer to receive all men who will vote for the Democratic principles of anti-monopoly, decentralization, honest representation of the people, and economy of government. But at the same time, we are not willing to unite with any men or body of men who, while pretending to support these principles, make the pretense a sham by their acts.

Resolved, That inasmuch as the General Committee of Tammany and Apollo Halls are made up at the dictation of a few politicians, and are not chosen by the people, and embracing in their midst many of the men whose corruptions and frauds brought disgrace upon the Democratic Party, therefore they have no claims upon public confidence or party recognition, and until they shall be properly purified, and the members fairly chosen by the people, we repudiate all connection with them.

Resolved, That we will offer to the Democratic voters of this City, for their suffrages at the next election, candidates of the highest character for ability and integrity, trusting to the honest sentiment of the Democratic masses to secure their election.

In seconding the above resolutions ex-Judge Bursall, made an earnest appeal in favor of breaking up the Tammany principle of a one, two, or three man power dictating the policy and candidates of the whole party, and asserted that unless this was done, and the people themselves selected their candidates, the Democracy would die in New-York as it had died ten years ago in Philadelphia. After various committees on organization and discipline had been appointed, the meeting adjourned.

Trial of the Would-Be Assassins of Gov. Kellogg of Louisiana.

NEW-ORLEANS, June 23.—The case of the State against Melvin M. Cohen and Charles R. Bailey, charged with shooting with intent to kill Wm. Pitt Kellogg, was commenced this morning before Judge Pardee at Carrollton, the venue having been changed from New-Orleans to Jefferson Parish. Attorney General Field, assisted by R. King Cutler and ex-Postmaster Lowell, represent the State, and Messrs. F. J. Semmes, E. J. Ellis, and John H. New appeared for Bailey, and Messrs. Wm. M. Randolph, O. Costellanos, and C. E. Whitney for Cohen. The jury consists of ten negroes and two whites. Gov. Kellogg was present as a witness. The case is progressing to-night. The court-room is crowded, and much interest is manifested.

LOSSES BY FIRE.

Destruction to Life and Property in Various Places—Trotting Horses Burned—Incendiarism Frequent.

The two-story house and out-buildings occupied by B. F. Roberts, half a mile from Saccarappa, Me., were destroyed by fire early yesterday morning. In attempting to escape from the attic, Mrs. Roberts, aged sixty, mother of the occupant, jumped from the window, fractured her skull, and died. Miss Boody, niece of Mr. Roberts, aged sixteen, a teacher, jumped from the same window. She was uninjured by the fall, but lies in a critical situation on account of serious burns. A little son of Mr. Roberts was badly injured by falling down stairs in escaping. The villagers and family claim that the fire was the work of an incendiary. The house had been mortgaged and remortgaged many times, and was just about to vest in the purchaser on an execution issued a year ago. Loss $1,500; insured.

McConnell & Brothers' Canal stables on Lock, near Erie-street, Buffalo, N. Y., were destroyed by fire at 2 o'clock yesterday morning. Out of seventy horses in the stables at the time, belonging to different parties, fifty were consumed. McConnells' loss is $10,000, on which there is an insurance of $3,000. The fire was the work of an incendiary.

A fire at Point Breeze, near League Island, below Philadelphia, yesterday morning, destroyed Turner's stables at the Point Breeze Trotting Park. There were eleven horses burned, out of seventeen in the stables. The trotting horses burned were—Dot, Daisy, Vernon, Lady Girard, Safe, and Brutus. The latter belonged to R. Penistan. The other horses burned were not trotters. The following animals were saved: Nettie, Mattie, Lisle, Canby, Lizzie, and Medium. The total loss on stock, harness and clothing is $50,000. The horses burned were valued at $46,000. Lady Girard was valued at $8,000, Safe at $7,500, Dot at $7,000, Sister to Nellie, Daisy, Vernon, and Brutus at $5,000, the Patchen mare at $2,000, the bay gelding at $1,500, the sorrel horse at $3,500, and the brown colt at $1,000.

The fire in the vicinity of Gilbertson, near Pottsville, Penn., on Sunday night, continued to spread, but left the railway, and went in the mountains, where little damage can be done, the coal-breakers being lower down in the valley.

Peacock's Hotel and stables, at Malton, Ontario, were destroyed by fire on Saturday night, and two men were burned to death.

There were serious fires in the woods of Salisbury, Conn., on Saturday and Sunday. The Millerton Iron Company and the Lime Rock Iron Company were the heaviest losers. The dwelling-house of Joseph Kenyon, of Woodstock, was burned on Saturday night. The loss is $3,500.

The barn of James Fair, at South Natick, Mass., was burned on Saturday; loss, $1,200; insured for $900. The house and barn of Mr. Deal, adjoining, were damaged to the extent of $800; insured for $400.

The house of Ebenezer Bowman, at West Falmouth, Mass., were burned on Saturday evening last. The loss is $2,000; insurance $700.

The insurances on the buildings composing the oil-works of Charles Harkness, on Eggleston-avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio, which were burned on Sunday, are as follows:

National, of Hartford	$1,250
Queen	6,250
Liverpool, London and Globe	2,500
North America	1,250
Franklin, of Pennsylvania	1,250
Pennsylvania	1,250
The stock was insured as follows:	
Home	5,000
National, of Philadelphia	2,500
Miami Valley, of Cincinnati	1,250
Home, of Columbus; American, of Philadelphia; German, of Buffalo; State of Pennsylvania, Merchants' and Manufacturers', German-American, of New-York; North-western, National, Western, of Cincinnati, $2,500 each.	25,000
The machinery was insured as follows:	
Narragansett and Liverpool, London and Globe, $2,500 each	5,000
National, of Hartford; Miami Valley, of Cincinnati; Queen, North American, Franklin, of Pennsylvania, and Pennsylvania, $1,250 each	7,500
Total	$60,000

Some eighty or one hundred barrels of oil have been skimmed from the top of the water at the mouth of the Eggleston-avenue sewer.

Antonio Joan is under arrest at Westborough, Mass., charged with causing the recent fires there. It is proved that he stole a ride on a freight-train from Worcester to Westborough on Monday, the 16th inst., when a large fire took place in the latter place. There are other suspicious circumstances against him. He denies the charge.

The Passaic Fire—Inquest on the Bodies.

Justice James C. Sproull, acting as coroner, began last night the inquest on the bodies of Henry Cotte and Harry Thompson, colored, who were burned to death in the Passaic fire Saturday night. James Bowen testified that he had witnessed a quarrel between Cotte and a stranger who had hired a horse to go to Clifton.

Henry Yereance, proprietor of the livery stable, testified that when this stranger returned from Clifton he was drunk and abusive, and that he and Cotte had a fight, in which the stranger got the worst of it, and when he went away he said he would have revenge. Charles Feitner testified that he had known this man by sight, and believed that he lived in Paterson, and was employed by Pearson, of Jersey City, as a news agent on an Erie Railway train. Nicholas Clark, a colored man, testified that he had made an attempt to get the horses out, but had forgotten all about the men, though he must have passed within four feet of where they lay. Yereance, the proprietor of the stable, stated that he saw the men in bed in the stable at 9:15 P. M. Saturday, and that both were sober. Two windows opened from the stalls in the rear, and were probably left open for air that night. He thought it would have been an easy matter for a person to throw a match in through the window and set the stable on fire.

The remains of the two men consumed in the fire on Saturday night were interred yesterday afternoon, one man at Passaic and the other at Hackensack.

RAILROAD ACCIDENTS.

Collision Between Picnic Trains—Narrow Escape of the Excursionists—A Palace Car Off.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 23.—At a very late hour last night a report gained circulation that a frightful collision had occurred on the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad, about twenty miles from this city. Two picnic parties went out on that road yesterday. One by the Brick-layers' Union, numbering nearly 2,000 men, women, and children, spent the day at Castlewood Station, twenty-four miles from the city. The other picnic, given by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, numbering about 1,000, went a mile this side to Rosewood Grove. Nothing could be learned of the reported disaster, however, until between 12 and 1 o'clock this morning, when the train bearing the Locomotive Engineers' party reached this city, and the following facts were ascertained:

When the party was ready to return home, their train was backed down on the main track, and, while the people were getting aboard, the bricklayers' train came dashing around the curve near by, and, before its speed could be reduced below ten miles per hour, struck the stationary train, smashing two baggage-cars in the rear, badly damaging the rear coach. The shock was very severe, and nearly all the persons on the train were thrown from their seats, and a large number hurt, but, so far as known, no one was killed. Two boys, named Gallagher and Huliget, had each a leg broken; Mrs. Maria Cummings, an arm broken; Mrs. G. Blossing, spine badly hurt and internal injuries; Samuel Kaine, ribs broken. A number of other persons were more or less bruised.

The bricklayers' train arrived at 2:15. The engine of the train is badly damaged, and it is said that two of the coaches rolled down an embankment. The most severely injured persons on this train are Patrick Murphy, who sustained severe fractures of the ribs and legs, and Mrs. Wm. Allen, whose spine and arms are severely injured. It is feared that they cannot recover. A dozen others were more or less severely bruised. The cause of the accident was the neglect of the brakeman to flag the rear train in time to stop it, and the supposition of the engineer of the moving train that the track was clear.

On the arrival of the trains here carriages were furnished to convey the wounded to their homes, and every possible attention was paid to them.

ST. LOUIS, June 23—Evening.—There are no further particulars to note regarding the collision of picnic trains on the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad yesterday. Thirteen persons in all were injured, only two seriously.

RICHMOND, Va., June 23.—The Pullman car of the night express-train to Cincinnati, on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, was thrown from the track last night, soon after leaving Richmond. The car was turned bottom up, and badly wrecked. A number of persons were injured, though none fatally or very seriously. Among the injured are Mr. George Artingstall, of England; Mr. and Mrs. Waller, and Miss Waller, of Chicago. Mrs. Waller had her shoulder-blade broken.

POUGHKEEPSIE.

The Drouth and the Strawberry Crop—Commencement Week at Vassar.

From Our Own Correspondent.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Monday, June 23, 1873.

A slight rain fell last night and did considerable good, but it is believed it has come too late, especially so far as the strawberry crop is concerned. At Marlborough, the largest strawberry-producing town on the Hudson, the crop is nearly one-third short, yet the statistics of shipments are thus far quite interesting. In three days last week the Poughkeepsie and Rondout steamers carried 171,000 baskets of strawberries to New-York, the profits on which for the producer amounted to nearly $7,000. Fully 500 men, women, and children are now engaged in that vicinity picking berries at a cent a basket.

The reports from Ulster County in relation to the mountain fires are of a serious character. It is believed that in the back ranges of the Catskills thousands of cords of wood and hundreds of acres of timber are being consumed. A few nights ago the flames raged with great violence along the line of the New-York, Kingston, and Syracuse Railroad. One passenger-train ran a gauntlet of fire nearly three miles in length. The flames at one time surrounded the village of West Hurley, and the inhabitants were compelled to get out in the night to save the property. Fire is burning for miles along the crests of the Shawangunks, in some places the flames shooting high in air, and roaring like a whirlwind.

Poughkeepsie is fast filling up with visitors to Vassar College Commencement. All the hotels are crowded, and many are turned away. President Raymond delivered the Baccalaureate sermon at Vassar, on Sunday. To-night there is to be a grand musical soirée in the chapel, to-morrow is Class Day, and on Wednesday is Commencement proper. The health of the pupils was never better than now, which may account for the fact that last month, notwithstanding the fact that Vassar owns twenty cows, the milk bill was over $400. And I may add that the butcher's bill was $1,500! Does not that speak well for the physical capacity of the pupils? Already hundreds of trunks have been packed, and hundreds of railway and steam-boat tickets sold, preparatory to the grand exodus of pupils. Five thousand dollars have been paid to the teachers for last month's salaries, and they too are ready to go.

Among the teachers who will take an extended vacation is Prof. Orton. He sails to-day on the Ontario, for Europe. He goes on a scientific expedition to South America. Ascending the river Amazon over 2,500 miles, and crossing the eastern Andes he proposes to explore the almost unknown valley of the Upper Maranon to the sources of the great river. Two students of the School of Mines accompany him as assistants. He has unusual facilities granted him by the Department of State and the various representatives of Brazil, Peru, and Ecuador. He will be absent six months.

GENERAL NOTES.

Rev. Dr. Robbins, of Rochester, has been offered the Presidency of Colby University, Maine.

The bridges at the Coliseum Grounds, which Boston paid $10,000 for, were sold last week at auction for $550.

Dr. A. W. K. Newton, of Boston, has been made very ill by blood-poisoning received in a surgical operation in a case of diseased bone.

Hon. Sidney Breese, the new Chief Justice of Illinois, is seventy-three years of age. He has been known for years throughout the State as "the upright Judge."

Ex-Gov. Vance often puts his wit to a good use. He is now announced to deliver a series of lectures in North Carolina for the benefit of an orphan asylum.

Two old gentlemen met casually in a store in Salem, Mass., a few days ago, who were prisoners together in Dartmoor Prison in 1814-15, and had not before met since that time.

Dr. Francis T. Stribling, Superintendent of the Virginia Western Lunatic Asylum, refuses to accept an increase of his salary, which was recently voted him by the Board of Visitors.

The Galveston *Standard* asserts that the repeal of the State Police law in Texas has given an impetus to crime and lawlessness from which inoffensive and peaceable blacks are the greatest sufferers.

Ex-Gov. J. W. Throckmorton says that he could not accept the office of Governor of Texas, even if it were unanimously tendered him, because his pecuniary condition will not permit the sacrifice.

President Edward Orton, of Antioch College, has been called to the Presidency of the Ohio Agricultural College, the office which ex-Senator Patterson, of New-Hampshire, concluded not to accept.

Mrs. L. M. Wheaton, of New-Bedford, has added to her previous liberal gifts to the Wheaton Female Seminary, at Norton, Mass., $12,000, toward a fund of $50,000 for a new boarding-house for the pupils.

Hon. Jeremiah McGuire was in Ithaca, one afternoon last week, on private business, and, though he seemed to have some leisure time on his hands, he did not offer to assist anybody in investigating anything.

The Indianapolis *Journal* says that when Congress adjourned, Senator Morton notified the Disbursing Officer of the Senate that he would not accept back pay, and directed his salary account to be made up without it.

Rev. A. G. Hughes, a prominent clergyman in Orange County, N. C., gave out his text on Sunday evening of last week, then sank back speechless, and before members of the affrighted congregation could reach him, was dead.

A house in which ten persons were sleeping was forced from its foundations at the foot of a cliff in Montreal a few days ago by the fall of a huge rock, and was pushed out into the middle of the road without any injury to the inmates.

Rev. A. K. Moulton, fifty years old, while returning to his home in Linndale, Ohio, from a village festival, late on Thursday evening last, fell from a railroad bridge crossing a deep ravine, and was killed by falling upon the rocks, forty feet below.

A correspondent of the Boston *Transcript*, who renews the cry that our country needs a distinctive name, suggests that Westland might, perhaps, be as good a one as England is for our mother land. Our people, he says, might then be called Westlanders, or, better still, Westerans.

Mississippi papers record the death in that State, on the 27th of May last, of John Owens, at the age of 114 years, 8 months, and 6 days. He was a remarkable man; for although he admitted that he used whisky occasionally, and that he had smoked and chewed for 108 years, he never claimed that he had seen Washington.

WASHINGTON.

Negotiations with the Sioux—The President Regards Profane Language as Unnecessary—Indian Ethnology.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—Felix R. Brunot, Esq., of the Sioux Commission, which was sent out to effect several radical modifications of the treaty of 1868, including the relinquishment of the right to hunt on the north fork of the Republican River, telegraphs from Fort Laramie, under date of June 21, thus: "Held a council with Sioux yesterday and to-day, resulting successfully in regard to change of agency and the continuance of peace. We will reach Cheyenne Tuesday, 24th." Commissioner Alvord telegraphs from Sidney, Nebraska, to-day, that the agency will be changed to White River. It is understood that the negotiations are still in progress.

PERSONAL.

Judge Bingham, of Ohio, Minister to Japan, has not yet concluded his business at the State Department, preparatory to assuming the duties of his mission, and does not expect to sail until the latter part of August. Mr. H. T. Crosby, the Chief Clerk of the War Department, sails for Europe on Wednesday next, to be absent two months.

THE PRESIDENT NEVER USES PROFANE LANGUAGE.

The *Evening Star* has the following: "On Friday afternoon, before leaving for Long Branch, the President took a stroll along H-street, and dropped in to see a friend, who is a well-known citizen of Washington. During his stay the daughter of the gentleman referred to remarked that she had heard a pleasant thing about him. The President inquired to what she referred. 'I have been told by an officer who served with you in the army,' said she, 'that he had been with you under many trying circumstances and that in no single instance, no matter what the provocation, had he ever known you to make use of profane language. I was delighted to hear this, especially in view of the fact that profanity is said to be the rule and not the exception among army officers. Will you excuse me, Mr. President, if I inquire if what I heard is true?' 'It is, I believe,' modestly replied the President. 'I have always regarded profane language is unnecessary, to say the least, and as I am a man of few words, I have never been able to understand the necessity for useless expressions of the character referred to.' "

INDIAN REPORTS.

It is a singular fact that the Government does not possess a complete set of the reports of the Commissioners of Indian Affairs, nor a complete set of the great work of Schoolcraft, toward which the Government contributed a large sum. This has been disclosed by an examination of the records made by Dr. J. W. Foster, a special agent appointed by the Secretary of the Interior to collect and collate all the information possible concerning the Indian tribes for the use of the Government. Congress refused last Winter to establish a Bureau of Indian Ethnology, but what work in that direction that can be done under authority of existing law is being prosecuted, and the results will probably be exhibited to Congress.

Dispatch to the Associated Press.

THE FROLIC AGROUND.

The United States steamer Frolic, which brought the officers and crew of the Polaris to Washington, while on her return to New-York, ran aground off Mathias' Point, in the Potomac River. The efforts of the tugs to relieve her having been unsuccessful, a well-known wrecker from Norfolk has been employed to float the vessel, and for that purpose she has been unloaded of coal and provisions.

THE CONTRACT FOR THE SLOOPS-OF-WAR.

The Navy Department has issued proposals for the construction, including all the materials except the live-oak timber of the hull, of a steam sloop-of-war complete for sea service. The cost of construction of the eight sloops of war authorized by act of Congress is not to exceed $3,200,000.

THE MONTANA WAR CLAIMS.

There are no new developments of consequence in the recent Motana war claims case. It appears, however, that on the 12th inst., Mr. Curtis, the Acting Second Controller, gave a decision in favor of Mr. M. K. Insley, associated with Black, on the ground that the law requires the sums found to be due shall be paid to the parties directly entitled to them. This decision occasioned dissatisfaction on the part of those holding vouchers in trust for services claimed to have been rendered, and owing to other circumstances was followed by accusations affecting the integrity of Mr. Butterfield, the clerk in charge of the Montana war claims. The accusations against Mr. Butterfield remain to be substantiated. All the awards have been paid, with the exception of those amounting to between $40,000 and $50,000.

PAYMENT OF INTEREST WITHOUT REBATE.

The Assistant Treasurer at New-York has been directed to pay the coupon interest on the 25th inst., and the registered interest on the 28th, without rebate.

Verdict of the Coroner's Jury in the Gordon Murders in Maine.

BELFAST, Me., June 23.—The Coroner's jury in the Thorndike tragedy completed the inquest this afternoon. They find that the father and mother came to their death in consequence of blows inflicted upon their heads and faces with an ax, fracturing their skulls; that the infant was either killed in a like manner or died from inhaling smoke, heat, and fire after the blows were given; that the murders were committed between 12 and 3 o'clock at night; that fire was kindled in many places in and upon the bed and crib in which the little boy was sleeping, and that the door leading to the room was closed. The jurors further say that the blows were inflicted by John True Gordon, with malice aforethought, and that the fire was kindled and the door shut by him for the purpose of causing the bodies of his victims to be consumed and destroyed.

A new motive for the murder—that of revenge—was disclosed by the evidence of a young lady who resides in the vicinity, and to whom Gordon had been paying attention. She had recently received anonymous letters traducing his character, the authorship of which he (Gordon) imputed to his sister-in-law. A few days before the murders were committed he threatened to be "even with her," so expressed, or in words to that effect. It was also proved that on Saturday evening, previous to the murders he remarked to his cousin, a young man, "I know one thing; Almon's life or mine is d——d short in this world."

The prisoner heard the result of the inquest without emotion. His examination is expected to take place before a police justice on Wednesday.

The Mordecai-McCarty Duel—The Seconds Bailed.

RICHMOND, Va., June 23.—The seconds in the Mordecai and McCarty duel made a successful effort to get bail to-day. They were taken on a writ of habeas corpus before Judge Lacy, of New-Kent County, below Richmond, who, after hearing the argument of counsel, admitted them to bail in $5,000 each, to appear before the Grand Jury on the 7th July.

Arrest of a Supposed Forger—Forgeries on a Troy Firm.

TAUNTON, Mass., June 23.—J. B. Henderson, alias H. Fay, who attempted to pass a forged check on the Bristol County National Bank on Saturday, was arraigned this morning in the Municipal Court, and put under $10,000 bonds for his appearance at the Superior Court. He had in his possession $7,000 in New-Jersey Central Railroad bonds, probably stolen, and a complete disguise of rough clothes. A check for $5,000, also found on his person, was perfect. The accused is perfectly cool, and claims that he is a victim of mistaken identity. His confederate escaped.

TROY, N. Y., June 23.—A series of forgeries having been perpetrated on the firm of Sheldon & Green, stove-dealers in this city, they warn bankers and others against accepting drafts on the firm, and advise the immediate arrest of persons offering such paper.

THE INDIANS.

Conviction of a White Man for Murdering a Squaw—The Comanche Women Released.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—The Indian Agent for the Nez Perces, in Idaho Territory, reports to the Commissioner that the crops on the reservation are looking finely. During the first part of May the Oregon Presbytery held a regular meeting at Lapwai, which was attended by many Indians. During the week, the latter held religious services, and after the adjournment of the Presbytery returned to their homes well satisfied with what they had seen and heard. The agent further reports that Pickett, who killed an Indian woman last September, has been convicted and sentenced to be hanged at Bois City on the 25th July. He remarks that this is the first instance where a white man has been brought to justice for the murder of an Indian in this Territory. The Nez Perces are remarkably quiet, notwithstanding former reports of their hostile intentions.

A copy of a letter written by Indian Agent Haworth to Indian Superintendent Hoag at Lawrence, Kansas, has been received at the Interior Department. The letter is dated Kiowa and Comanche Agency, Indian Territory, 12th June, and states that on the day previous a train came in from Texas, bringing the Comanche women and children who had been held as prisoners of war from Fort Concho. Agent Haworth says he at once sent word to the Comanche camps, and a large number of Indians came in to welcome their friends. A council with the principal Comanches followed, in which the latter expressed their gratification at the release of their kindred, and gave renewed assurances of future good behavior. Agent Haworth again suggests that the Government should keep its faith by releasing Satanta and Big Tree. He says the Kiowas will have a medicine dance soon, and that as peace or war is frequently decided on such occasions, good policy would dictate the release of the Kiowa chiefs.

BY MAIL AND TELEGRAPH.

A new journal, *La Correspondencia*, commenced publication in Havana, Cuba, yesterday.

The 124th anniversary of the settlement of Halifax, N. S., was celebrated, yesterday, with more than the usual enthusiasm.

The United States war ships Nipsic and Shawmut left Key West, Fla., yesterday afternoon for Hampton Roads.

Richard Duncan, of Perry, Me., was drowned, on Sunday, while going in a sail-boat from Robbinston to St. Andrew's.

The Atlanta *Sun* has been merged into the Atlanta *Constitution*, and Hon. A. H. Stephens, becomes corresponding editor of the *Constitution*.

The Maryland editors spent yesterday in visiting friends and various places of note in and around St. Louis, and left for Chicago last evening.

The regular annual meeting of the Western Associated Press will be held at Put-in Bay, off Sandusky, Ohio, on Wednesday of the present week.

The reorganization of the Boston Fire Department will be the subject of an investigation before a joint special committee of the City Council to-day.

The farmers in the eastern section of Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania, are much discouraged in consequence of the great drouth and the prospect of poor crops.

Jerry Toomey was buried alive, in South Bridgewater, Mass., on Friday, while digging a well, the sides of which suddenly caved in. All efforts to save him were unavailing.

An extension of the mail service is ordered on the Houston and Great Northern Railroad from Tyler to Mineola, Texas, twenty-five miles, the pay to be increased to $1,250.

Hon. Edward S. Mosely, State Treasurer of Connecticut in 1867 and 1868, died at his residence, in Hampton, Conn., on Sunday, at the age of sixty years.

Edward Synen, about eleven years of age, while bathing last evening at the City of Kingston, N. Y., got beyond his depth, and being unable to swim, was drowned.

Edith Young, a girl fourteen years old, daughter of John A. Nichols, of Newark, N. J., while visiting Paltz Point, yesterday afternoon, fell into Lake Mohunk, and was drowned.

Alarmed by the fire on Saturday night, the Passaic, N. J., Council to-night voted to buy a steam fire-engine, hose-carriage, and a large quantity of hose. They have also ordered the establishment of a fire patrol.

Hon. John A. Peters, M. C., of Maine, returned his back salary on the 24th of April, and holds the receipt of the Secretary of the Treasury, dated April 26. Mr. Peters was the first of the Maine delegation to return the money.

A cage fell in the Eureka Company's mine in Nevada, yesterday, a distance of 200 feet with two occupants, one of whom was killed, while the other sustained fractures of both legs and one arm, which proved fatal.

The balances in the United States Treasury yesterday were: Currency, $8,725,231; special deposits of legal tenders for the redemption of certificates of deposit, $32,420,000; coin, $76,933,430, including $36,054,000 in coin certificates. Outstanding legal tenders, $356,000,000.

The body of Martin Gerrish, of Springvale, Me., was found in the Mousam River, in that village, on Saturday. Foul play is suspected, as his skull was broken and his head otherwise injured. He was a shoe-maker, forty years of age, and leaves a wife and family.

Under the auspices of Gerrit Smith there were, on Saturday and Sunday, meetings at Peterboro' of the friends of Cuba. Among the speakers were Gen. Thomas Jordan, Señor Aldama, and three other Cubans. The Madison County Cuban Aid Association was organized.

The fourth game of the championship series between the Philadelphia and Baltimore clubs was played in Baltimore yesterday. The following is the score:

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.
Philadelphia...	4	2	3	0	0	2	0	2	0—13
Baltimore.....	0	3	3	0	2	0	0	0	0—8

Cholera.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—Dr. Bliss, the executive officer of the Board of Health, states that there have been only three cases of cholera in this city this season, and that they were sporadic. There is as yet no ground whatever for apprehension of epidemic cholera here.

WHEELING, West Va., June 23.—There was one case of cholera here yesterday, and four mild cases to-day. None of them have been fatal.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., June 23.—There were thirty-seven deaths from cholera to-day against fifty-five yesterday. Of the deaths twenty-nine were of colored persons. The weather to-day is considered favorable for dispelling the disease.

MEMPHIS, June 23.—There were eight interments from cholera to-day. The weather was hot and dry. The disease is rapidly abating.

CINCINNATI, June 23.—Five deaths from cholera were reported at the Health Office to-day. Advices from Portsmouth, Ohio, state that this morning, on the steamer Potomac, a negro deck-hand died of cholera.

The Philadelphia Children Case.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., June 23.—The excitement in regard to the Rosehill tragedy is gradually diminishing. The little girl Maggie Mulvey has improved so rapidly that this afternoon she was playing in the room in which she is kept. There are no new developments in the case. Everything now points to the belief that the children were accidentally locked in the closet.

Philadelphia Yacht Club Regatta—Half the Squadron Capsized.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., June 23.—The regatta of the Philadelphia Yacht Club came off to-day. A heavy wind prevailed, making it dangerous for the boats, and many were swamped. Of the twelve yachts in the first class starting, only six rounded the buoy off Delanco, and of the second class, nineteen starting, only three rounded. Aldager (first class) took the lead and held it, but, unfortunately, when opposite Tacony she capsized. The yachts closely following in line also capsized, and the Geo. Hoff (Capt. Smith) succeeded in rounding the buoy first, closely followed by the Lizzie M. Ardis. On the homestretch the Geo. Hoff maintained the head and won the race. The Enchantress was the winning yacht of the second class. The prizes consisted of handsome silver goblets. Fortunately no serious accident followed the upsetting of the boats.

THE TICHBORNE TRIAL.

Latest Proceedings—Scenes in the Court Room—A Summary of the Evidence.

From Our Own Correspondent.

LONDON, Tuesday, June 10, 1873.

The thirty-first day of this remarkable trial opened this morning, not in the ordinary regular routine, but with an extra proceeding for bringing up for contempt of court the publisher of the Leeds *Evening Express*, which journal had first given publicity to an ostensibly private letter by Mr. Guildford Onslow, but imputing perjury to witnesses for the prosecution. Her Majesty's Attorney General, who has never appeared in the present trial, was now in his place at the bar, and on the suggestion of Lord Chief Justice Cockburn, he undertook to proceed at once not only against the publisher of the newspaper, but also against the printers and distributors of various fly-sheets reflecting injuriously on the defendant, which are sold in the streets. It was remarked from the Bench that defendant must, for the present, be regarded as an innocent person, and entitled to the protection of the court. To-morrow morning, therefore, or a day or two later, the publishers must appear in court to receive judgment, and from the gravity which the judges obviously attach to the offenses, there is very little hope of the perpetrators escaping lightly.

COURT-ROOM SCENES.

During yesterday and to-day, when evidence has been given by members and friends of the Tichborne family, there has been a larger attendance than on any other day of the trial of those most immediately interested in the prosecution. Ladies dressed in the newest fashions have thronged the galleries, while the body of the court has been crowded by members of the Bar and by the general public. Continuing the evidence on the tattoo marks which are alleged to have been on Roger Tichborne's left arm, and which are not on the claimant's, Mr. Hawkins yesterday called an elderly gentleman, Mr. Gerald Fitzgerald by name, who used often to meet Roger at the residence of his grandfather, Mr. Seymour, at Knoyle Park, and who remembered the latter turning up his shirt-sleeve and showing him the marks. It was ridiculous, said Mr. Fitzgerald, to suppose that the defendant was the Roger Tichborne whom he knew. Mr. Alfred Seymour, Member of Parliament for Shrewsbury, and one of the Tichborne family, was next called. Mr. Seymour, who is a middle-aged, dark-looking man, stated that the late Lady Tichborne, the mother of Roger, was the natural daughter of his father, born in Paris in 1808. Roger, whom he knew well in early life, was darker-looking than himself, and must obviously have been much darker than the claimant. Roger never spoke of him or his brother as uncle, or of Mr. Seymour as grandfather, as the claimant had said. The claimant, he said, with a slight and half pitiful smile, was not Roger Tichborne.

A long cross-examination by Dr. Kenealy, claimant's counsel, followed, chiefly endeavoring to show that witness had expressed himself with some warmth against the defendant at Lady Tichborne's funeral, and on other occasions, all of which witness denied.

Medical evidence was called to show that Don Thomas Castro, who was brought over from Mehpilla, in Chili, to prove defendant to be Arthur Orton, is insane and unfit to appear in court. Nor is the faintest hope held out that he will ever be able to appear in the box. Oral evidence as to Arthur Orton in Chili must, therefore, rest with that of the Senora Hayley.

FURTHER EVIDENCE.

After the proceedings this morning for contempt of court, which occupied a few minutes only, Mr. Greenwood, another old and intimate friend of the Tichbornes, was called to give evidence. He knew Roger in 1847, when he weighed only 8 stone 12 pounds, and he formed the opinion that defendant was not he the first time he saw him. Miss Doughty, now Lady Radcliffe, used to take lessons in riding from him, especially on a favorite mare called Rowena, but he could not say that Roger was in the habit of riding out with her. Mr. Greenwood went fully into his interviews with the defendant, and the questions he put to him with reference to the cairn of stones that Roger and he once erected to mark the grave of a favorite horse, and about various other familiar things. The answers he received showed no more knowledge of these matters than might have been derived from common talk in the neighborhood. He could not say what was the name of the mare Miss Doughty used to ride, though in witness' opinion Roger would have remembered the name of "Rowena" as well as that of Miss Doughty herself. Col. Lushington, who was present when these questions were put, said, however, the claimant's answers would convince any jury in the world he was the man, though he supposed Mr. Greenwood would not be convinced even if he saw marks on defendant's arm showing he had been vaccinated in the French way, as Roger Tichborne had. Mr. Greenwood said he might have been vaccinated abroad, but he would be prepared to swear that to the best of his belief he was not Roger Tichborne, "and," he added in reply to Sergt. Parry. "I say that now." In cross-examination witness said defendant did give the names correctly of two inns where Roger Tichborne once stayed, and gave a tolerably accurate description of them. Defendant also asked him if he remembered his (defendant's) dining at Brookwood with a cavalry officer, who afterward became a Catholic priest. Now he did remember an officer who became a priest, but that gentleman never dined at his house. Defendant further asked him if he ever took Roger to see some Roman pavement in the neighborhood. There was some Roman pavement, but he did not remember ever taking Roger Tichborne to see it. While he and Roger were working at the cairn Roger no doubt took off his coat, but in reply to repeated questions by counsel, he could not say that he ever saw his arm bare. Capt. Manders, who was in the Carabineers with Roger Tichborne, in Ireland, in 1849, remembered one day going into his room while he was brushing his hair and distinctly seeing tattoo marks on his arm. He was quite certain defendant was not Roger Charles Tichborne. Mrs. Manders, who was next put in the box, was of the same opinion. So, too, was Capt. Frazer, to whom years and years ago Roger Tichborne gave a snuff-box. If he had been Roger Tichborne Capt. Frazer said he must have known more of regimental life than defendant did. Roger, he remembered, was called by various nicknames, such as Frenchy and Tish, but he was never known by a name which Dr. Kenealy, presumably to save the delicacy of ladies present, handed up to witness in writing, though Roger did once say that he had been called by that name. He was particularly averse to the presence of any improper women. He was very truthful, and quite a gentleman. Capt. Villiers Morton, who was intimately acquainted with him while he was in the Carabineers, gave a similar description to that given by other witnesses, and spoke strongly of the marked French accent which Roger had. Defendant was certainly not he. Various details were entered into by all these witnesses on points which they presumed must have been known to Roger Tichborne, and which were either not known to, or were misrepresented by, the defendant. Capt. Morton concluded the evidence of the day.

NEWSPAPER CLAIMS.

Action of the Council of Political Reform in Regard to the Fraudulent Claims Against the City.

At a recent meeting of the New-York City Council of Political Reform, the Committee on Legislation made a report upon the bill passed by the Legislature, known as the newspaper bill, being an act to provide for the adjustment of certain newspaper claims against the City and County of New-York. The Committee on Legislation report, that it appears, by the report made to the Senate by the Controller of the City of New-York, that the late Tammany Ring kept in their employ in the City of New-York fifty-four weekly papers and twenty-six daily papers, making eighty in all. It was by the aid of these papers that the Tammany Ring was able so long to keep itself in power, and to plunder the City to the extent of more than $30,000,000. The system adopted by the Ring to command the influence of these papers was to furnish the papers with City or County advertising, and to do this in a way that was illegal, and that gave the newspapers no legal claim whatever against the City or County. The papers, knowing that they had no legal claim for such advertising, were entirely at the mercy of the Tammany Ring for their pay; if they gave daily and weekly vigorous support to the Tammany rulers, their bills would be allowed, however exorbitant; if they opposed the Tammany plunderers, they could recover nothing. After the Ring went out of power, and the present Controller was put in charge of the finances of the City, this illegal advertising ceased, and immediately twenty-seven of the eighty newspapers ceased to exist, their only support having been the pabulum that they obtained from the public treasury, when this was cut off death ensued. Their bills then came before the Controller for audit and payment, and such as were legal obligations against the City and County were allowed and paid.

Many of the parties whose claims were rejected appealed to the courts to compel the allowance of their claims. The courts rejected them. In 1872 these newspaper claimants appealed to the Legislature on the ground that there was something equitably due them, although, perhaps, they might have no legal claim, and they asked for a board of special audit with equity powers to pass upon their claims. Such a board, withsuch powers, was granted them by chap. 9, laws of 1872, as amended by chap. 375 of the laws of 1872. They went before this Board of Special Audit with equity powers, and after a very laborious and searching investigation nearly all the claims were acted upon, the amounts allowed were accepted by the claimants, and, with four or five exceptions, they executed releases under seal of all claims whatever against the City or the County, which releases were deposited with the Controller, and the warrants for the awards accepted. Four or five of the claimants, instead of executing releases, gave receipts in full and accepted the award. Immediately the Legislature of 1873 met, the claimants deserted their Board of Special Audit, and appealed to the Legislature to pass a new bill appointing a new board of special audit to rehear all the claims. They prepared a bill, which practically amounted to a peremptory order, enforceable by mandamus upon the Treasurer of the City and County of New-York to pay over to these newspaper claimants $1,600,000 for claims that are so illegal that not one of them could be enforced in the courts. A large lobby was maintained at Albany all Winter to work through this bill, and after undergoing a great many changes it was at last passed in a shape very different from its first appearance, but yet in a shape exceedingly objectionable to the tax-payers and friends of honest government in the City. The following are some of the objections to this bill as passed:

First—These newspaper claims, illegal at best, have already had the advantage of three audits: 1st, That of the regular auditors in the Controller's Department; 2d, An appeal to the courts; 3d, The audit of the Special Board of Audit, granted them by the Legislature of last year. This is one more chance at the City and County Treasury than claimants in general have.

Second—It was a fraud upon the Legislature of 1873, for the few of the claimants that have not had their claims passed upon by the Board of Special Audit of last year to desert that Board before the decisions in their cases were rendered, and appeal to another Legislature for a second Board of Audit.

Third—Section 1 of the bill as passed contains this proviso: "Provided that the said work was directed to be performed by some board, power, committee, or officer of the said City or County Government, and the order thereof was within the reasonable exercise of the powers of such Government." This gives the whole power of the City Government, and of the County Government in the matter of ordering advertising to any board, any power, any committee, or any officer of the said City or County Government. There are several hundred such boards, powers, committees, or officers, and by this first section any single one of these several hundred parties is vested with the whole power of the City Government for the purpose of ordering advertising. If instead of the word "Government" the word officer, committee, power, or board in that proviso had been used, so that it would read, "within the reasonable exercise of the powers of such officer, committee, power, or board," there would be some limit to the swindles that the Board of Audit would be obliged to allow under this act. But under this clause as it now stands these claimants would produce proof from the indicted Tammany Ring officers that they, individually, orally, authorized advertising to the extent of hundreds of thousands of dollars, and these claimants would undoubtedly all swear that they did the advertising in good faith, and that they had reasonable cause to believe, and did believe, that the work was actually authorized to be done by some proper authority. If their swearing in the future is to be measured by their swearing in the past, some of them are not unwilling to swear to anything that they think will enable them to obtain from the City Treasury the large sums which they claim. While the bill was pending in the Legislature, claimants were repeatedly asked to allow this word "government" to be stricken out, and the words "officer, committee, power, or board," substituted, but they declined on the ground that such a substitution might defeat their whole claim.

Fourth—The claims in dispute all terminated previous to Jan. 1, 1872, yet, in order to give an opportunity to work in an unlimited number of claims at present wholly unknown to the City or County authorities, section 3 provides that claims for work done prior to the 1st day of May, 1873, may be brought in. Such of these very same newspapers as are not dead may, without any legal authority whatever, having been publishing and advertising for the City and County from Jan. 1, 1872, to May 1, 1873, and though they have never presented any claim to the Controller for such pretended services, yet they could present them to this new board if the bill becomes a law. So far as the City Government and the tax-payers have been able to learn, every just or equitable claim against the City or County of New-York that is presented since Jan. 1, 1872, can and will be adjusted and paid in the regular course by presenting it for audit to the Controller.

Fifth—Section 3 of this bill revives and continues the Board of Special Audit established by the act of 1872, so as to enable said board to sit upon all of the newspaper claims that have arisen from Jan. 1, 1872, down to May 1, 1873, and then it authorizes an appeal in all of the cases that have been and shall be heard by that first Board of Special Audit, to this second Board of Special Audit, to be established by this bill, thus saddling the City and County with the expenses of two boards of special audit, with all of the clerks and paraphernalia and counsellors. It puts this City to this expense to enable a set of doubtful claims, none of which ought ever to have existed, to be recovered from the public treasury.

Sixth—Section 1 of said bill provides that said commissioners shall not audit, or allow any claim at a greater rate or amount than that charged to the general public for similar advertising. Now, as a matter of fact, a large number of these papers had, practically, no business whatever, except this pretended public business.

They had a nominal rate for advertising about five times as high as the regular respectable papers, like THE TIMES and *Tribune* for instance, charge for advertising, and they claim this enormous price from the City for the illegal work. Section 1 of this bill seems to indicate to the commissioners that they should allow these enormous rates. A single paper, almost wholly unknown to the public, although it had three names and claimed to be issued as three papers, claims from the City and County Treasury $368,000, for pretended advertising, and if this bill receives the signature of the Governor, this paper expects to obtain from the public treasury this $368,000.

Seventh—The bill, at best, is a device to enable certain portions of the Press that were willing to oppress the public, and do the illegal work of the Tammany Ring, to get three or four times as much money for such services as the respectable members of the newspaper fraternity charge for doing the necessary and proper work of the City and County Government.

Eighth—The bills already presented for Tammany Ring advertising, for the last five years of the rule of the Ring, amount to more than $5,000,000. Already the City and County have paid to these papers over $3,500,000 for said five years, and for the year 1871, there has already been paid over $1,076,000 dollars for City and County advertising, being about seven times the amount now paid by the Reform Government. If the United States Government advertised at the same rate that the Tammany Ring City Government did, its advertising bills would average more than $40,000,000 per year.

Public policy, and justice to the oppressed tax-payers of the City of New-York, would seem to require that this bill should not receive the signature of the Governor, and that these eighty newspapers, reputable and disreputable, should rest contented with the three chances they have already had at the City and Country Treasury, and be satisfied with the $3,500,000 that they have already drawn from the tax-payers for five years of City, or perhaps we should say Tammany, advertising.

After the reading of the report, the following resolution was unanimously passed by the Executive Committee:

Resolved, That the Governor be most earnestly urged to withhold his signature from the "Newspaper bill."

J. B. VARNUM, Chairman pro tem.
H. N. BEERS, Secretary.

THE SUPERVISORS.

Bills Audited and Ordered Paid—The Meeting Yesterday.

The Board of Supervisors held a meeting yesterday afternoon, Alderman Vance presiding, and present also Aldermen Billings, Cooper, Falconer, Flanagan, Koch, McCafferty, Monheimer, Lysaght, Morris, Ottendorfer, and Riley.

Alderman Billings presented a petition from the Judges of the Supreme Court, requesting that two rooms in the New County Court-house, now used by the Supreme Court, which it was proposed to take for the Bureau of Assessments, be retained for the use of the court, as they were absolutely necessary for that purpose. The petition was signed by Justices Ingraham, Brady, Fancher, Barrett, and Davis. The matter was referred to the Committee on County Offices.

A request was received from the Recorder asking for the partial furnishing of his office; from the Court of Common Pleas asking for renovations and improvements, &c., and from the Court of Special Sessions asking for blanks, &c., all of which were referred to the appropriate committees.

On motion of Alderman Koch, it was resolved to take down the ancient scaffolding in front of the New Court-house.

A resolution, offered by Mr. Monheimer, to make the appointment of the Commissioners of Armories and Drill-rooms, under the new law, the special order for the next meeting of the board, was adopted.

A resolution, by Mr. Cooper, to furnish seventeen City Directories for the members of the board was lost, Mr. Morris and others protesting that they did not want the City to buy their directories, being in the habit of purchasing them from their own pockets.

Mr. Cooper introduced a resolution to allow the Controller to use temporarily, for the Bureau of Assessments, the two rooms now used by the Supreme Court, and in relation to which the earnest petition of the Judges above referred to was presented. The resolution caused much debate, several of the Supervisors opposing it on the ground that the rooms are needed by this court. A motion to lay the matter on the table was lost, and a motion to refer the question to the Committee on the County Court-house was adopted, by a vote of 6 to 5. A long resolution confirming Joseph C. Pinckney as Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, was referred to the Committee on County Offices, by a vote of 6 to 5.

A resolution offered by Mr. Ottendorfer, requesting the Mayor to have the proceedings of the Supervisors published in the *City Record*, was lost.

The Committee on Printing, to whom was referred the bills of M. B. Brown for $68 for printing the calendars of the Marine Court, presented both a majority and a minority report, the former in favor of rejecting the bills and the latter to pay them. On a motion to substitute the minority for the majority report, the former was received and laid over under the rule.

A number of bills were presented, among which were the Coroners' bills for the last quarter of the past year, for the following amounts, and which were ordered to be paid: Coroner Schirmer, $3,100; Coroner Keenan, $3,080; Coroner Young, $5,500; Coroner Herrman, $3,340. The Deputy Corners' bills for the same quarter were also ordered to be paid, as follows: Dr. Marsh, $1,427; Dr. Cushman, $1,263; Dr. Beach, $1,187. The Deputy Coroners' bills for the first quarter of 1873 were: Beach, $1,114; Cushman, $989; Marsh, $918; Leo, $896. The Coroners' bills for this quarter were: Coroner Kessler, $3,880; Coroner Herrman, $3,560; Coroner Young, $3,600; Coroner Keenan, $4,300. A number of other bills of minor importance were also ordered to be paid by the Controller. The bill of M. B. Brown for printing minutes for the board, amounting to $1,815 40, was favorably received, having been properly incurred, but in excess of the charges now allowed.

The bill of M. B. Brown of $698, for indexing and binding the proceedings of the board for last year, was ordered to be paid, it being claimed that the work had been done in good faith by him, although not legally ordered by the board.

The board then adjourned to meet at 2:30 on Thursday.

BROOKLYN COMMON COUNCIL.

The Truant Home Contracts—Fourth of July Celebration.

The Brooklyn Common Council met yesterday afternoon and transacted a considerable amount of routine business. The session was devoid of special interest, however, as the bridge, which has been a standing order for several weeks, was not introduced, and consequently the members got through their work without any of the personalities seemingly inseparable from recent sessions.

The Board of City Works sent in a lengthy report as to the manner in which the work is being done on the Truant Home. Some time since the Aldermen passed a resolution calling on the Board of City Works to make this investigation, and in summing up the result the contractors are generally condemned. The plumbing work is of the worst description, and does not conform to the specifications. An instance of this is the boiler in the basement, which is a 100-gallon iron vessel, instead of being of copper and holding 150 gallons, as specified. The sink, pipes, and connections are of inferior quality. The embellishment called for in the specifications seems to have been wholly disregarded by the contractors. Common iron hooks are substituted for iron bars on the windows, and the porcelain knobs are left off entirely. The rear balusters are not fluted as specified. The doors are one-half inch less in thickness than specified; wrought-iron bolts are not used, and while the specifications called for seven double folding doors within the building, only two are in accordance with the contract.

The wainscoting is several inches lower than specified and very rough. The wash-rooms are badly constructed, and the water-closets are seven less than called for, and pine has been generally substituted for black-walnut. There is only one bath, which is supplied through a half-inch pipe, and the waste-pipe is 1¼ inch instead of two inches. The difference in cost between the plumbing material used and that required by the specifications is $855, or nearly one-third of the whole amount of the plumbing contract. There was spent on the Truant Home in 1871 and 1872 the sum of $5,500. No new work can be found for this expenditure except a roof on the kitchen of the old building. According to the report, the City had been plundered in all the contracts. The report was ordered printed, and will be acted on at the next meeting.

The special committee to whom was referred the resolution forbidding the use of the "T" rail by the South-side Railroad in the streets of Williamsburg, reported adversely to the resolution. Aldermen Taylor and Kiefer presented a minority report, supported by a petition of tax-payers, and both reports were laid over for one week. On motion of Aldermen Ropes an appropriation was made for the establishment of dog pounds in the Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Eighteenth, and Twenty-first Wards.

The Select Committee on the Fourth of July celebration reported in favor of awarding the contract for fire-works to a Mr. Hatfield, whose bid was $2,000 over that of Mr. Archibald White, agent for Edge & Co., of New-Jersey; the ground of distinction being that Mr. Hatfield was a Brooklynite. By a vote of 13 to 8, however, the recommendation of the committee was rejected, and the contract awarded to the lowest bidder. Fire-works will be furnished for displays on Sixth-avenue, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, South Brooklyn; at Fort Greene, or Washington Park, and at Union-avenue and North Seventh-street, Williamsburg.

The Mayor's nomination of Mr. William Furey, as member of the Board of Education, was confirmed. The Board of City works were directed to place all necessary fire hydrants in the Seventh Ward, the location to be fixed by the Fire Commissioners. The latter were also directed to report the number of hydrants necessary for the proper protection of the city from fire. The Corporation Counsel was directed to notify the Dekalb-avenue Railroad Company to remove their abandoned rails on Bridge-street, between Water-street and the river.

After the transaction of some unimportant matters, the board adjourned.

The East River Bridge—Delinquent Stockholders to be Prosecuted.

The Executive Committee of the East River Bridge Company held a meeting at their offices, in Water-street, Brooklyn, yesterday, Mr. Stranahan presiding. The following resolution, which conveys its own meaning, was offered and adopted:

Resolved, That the counsel of the board be directed to take the necessary legal proceedings in the matter of collecting all unpaid instalments, in accordance with a resolution of the board passed at its meeting held on June 12.

The delinquent stockholders include Messrs. Tweed, Sweeny, and Connolly, of New-York, against whom legal proceedings will at once be instituted, as indicated in the above resolution. Installments are also due from Messrs. McClean, Slocum, Husted, and other owners of comparatively small amounts of stock, but they are absent from the City and will probably pay up on their return, or on being communicated with. No legal proceedings will be taken against them until some opportunity for paying is afforded.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

School Teachers.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The undersigned Principals of primary departments of the public schools of New-York City, hereby take the liberty of thanking you for the many kind words already said in our behalf, and also beg leave to submit a few facts, and our claims based thereon, for the kind consideration of the friends of popular education.

We believe that to the pupil no period of school instruction is more important than that spent in the primary school; that the work of primary teaching requires peculiar fitness, thorough preparation, natural skill, and great tact; that the labor of instruction under equally favorable circumstances exhausts as much nerve power and vital force, and makes as large drain upon the intellectual resources, as that of teaching in any grade of the grammar school.

Entertaining these views, we believe it to be only simple justice that the duties required of, and the compensation paid to, teachers in the primary and female grammar departments should be made equal.

It is well known that about twice as many children are daily taught in the primary schools and departments as in all the grammar departments, and yet the number of teachers allowed to be employed for the care of all the primary pupils is less than one-fifth more than for all the grammar school pupils.

Besides, in the grammar schools, one teacher may be employed for each thirty-five pupils, and these are pupils that have acquired some habits of study; while in the primary schools, an average attendance of fifty pupils is required for each teacher, and these pupils are chiefly young children that must be taught how to learn, and even how to give attention. And the labor of the primary teacher is rendered more arduous by the fact, in order to secure the required average attendance of fifty pupils for each teacher employed in these schools, it is often necessary, with the classes of the lower grades, to place from sixty to seventy-five children under the care of a single teacher.

No person will claim that any teacher can properly instruct so large a number of young children.

We feel that these burdens ought to be removed from our shoulders, and such provisions made that the children in our primary schools shall receive equal care and facilities for obtaining an education, with the pupils of our grammar schools.

Again, by the report to the Board of Education of the Special Committee on Salaries, it is proposed to allow for salaries of teachers, after Jan. 1, 1874, at the rate of $45 for each unit of the average attendance in the male grammar schools, and $35 for each unit of the average in female grammar schools, and only $20 per each unit of the average attendance in the primary schools and departments.

Again, we observe that it is proposed to pay teachers in the grammar schools who have a full license, $500 for the first year, and allow an annual increase of $100 until the maximum of $800 has been attained. While in the primary schools the teacher holding a full license may receive only $400 for the first year and an annual increase of $50 a year only until the maximum of $600 has been attained.

We would also add that these provisions seem to us to be unjust to the primary teachers, and that we sadly fear that the adoption of the proposed regulations in regard to the number of pupils required for each teacher in the primary schools, and the wide difference in the amount of money allowed for salaries in primary and grammar schools, would result in serious injury to the educational welfare of the children in our primary schools.

Furthermore, nearly one-half of all the children attending our public schools never enter the grammar departments; they leave school on or before completing the primary course.

In view of these facts, and many kindred ones which we might mention, we beg leave to submit for consideration the following schedule of salaries, which we sincerely believe would afford equal remuneration for equal services, and furnish the needed facilities for fitting the pupils of our primary schools for the duties of life.

Female principal, (grammar and primary,) minimum salary $1,600; annual increase of $100 until the maximum of $2,000 has been attained.

Female vice principals, (grammar and primary,) minimum salary $1,100; annual increase of $100 until the maximum of $1,500 has been attained.

Female assistants, (grammar and primary,) minimum salary, with a permanent license, $500; annual increase of $100 until the maximum of $800 has been attained.

The salary of the first assistant teacher in grammar and primary schools and departments may be further increased $100 annually until the maximum of $1,000 has been attained.

We would also further urge that in the primary schools and departments the number of teachers which may be employed, exclusive of the principal, may be one for every forty pupils; also, that the expense which may be incurred for the salaries of teachers in the primary schools and departments, be fixed at $25 per unit of the average attendance.

We earnestly believe that an adoption of the above scale of salaries, the number of pupils per teacher, and allowance per unit of attendance, would remove the inequalities of labor and compensation now pressing so heavily upon our primary teachers.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

A. N. BEALE, Vice President,
S. A. JARVIS, Secretary,
K. P. BROWN, Treasurer,
Primary Principals' Association.
S. F. BUCKELEW,
Chairman of Executive Committee.

Bellevue Hospital.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The attention which has lately been called, in your and other journals, to the advantages and disadvantages of the present site of Bellevue Hospital, cannot fail to be productive of great good, if the subject be calmly and dispassionately considered. The public has the right to demand of the new Board of Commissioners of Charities and Correction that they provide an asylum for the sick poor of this great City, in every way consistent with their best interests. If the present site of Bellevue do not offer the most favorable conditions attainable for the care of the sick, the hospital should be removed. If the present site offer the greatest advantages for a hospital, and if the hospital itself be faulty in construction or management, we shall demand that the construction or the management or both, be reformed. We have, at last, the report of a committee of the Medical Board of Bellevue Hospital. Leaving out the statement by the Medical Board, that the present site of Bellevue is good, and the best in the City, we come to the simple facts embodied in the report. The figures of the report are capable of verification or refutation. We have every reason to believe that these figures are correct; and they form the best and the only proper basis for an opinion upon the question of removal.

From January, 1872, to June, 1873, 58 amputations, excluding those of fingers and toes, were made at Bellevue. Of these, 30 recovered and 28 died. The record of causes of death shows "4 from shock, 2 from secondary hemorrhage, 1 from tetanus, 8 from exhaustion, 1 osteo myelitis." Of these amputations, "9 were for disease; for injury, 49. In one case both forearms were amputated; in two cases both legs, and in two cases both feet." Of the above 58 cases of amputation, 1 death occurred from hospital gangrene, and 11 from pyæmia. Twelve cases of death occurred from causes attributable to hospital influences. The question now is, Is this proportion of deaths, assumed to be from hospital influences, unusual or avoidable? It is 12 in 58, during a period of seventeen months. This we do not know, but can only judge from the comparisons made by the committee with other hospitals. In the report of St. George's Hospital, London, for 1867 and 1868, quoted by the committee, there were 54 amputations and 27 deaths, of which 11 were from pyæmia. According to this, the results at Bellevue Hospital are a little better, though the difference is not great. In the Centre-street Reception Hospital, since 1870, out of twenty-three amputations, fifteen died, and of these seven died of pyæmia. At the Ninety-ninth-street Hospital, out of eight amputations, five died. There does not appear to be any report of the cause of death. These figures show that the chances after amputations are very much more favorable at Bellevue than at either of the reception hospitals. This is very important; for, if Bellevue Hospital were removed, it would be absolutely necessary to multiply the reception hospitals. In Bellevue there were ten excisions of joints, of which two died, one of these dying of pyæmia; and of ten operations of "external perineal urethrotomy" eight recovered, one died of uræmia, and one died of pyæmia.

In 1872 there were 410 cases of confinement; "deaths by confinement, 14; deaths by puerperal fever after confinement, 9; 1 death in 29 2-7 from confinement; 1 death by puerperal fever to 45 confinements." The committee compare these results with the records of the Nursery and Child's Hospital, and find in the latter "1 death to 11⅛ of confinement; 1 death in 13 from puerperal fever." In pneumonia at Bellevue Hospital the percentage of deaths for 1870 was 40.38 for males, and 38.71 for females; in 1871, 46.4 per cent.; in 1872, tables not prepared; in 1873, first five months, 71 cases and 21 deaths. In St. Luke's Hospital there were reported 19 cases of pneumonia and 12 deaths. The committee suggest that this may be an error, though it is contained in the published report from St. Luke's. The general mortality at the Bellevue Hospital for 1872 was 1 death in 5 94-95; for the Roosevelt Hospital, 1 in 6 8-9; for St. Luke's Hospital, 1 in 7.

These statistics will take the public by surprise, for it was a common impression, entertained even by some of the physicians and surgeons of Bellevue, that the death rate would not compare favorably with St. Luke's or Roosevelt, from the fact that Bellevue receives chiefly paupers, persons broken down by dissipation, cases of severe accident, &c., while the patients in St. Luke's, particularly, are of a better class. In reading the report from Bellevue, we see "that nearly one-third of all patients dying in Bellevue Hospital died on the day of or that following admission, generally in consequence of their condition at time of admission." The report also shows that more than half of the women confined are unmarried; and yet the percentage of deaths after confinement and the deaths from puerperal fever is less than at the Nursery and Child's Hospital. In 1870, 487 cases of erysipelas were admitted into Bellevue, and, as the committee say, "Experience has taught that the introduction of one case of this kind into a surgical ward may produce an unhealthy condition of all the wounds." If this be true, why are not all cases of erysipelas completely isolated?

It is fortunate that the discussion with regard to Bellevue Hospital has been so severe in its tone, for this has brought out the facts. The new Board of Commissioners must not be satisfied with the report of the Medical Board, though it show results even more favorable than those of other hospitals which have been popularly regarded as infinitely better. These results simply show that the site of Bellevue, with its spacious area of ground, its good air, and its water front, is eminently adapted to hospital purposes. The removal of this hospital, unless another were immediately constructed in an accessible locality, would be a calamity to the City, in view of possible epidemics, great accidents, like the Westfield disaster, injuries from riots, cases of sun-stroke and the various contingencies that must arise in a large city. To say nothing of the great expense of small hospitals and the difficulty in locating them properly, the statistics show that they cannot take the place of Bellevue. We must have a large, accessable hospital in this City, and must have the best professional talent in its medical and surgical management, which can only be obtained by offering the clinical and other advantages afforded by such a hospital as Bellevue. But if the site be as favorable as the statistics seem to show, we ought to have on that site one of the best hospitals in the world. The interior should be modeled in accordance with the most advanced views of hospital construction. If erysipelas contaminate other surgical cases, let the cases of erysipelas be carefully isolated. When cases of injury are brought into a pauper hospital they must be operated upon, but let these cases also be isolated when the conditions for operations are unfavorable. All this can be done, and now is the time when the public will not only consent to the necessary expenditures, but demand them. It seems that certain improvements are in contemplation, for the Medical Board resolved "That such alterations as have been suggested by the Medical Board, and have been in contemplation by the Commissioners, will render this hospital serviceable for many years." Let these alterations be made at once, in the most thorough and intelligent manner. As regards the new City Prison, a good location can be found without giving to criminals the best situation that can be found for the sick poor of our City.

OBSERVER.

NEW-YORK, Saturday, June 21, 1873.

POLICE MATTERS.

The Late Street-Cleaning Contractors—Police Surgeons—Sick Members.

At a meeting of the Board of Police yesterday, the following resolutions in relation to the removal of a nuisance created by an accumulation of dirt at the foot of East Twenty-third and East Thirty-third streets, were adopted:

Resolved, That the Superintendent of Street Cleaning notify John L. Brown, late contractor for street cleaning, and the legal representatives of the estate of James R. Whiting, deceased, late contractor for street cleaning, that they are required to remove an accumulation of "ashes, garbage, and rubbish in Twenty-third-street and Thirty-third-street, east of First-avenue, and upon adjacent piers," placed there by them; that such removal be commenced within five days and completed within fifteen days of notice of this resolution, and that if such removal is not effected in pursuance of this notice, suits be commenced against them to recover the cost of such removal.

Resolved, That in the event that the removal of the matter mentioned in the above resolution is not effected at the expiration of the time above mentioned, the Superintendent of Street Cleaning is ordered to remove the same, and to keep and report to this Board an accurate account of the actual cost of the removal of the matters above mentioned.

The Superintendent of Street Cleaning was directed to employ two gangs of able-bodied colored men, of ten men each, as street-sweepers in the Eighth Ward, with a gang man for each gang. It was resolved that the pay of street-sweepers, on and after July 1, be increased to $2 per day, instead of $1 75 as heretofore.

The Captains of Police were ordered to report to the board the names of all officers detailed for special duty in their respective precincts, and the nature of the service performed by them.

The following resolution in reference to the designation of police surgeons, was adopted:

Resolved, That the matter of designation of police surgeons for precincts, and their dismissal, be referred, with full power to select and remove surgeons in his discretion, to the Chairman of the Committee on Surgeons, (Commissioner Charlick,) all designations, removals, and changes to be reported to the Chief Clerk to be recorded.

New regulations relative to the sick members of the police were promulgated yesterday. The Twelfth, Nineteenth, Nineteenth Sub, Twenty-second, Twenty-third, Twenty-fourth, Thirtieth, Thirty-first, and Thirty-second Precincts, Detective force, court squads, special service squad, and House of Detention, have been assigned to Dr. Francis A. Thomas. The Third, Fifth, Eighth, Ninth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-seventh, Twenty-eighth, and Twenty-ninth Precincts, Mounted Squad No. 1, (Thirty-third Precinct,) and Sanitary Company assigned to Dr. Morris H. Henry. The First, Second, Fourth, Sixth, Seventh, Tenth, Eleventh, Thirteenth, Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Twenty-first, and Twenty-sixth Precincts are assigned to Dr. A. E. M. Purdy.

The General Order respecting the above concludes as follows:

When a member of your force reports sick, notify the surgeon of the above district to which your precinct is attached, who, on receiving such notice, is required to visit and examine the patient. If he decides that the patient requires treatment, then send for one of the surgeons of your precinct to take charge of the case.

Court of General Sessions—Criminals Sentenced.

In the Court of General Sessions, yesterday, before Recorder Hackett, James Burns, charged with stealing $86 from John Farley, pleaded guilty to an attempt, and was sent to State Prison for two years and six months. Anthony Carrobs pleaded guilty to forging the name of Charles Hoffman to a check for $1,000 on the Mechanics' and Traders' Bank, and was sent to State Prison for five years. Thomas McDonald, charged with stealing a check for $100 from David E. Hawley, pleaded guilty to an attempt, and was sent to the Penitentiary for eighteen months. James Creegan, charged with outraging and robbing a domestic named Northberga Keiser, pleaded guilty to an attempt, and was sent to State Prison for five years. John McIntosh pleaded guilty to the larceny of a watch chain, and was sent to State Prison for two years and six months. Thomas Kinney, jointly indicted with Thomas L. Foster for burglary on the premises of Wm. H. Carpenter, No. 584 Broadway, pleaded guilty to an attempt, and was sent to State Prison for four years. James McDonald and Edward Leslie pleaded guilty to an attempt at petit larceny, and were sent to the Penitentiary for three months. John H. Graham pleaded guilty to an attempt at burglary, and was sent to State Prison for two years and six months; Margaret Capel pleaded guilty to an attempt at petit larceny from the person, and was sent to the Penitentiary for one year; George Green pleaded guilty to an assault on Martin Gerger, and was sent to the Penitentiary for one year; Francis Heffernan pleaded guilty to the larceny of a trunk owned by Mrs. White, of Yonkers, from an express wagon, and was sent to State Prison for five years; James Devine pleaded guilty to an attempt at grand larceny, and was sent to the Penitentiary for six months; Wm. Bullick, charged with wounding Wm. Meyer, of No. 52 Spring-street, by a pistol-shot wound, on the 7th of June, was found guilty of assault and battery, and remanded, in order that his sanity may be inquired into.

The City Record.

The *City Record* will probably be issued for the first time to-day. Mr. Disbecker, the Supervisor, was busy yesterday making the final arrangements, and collecting all the official matter for the first number. The board having charge of the *City Record*, the Mayor, Controller, and Commissioner of Public Works, held a meeting yesterday, and Supervisor Disbecker suggested that the price of the paper be fixed at five cents a copy; but the board disagreed to this suggestion, and fixed the price at ten cents.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Monday, June 23, 1873.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Bees-wax, pkgs	6	Hides, bales	1,186
Cotton, bales	6,084	Leather, sides	2,127
Cotton-seed Oil, bbls	450	Moss, bales	173
Copper, bbls	26	Tow, bales	15
Eggs, bbls	2,104	Pork, pkgs	18
Flour, bbls	12,490	Cut-meats, pkgs	851
Wheat, bushels	227,158	Lard, pkgs	186
Corn, bushels	74,098	Lard, kegs	500
Oats, bushels	122,254	Stearine, pkgs	93
Rye, bushels	8,200	Butter, pkgs	4,163
Malt, bushels	1,200	Cheese, pkgs	6,231
Grass-seed, bags	25	Tallow, pkgs	103
Flax-seed, bags	27	Pea-nuts, bags	296
Beans, bbls	14	Starch, boxes	113
Corn-meal, bbls	160	Tobacco, hhds	494
Skins, bales	4	Tobacco, bxs. & cases	1,3?7
Hops, bales	47	Whisky, bbls	297
Hides, No.	1,061	Wool, bales	521

ASHES—Pots have been salable and firm at $8 25 ⅌ 100 lbs. Pearls continue wholly nominal.

BEES-WAX—Has been very quiet, with Yellow quoted at 34c.@35½c.

CANDLES—Have been selling very slowly, with Adamantine, 16 ounces, quoted at 19c.@20c.; Paraffine, 32c.@33c.; Sperm, plain, 30c.; Sperm, patent, 40c.; Stearic, 28c.@29c., ⅌ lb.

COAL—Has been moderately active, with Liverpool House Cannel quoted firm at $20@$22; do. Gas do. at $16@$18; Newcastle at $12 50; Anthracite, from yard, $5@$6 25 ⅌ ton. On Wednesday, June 25, 75,000 tons Scranton Coal will be offered at the regular monthly auction sale, according to announcement.

COCOA—Has been inactive, yet steady, with Caracas quoted at 15c.@17½c.; Guayaquil, 10½c.@11c.; San Domingo, 7c., gold, ⅌ lb.

COFFEE—Rio has been quoted firm, but quiet; 4,500 bags by the Preciosa were resold on private terms. The Rio telegram was construed favorably by holders, who seemed quite confident in their views. Other kinds offered sparingly at full rates, but inactive. We quote invoices thus: Rio 17½c.@18c.; fair, 18½c.@18¾c.; good, 18¾c.@19c.; prime, 19½c.@19¾c., gold, ⅌ lb., 60 and 90 days' credit; Rio, in lots, 18c.@19¾c., gold; Java, 21c.@23c.; Maracaibo, 19c.@20½c.; Laguayra, 19c.@20½c.; San Domingo, 17c.@17½c., gold.

COTTON—There has been a limited business reported for early delivery at essentially unchanged prices; sales, 797 bales, including 400 bales to shippers, 247 bales to spinners, and 150 bales to speculators. A less active movement has been noted for forward delivery, opening at an advance of ⅛c.@3-16c. ⅌ lb., but closing heavily at about Saturday's quotations, for the earlier months, and some further reduction on the later months, on more urgent offerings. Sales since our last of 10,400 bales, (of which 4,000 bales on Saturday evening, and 6,400 bales to-day, with 1,400 bales more at the calls,) closing with June contracts at 20 1-16c.@20⅛c.; July, 20⅛c.@20 5-16c.; August, 20½c.; September, 18 13-16c.@18⅞c.; October, 18c.@18 1-16c.; November, 17 15-16c.@18c.; December, 17⅞c.@17 15-16c. The receipts at this port to-day were 6,084 bales, including 1,621 bales from Galveston, 785 bales from Savannah, 1,573 bales from Norfolk, 1,685 bales from New-Orleans, 420 bales per rail. The reported receipts at the shipping ports to-day were 3,165 bales, and thus far this week 6,917 bales, against 7,734 bales same time last week, and since Sept. 1, 3,456,012 bales, against 2,651,877 bales same time last year. The following quotations are based on Cotton in store, running in quality not more than half a grade above or below the grade named:

Closing Prices of Cotton in New-York.

	Uplands.	Alabama.	N. O.	Texas.
Ordinary	14¼	14¼	14¼	14½
Good Ordinary	18	18	18	18
Strict Good Ordinary	19	19	19	19
Low Middling	20	20	20	20
Middling	21	21	21	21
Good Middling	23	23	23	23

EGGS—Have been rather more active within the modified range of 15c.@19c. for ordinary to extra choice marks of Western State and near-by stock, with the main call for good to strictly prime stock at from 16c.@18c. ⅌ dozen. The receipts to-day were 2,104 bbls.

FISH—The demand has been moderately active, mainly for Mackerel and Herring, at generally steady prices, with Dry Cod quoted at $6@$6 25 ⅌ cwt.; No. 1 Mackerel at $17@$25; No. 2 at $15@$16 50; No. 3, $9 25@$10 ⅌ bbl.; Pickled Herring at $3 50@$6; Smoked Herring at 22c.@25c. for Scale, and 15c.@18c. for No. 1 ⅌ box.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in rather better demand, as a rule, within the previous range, the main call having been for low grade stock, especially shipping Extras and the better qualities of Superfine, the latter partly on speculative account. Sales have been reported since our last of 12,300 bbls., all told, including inferior to fancy Superfine State and Western, at $4 65@$5 50, chiefly at $5@5 25 for fair to very good; inferior to good extra State, $6@$6 50, chiefly at $6 25@$6 50; very fancy do., $6 50@$7 50, chiefly at $6 75@$7 25; very poor to good shipping Extra Western at $5 60@$6 30, chiefly at $5 85@$6 15; very poor to very good shipping brands round-hoop Ohio, $6@$6 50, and trade and family extras at proportionate rates.

Southern Flour has been in quite moderate request, in a jobbing way, at about former rates. Sales, 550 bbls., in lots, at from $5 15@$7 55@$7 60 for very poor to choice shipping, and $7 50@$10 75 for ordinary to very choice trade and Family Extras, ⅌ bbl.... California Flour has been very quiet, with good to fancy Extra quoted at $8@$9 50; Oregon Flour at $9 50@$9 85 ⅌ bbl. ....Rye Flour has been moderately sought after, at $4 10@$5 50 for inferior to choice Superfine: sales, 350 bbls., chiefly Superfine grades, at $5 10@$5 35 ⅌ bbl. Corn-meal has been in less request, at from $3 15@$3 43 for inferior to fancy Yellow Western, chiefly at $3 25@$3 30, delivered; $2 90@$3 25 for White do.; $3 25@$3 35 for Jersey; $3 30@$3 35 for Caloric, and $3 60 for Brandywine. The reported sales since our last have been 420 bbls....Bag-meal has been in light demand, within the range, at from $1 10@$1 15 for coarse; $1 25@$1 28 for Yellow, and $1 25@$1 30 for White, ⅌ 100 lbs....Oat-meal in moderate demand at $7 75@$8 75 ⅌ bbl.

GRAIN—Spring Wheat of desirable quality has been offered less freely, and has been in good request, especially No. 2 Milwaukee stock, which has been quoted 1c.@2c. ⅌ bushel higher, closing firmly. The main call has been for export. Winter Wheat has been dull and irregular. Sales have been reported since our last of 124,000 bushels (part to arrive soon,) at $1 55@$1 57 for No. 1 Chicago Spring; $1 50@$1 52 for fair ordinary to choice No. 2 Milwaukee Spring, prompt delivery; $1 50 for fair do., (to arrive next week;) $1 48@$1 50 for fair to prime No. 2 North-west Spring; $1 42@$1 44 for Nos. 2 and 3 Spring, mixed; $1 45@$1 46, in part, for No. 2 Chicago Spring; $1 35@$1 40 for No. 3 Spring; $1 20@$1 30 for odd lots of Rejected Spring, $1 60@$1 75 for inferior to fair White Western; $1 60@$1 68 for Red and Amber Western, and $1 50 for ordinary White Canada, in bond. For forward delivery No. 2 Milwaukee Spring has been quiet, with offerings reported to a moderate extent for first half of July, part at $1 50, and last half of do. at $1 48; sales of 35,000 bushels were reported for early July, and 16,000 bushels, all July, on private terms....Corn has been moderately active and the poorer grades have been quoted up 1c.@2c. a bushel, on lighter offerings, with the better qualities of steamer stock, also a shade stronger, and much less plenty. Sailing vessel grades very scarce and generally held above the views of purchasers. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 127,000 bushels at 50c.@62c. for inferior to fair steamer grades of new mixed Western; 52½c.@54c. for very good to strictly choice do.; 42c.@48c. for hot, damp, and inferior; 60c.@62c. for sailing vessel do., in car-lots; 64½c. for old do.; 63c.@65c. for new Yellow Western....Rye has been in moderate request at, however, irregular prices, with sales reported of 16,000 bushels Western at 83c.@85c., and small lots of State at 86c. Canada held above the views of buyers....Barley dull and nominal....Barley-malt very quiet within the previous range....Oats have been quoted a shade firmer, with a good inquiry noted, and a restricted offering of sound stock. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 67,500 bushels, at 41c.@43c. for new Mixed Western, chiefly at 42c.@42½c. for full lots; 40c.@42c. for new Black do.; and 46½c.@50c. for new White do., with 43c. asked for Mixed State....Feed quiet at from $14@$20 ⅌ ton.

Stock of Grain in New-York and Brooklyn Ware houses.

	June 23, 1873.	June 16, 1873.	June 25, 1872.
Wheat, bushels	243,614	174,085	523,284
Corn	870,488	621,195	394,627
Oats	503,462	306,075	976,121
Barley	13,852	13,850	17,075
Rye	89,216	16,492	261,786
Peas	29,179	11,300	31,680
Malt	229,282	216,113	145,814
Grand total bushels	1,949,093	1,359,064	2,350,407

GUNNY CLOTH—Sales, 500 rolls Domestic Cloth on private terms. Market unaltered.

HARDWARE—Has been rather more sought after at generally firm prices.

HAY AND STRAW—A moderate demand has been noted for most kinds of stock, within our range as to prices, prime Bale Hay having been quoted at $23@$25; good Bale Hay, $18@$20; common Shipping, $10; good Shipping, $15; Long Rye Straw, $18@$20; Short Rye Straw, $13@$14; Oat Straw, $10 ⅌ ton.

HEMP—Quiet at old figures; sales, 450 bales Jute Butts at 1 11-16c., currency, ⅌ lb.

MOLASSES—Has been quoted about steady, but very quiet, since our last. We quote: New-Orleans, inferior to fancy, at from 60c.@83c.; Porto Rico at 31½c.@65c.; Cuba at 18c.@36c., and English Islands at 27½c.@42½c., ⅌ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Resin quiet, with Strained to good Strained quoted at $2 95@$3 10. Sales, 50 bbls. Opaque at $3 25, ⅌ 280 lbs....Tar dull and unchanged. ....Spirits Turpentine in light demand, with sales reported of only 50 bbls. at 45½c., closing at this rate asked, and 45c. bid.

PETROLEUM—Crude, in bulk, inactive, with early deliveries quoted at 8½c....Refined dull; quoted here at 18⅜c.@18½c., and at Philadelphia 18⅛c.@18¼c., early deliveries. Sales have been reported here of 2,500 bbls., first half of July, at 18½c., and at Philadelphia 2,500 bbls....June options, on private terms....Refined, in cases, quiet at 24c.@24½c....Naphtha very moderately sought after and quoted about as before.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been very tame, yet quoted rather steadier in price; sales, 400 bbls. New Western Mess at $16 75, with small lots of Old Mess at $16 25, and Extra Prime at $13 75. And, for forward delivery, 250 bbls. New Western Mess, June option, at $16 50....Dressed Hogs in moderate demand, with City quoted at 6½c.@7⅛c....Cut-meats scarce and held very firmly, but inactive, with Smoked Hams jobbed out, in bulk, at 14½c.@14¾c.; Smoked Shoulders at 9c.@9½c.; Pickled Hams at 12½c.@12¾c.; Pickled Shoulders at 8¼c.@8½c.; Bellies, in bulk, at 8¾c.@9c....Bacon dull at about former figures; Long Clear quoted at 8¾c.@8⅞c.; Short Clear at 8¾c.@8⅞c. ....Lard has been in slack request for early delivery at about previous quotations, buyers having had the advantage. Sales have been reported of only small lots of Western Steam at 8⅜c.; City do. at 8⅜c.@8½c., and 100 tcs. City Kettle at 8¾c.@8⅞c. And for forward delivery a moderate movement has been reported, embracing sales of 1,500 tcs. Western Steam, July delivery, at 8 15-16c.; 2,000 tcs. do., August, at 9 3-16c.; and 1,000 tcs. do., September, at 9 5-16c....Beef has been very sparingly sought after, wholly in a jobbing way, at from $9@$11 for New Mess; $11@$12 75 for New Extra do., ⅌ bbl.: sales, 75 bbls. Tierce Beef quoted at $18@$20 for prime Mess; $21@$23 for India Mess, and $24@$27 50 for extra India Mess. Beef Hams inactive within the range of $25@$32 for inferior to very choice brands....Butter and Cheese have been quoted about steady within the previous range, with a comparatively fair demand noted for desirable qualities.

RICE—Has been selling slowly, in a jobbing way, within the range of from $7 75@$9 for fair to very choice Carolina; $7 50@$8 for Patna, and $6 50@$7 for Rangoon.

SEEDS—Have been generally inactive, with Clover quoted at from 8½c.@9c. ⅌ lb. for common to choice; Rough Flax at from $2 35@$2 50; Timothy at $4 25@$4 40, and Calcutta Linseed at $2 60@$2 62½, gold, ⅌ bushel.

SOAP—There has been a very moderate inquiry noted for the leading kinds, including Castile at 9⅛c.; Colgate's Pale, 7¾c.; Family, 8½c., and No. 1, 6¾c. ⅌ lb.

SPICES—Trade in this line has been devoid of animation, yet Mace has been quoted firm at $1 20@$1 25; No. 1 Nutmegs at 97½c.@$1; Cassia at 26c.; Cloves at 26c.@28c.; East India Pepper at 19c.@20c.; Pimento at 11¼c.; Ginger, at 10c.@11½c. ⅌ lb., gold.

SUGARS—Raw have been quite moderately sought after at barely steady rates, with sales reported since our last of 725 hhds. Centrifugal, part at 9c. ⅌ lb. Fair refining Cuba quoted nominally at 7¾c.; good do., 8c.; prime do., 8⅛c.; No. 12 box clayed stock at 8⅛c.; Centrifugal, Nos. 10 and 13, 8¾c.@9⅛c.; Refined Sugars have been in rather slack demand, with Powdered quoted at 11c.; Crushed at 11c.; Granulated at 10⅞c.; A's, 9⅞c.@10⅛c., and Yellows at 8⅞c.@9¾c.

TALLOW, &C.—Tallow has been in rather more demand at about former figures; sales, 147,000 lbs. at 8⅛c.@8¼c. for good to prime. Of Stearine, 12 tcs. Country sold at 9⅛c.

TEAS—Have been rather quiet to-day at old figures; 1,000 half-chests Oolong sold on private terms.

WHISKY—Firmer, but quiet; 150 bbls. sold at 93c.

FREIGHTS—Grain room was in good request, and rates were generally quoted steady, though on berth, somewhat weaker by sail. Vessels for the Petroleum and naval-store trades were offered with reserve and quoted rather firmer, with a fair inquiry for accommodation. Otherwise the market presented no new features of interest. For Liverpool the reported engagements since our last have been, by sail, 250 tons Oil-cake, in bags, at 33s. ⅌ ton; 8,000 bushels Wheat at 11d. ⅌ bushel; and, by steam, 8,000 bushels Wheat at 13d. ⅌ bushel; 190 bales Hair at 65s; 40 hhds. Virginia Leaf Tobacco at 45s.; 15,000 boxes Cheese at 70s.; 250 bales Cotton at ⅜d.@7-16d. ⅌ lb.; 70 bales Skins and 2,500 Staves on private terms....For London, by sail, 400 bbls. Resin at 4s. 9d. ⅌ 280 lbs....For Glasgow, by steam, 1,000 boxes Cheese at 70s. ⅌ ton....For Bristol, a British bark, 797 tons, for general cargo, at a round sum not made public....For Penarth Roads and orders, a Norwegian bark, 379 tons, hence, with about 2,200 quarters Grain, at 8s. 9d. ⅌ quarter....For Bristol Channel, a Swedish bark, 300 tons, with Oil-cake, reported from Baltimore, on private terms....For the United Kingdom, direct, a brig, 325 tons, hence, with about 1,800 bbls. Petroleum on private terms....For Belfast, a British bark, 313 tons, with a full cargo of Flour, reported from Baltimore, at 4s. ⅌ bbl....For Cork and orders, an Italian bark, about 550 tons, hence, with about 3,700 quarters Grain at 9s., and £15 gratuity; a Norwegian bark, 413 tons, (to arrive from Boston,) hence, with about 3,000 quarters do., at 9s. 3d., or, if direct, at 9s.. (both vessels recharters;) a Norwegian brig, 297 tons, (now here,) with Naval Stores, from Wilmington, (a recharter,) at 7s. 3d.@7s. 6d....For Havre, equal to about 56,000 bushels Grain on the basis of 25c. gold; also, an American ship, 1,653 tons, placed on the berth for general cargo....For the Continent, direct, an American schooner, 284 tons, hence, with about 2,600 bbls. Naphtha, on private terms; also, a British bark, 803 tons, with about 5,200 bbls. Petroleum, from Philadelphia, (placed some days since,) at 6s. 6d....For Bremen, a German bark, 641 tons, with Tobacco, from Baltimore, at 30s....For Stettin, the Norwegian bark, 620 tons, hence, with Petroleum, mentioned in our last, gets 7s. 6d. ⅌ bbl....For the Baltic, a Swedish brig, 308 tons, with about 2,000 bbls. Petroleum, from Philadelphia, at 7s. 9d.; a Swedish brig, 352 tons, hence, with about 2,000 bbls. do.; a German bark, 584 tons, hence, with about 3,700 bbls. do., and another bark, 524 tons, hence, with about 3,300 bbls. do., (all recharters,) reported at 8s.; a bark, 315 tons, with about 2,100 bbls. do., reported from Philadelphia, at 7s. 6d.@7s. 9d.; a British bark, 456 tons, with about 3,000 bbls. do., from Baltimore, at 7s. 6d. ⅌ bbl....For Leghorn, an American ship, 1,168 tons, with Tobacco, at 60s.... For Hayti, a brig and schooner, from an Eastern port, at $11, and a schooner, 100 tons, from Boston and back, at $900....For Trinidad and back to Boston, a brig, at 55c. and $5 50....For Boston, a brig, with salt, from Inagua, at 13c....For Philadelphia, a schooner, with Laths, from St. John, at 80c....For Baltimore, a schooner, with Lumber, from Baltimore, at $10....For New-York, a brig, with Coal, from Port Caledonia, at $4, and two brigs, with do., from Cow Bay, at $4 50.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Monday, June 23, 1873.

On yesterday forenoon trade was slow. At Weehawken Yards, 23 cars of horned Cattle came to hand, and were nearly all cleared off, from 10½c.@12c. ⅌ lb., weights from 6¼ cwt. to 6¾ cwt., on 56 lbs. to 57 lbs. to the cwt., net. On Sunday and Monday forenoon at One Hundredth-street Yards trade in Beeves was slow, and the lots to hand were not cleared off; prices ranged from 10c.@13½c. ⅌ lb., weights from 6 cwt. to 9 cwt., on 56 lbs. to 58 lbs. to the cwt., net. Milch Cows were not quoted. Veals were fair, from 8c.@9c. ⅌ lb.; common grass Calves very slow at 6c. ⅌ lb. Sheep slow at reduced rates; prices from 4c.@6¼c. ⅌ lb. Lambs dull, from 8½c.@11c. ⅌ lb. Live Hogs were worth from 5⅛c.@5⅜c. ⅌ lb.; City dressed from 6½c.@7⅛c. ⅌ lb. The market closed weak, with 1 car of live Hogs sold on private terms.

SALES.

G. W. Martin shipped for Bermuda 22 choice Illinois Steers; terms private. S. Healy sold for self 68 coarse Missouri Steers from 11½c.@11¾c. ⅌ lb., weight 7 cwt. C. S. Glover sold for self 34 Illinois Steers, from common to fair, from 11½c.@12¼c. ⅌ lb. Burchard & Merritt sold for selves 100 rough but fat Illinois Steers at 11¾c. ⅌ lb., weight 7¼ cwt.; 78 coarse Illinois Steers, with a good top, from 11c.@12c. ⅌ lb., weights from 7 cwt. to 10 cwt.; 51 common Illinois Steers at 11¾c. ⅌ lb., strong weight, 7¼ cwt. S. Wheeler sold for self 26 good Illinois Steers from 12c.@13¼c. ⅌ lb., weight 7¼ cwt. W. Thompson sold for self 226 common Illinois Steers, from 11½c.@11¾c. ⅌ lb., weight 7 cwt.; 116 Illinois Steers from 11½c.@11¾c. ⅌ lb., weight 6¾ cwt., strong; 69 Illinois Steers at 11¾c. ⅌ lb., weight 6¾ cwt., strong; held on sale 64 Illinois Steers; sold 88 good Illinois Steers from 12c.@12¼c. ⅌ lb. J. & D. Waixel sold for selves 200 Texan Steers at 10¼c. ⅌ lb., weight 6¼ cwt.; 1,300 Illinois Steers, from common to fair, from 11½c.@12c. ⅌ lb., weight from 6¾ to 7¾ cwt. T. C. Eastman sold for J. B. Hunter 125 Illinois Steers, from common to good, from 11c.@13c. ⅌ lb., weight 7¼ cwt. Williams & Son sold for selves 34 Cherokee Steers at 10¾c. ⅌ lb., weight 6¾ cwt.; 53 Illinois Steers, from common to fair, from 11c.@12c. ⅌ lb., weight 6¾ cwt. Vail & Valentine sold for selves 77 good Illinois Steers from 12c.@13c. ⅌ lb., weight from 7¼ to 7½ cwt.; 51 common Illinois Steers at 11¾c. ⅌ lb., weight 6¾ cwt.

At Forty-eighth-street Sheep Market, T. Kirby sold 76 Sheep, weight 6,190 lbs., at 5¾c. ⅌ lb.; 369 Sheep, weight 23,850 lbs., at 6¾c. ⅌ lb. Hume & Elliott sold 146 Sheep, weight 11,920 lbs., at 5¾c. ⅌ lb.; 1,206 Sheep, weight 74,090 lbs., at 6c. ⅌ lb.; 65 Lambs, weight 3,360 lbs., at 10c. ⅌ lb.; 100 Lambs, weight 5,540 lbs., at 10½c. ⅌ lb.; 49 Lambs, weight 3,060 lbs., at 10½c. ⅌ lb.; 145 Lambs, weight 8,105 lbs., at 11c. ⅌ lb.; 15 grass Calves, weight 1,710 lbs., at 6c. ⅌ lb.; 58 Veals, weight 7,340 lbs., at 8c. ⅌ lb.; 86 Veals, weight 10,950 lbs., at 8¼c. ⅌ lb.; 2 Veals, weight 280 lbs., at 9c. ⅌ lb.

At Fortieth street Sheep Market, Lerch & Barnes sold 227 Kansas Sheep, weight 15,090 lbs., at 4c. ⅌ lb.; 657 Kansas Sheep, weight 54,500 lbs., at 4¼c. ⅌ lb.; 151 Ohio Sheep, weight 13,490 lbs., at 5c. ⅌ lb.; 229 Kentucky Lambs, weight 13,610 lbs., at 8¾c. ⅌ lb. Judd & Buckingham sold 428 Sheep, weight 37,610 lbs., at 5c. ⅌ lb.; 200 Sheep, weight 18,740 lbs., at 5⅛c. ⅌ lb.; 367 Sheep, weight 3,060 lbs., at 5¼c. ⅌ lb.; 386 Sheep, weight 38,390 lbs., at 5¾c. ⅌ lb.; 614 Lambs, weight 35,260 lbs., at 9c. ⅌ lb.; 58 Lambs, weight 3,450 lbs., at 10c. ⅌ lb. Held on sale, 2 cars of Sheep.

RECEIPTS.

Gross arrivals at One Hundredth-street Yards for week ending June 23, 1873: 3,609 head of horned Cattle, 7 Cows, 934 Veals, 147 Sheep.

Gross arrivals at Forty-eighth-street Sheep Market for week ending June 23, 1873: 6,527 Sheep and Lambs, 38 Cows, 1,337 Veals.

Gross arrivals at Fortieth-street Hog Yards for week ending June 23, 1873: 18,637 Hogs, 8,507 Sheep and Lambs, 935 Veals.

PHILADELPHIA, June 23.—Beef Cattle dull; market favors buyers; sales, 2,800 Extra Pennsylvania and Western Steers, at $7 25@$7 50; fair to good, $5 50@$6 50. Sheep dull; sales, 9,000 at 4½c.@6c. ⅌ lb., gross, according to condition. Hogs firmer; sales, 5,000 at $7 75@$8 ⅌ 100 lbs., net.

THE STATE OF TRADE.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 23.—Grain in store today—Wheat, 261,456 bushels; Corn, 322,068 bushels; Oats, 160,549 bushels; Rye, 38,875 bushels; Peas, 607 bushels; Malt, 32,178 bushels. Lake and Rail Imports for last 48 hours—Flour, 13,900 barrels; Wheat, 149,012 bushels; Corn, 218,000 bushels; Oats, 29,356 bushels; Barley, 450 bushels; Rye, 23,000 bushels. Canal Shipments—Wheat, 128,628 bushels; Corn, 73,137 bushels; Rye, 16,800 bushels; Peas, 1,740 bushels. Rail Exports—Wheat, 32,639 bushels; Corn, 75,054 bushels; Oats, 46,910 bushels. Canal Freights firm; Wheat, 10½c.; Corn, 9½c.; Oats, 6¾c. Flour quiet; Western Spring, $7@$8; Bakers', $7 25@$8 25; Amber, $8 50@$9 25; White, $9 50@$10. Wheat dull; sales of 24,000 Milwaukee No. 2 Spring at $1 35; small lots do. at $1 35@$1 36; 500 bushels Milwaukee No. 1 Spring at $1 45; quoted, Milwaukee No. 1 Spring at $1 44½@$1 45; No. 2 do., $1 35@$1 36; Chicago No. 2 Spring at $1 33; White Canada, $1 65@$1 70; White Michigan, $1 70@$1 75. Corn firmer; sales of 5,000 bushels No. 2, in lots, at 41c.; 3,500 bushels, in lots, at 40c. Oats held firmer at 31c.@36c. for No. 2 Western. Barley quiet; Canada, 95c.@98c.; No. 2 Western, 90c.@95c. Rye nominal at 80c. Barley-malt steady; Western, $1@$1 10; prime Winter Western, $1 10@$1 15; prime Canada, $1 20@$1 25. Provisions—Mess Pork, $17; Short Cuts, $17; Shoulders, $8 50; Breakfast Bacon, 9c.@10c. ⅌ lb. Hams, 14c. do.; Sacked, 14½c.; Dried Beef, 18c.; Beef Tongues, $6 ⅌ dozen. Lard, in tcs., 8¾c.@9c.; in kegs, 9¾c. ⅌ lb. Balance unchanged.

ST. LOUIS, MO., June 23.—Flour in improved demand and unchanged. Wheat dull and drooping; only small sample lots sold. Corn dull and unchanged; No. 2 Mixed, 34c., on the track, 35c. in warehouse, 36½c.@37c., seller August; 42c.@43c., sacked. Oats dull and declining; No. 2, 26¾c.@27c., on the track, 27c. in elevator, 27c.@27¼c., seller July; 27c., seller August. Barley and Rye—No sales. Whisky steady at 89c. Pork held at $16 50. Dry-salted Meats nominal. Bacon quiet, but more doing in jobbing and order lots; Shoulders, 7½c.; Clear Rib Sides, 9⅜c.; Clear Sides, 9⅝c.; Clear Rib Sides, seller August, 9⅞c.; Clear Sides, seller September, 10c.; Clear Sides at auction at 9¾c., seller July. Lard nominal. Live Hogs firmer at $4@$4 65. Cattle firm; Indian and Texan, $2 50@$4 25; Native Cows and Heifers, $3@$4 25; fair butchers', $4 25@$5 50; prime to choice Steers, $5@$6. Receipts—3,000 bbls. Flour, 7,000 bushels Wheat, 64,000 bushels Corn, 53,000 bushels Oats, 1,000 bushels Rye, 1,500 Cattle.

OSWEGO, N. Y., June 23.—Flour steady and unchanged; sales of 1,600 bbls. at $8 for No. 1 Spring, $9 for Amber Winter, $10 for White Winter, $10 50 for Double Extra. Wheat quiet; sales of car lots No. 1 Milwaukee Club at $1 50. Corn dull; sales of 2,000 bushels, in car lots, at 50c.@53c. Corn-meal—$1 25 for Bolted, $1 20 for Unbolted, ⅌ cwt. Mill-feed unchanged; Shorts, $16@$17; Shipstuffs, $17@$18; Middlings, $18@$20 ⅌ ton. Canal Freights—Wheat, 7¼c.; Corn and Rye, 7c., to New-York. Lumber, $3 25 to the Hudson, $4 50 to New-York. Railroad Freights—Flour, to Philadelphia, 60c.; to Boston, 50c.; to New-York, 40c.; to Albany, 36c. Receipts by Lake—1,957,000 feet of Lumber. Shipments by Canal—6,000 bushels Wheat, 1,987,000 feet of Lumber.

BALTIMORE, June 23.—Flour unchanged, quiet and steady. Wheat unchanged, quiet, and steady. Corn—Southern White active at 73c.@75c.; do. Yellow, 62c.; Mixed Western firmer at 60½c. Oats dull; Southern, 45c.@50c.; Western Mixed, 40c.@42c.; do. White, 43c.@44c. Rye, 70c.@73c. Hay unchanged. Provisions dull and nominal. Mess Pork, $17@$17 25. Bulk Meats—Shoulders, 7c.@7¼c.; Rib Sides, 8¼c.; Clear Rib Sides, 8¾c.@8⅞c. Bacon—Shoulders, 8c.@8¼c.; Rib Sides, 9¾c.@9⅞c.; Clear Rib Sides, 10c. Sugar-cured Hams, 14½c.@15½c. Lard, 8¾c.@9c. Western Butter unchanged. Whisky nominal at 93½c.@94c.

PHILADELPHIA, June 23.—Petroleum unchanged. Coffee firmer and stock scarce; Rio, 18½c.@19½c.; Java, 22c.@22½c. Sugar—Cuba firm at 7⅝c. @8c. Molasses steady. Flour unsettled and very dull; Superfine, $4@$4 50; Extras, $4 50@$5 25; State, Indiana, and Ohio Extra Family, $7 50@$8 25. Wheat unsettled; Pennsylvania and Western Red, $1 55@$1 60; Amber, $1 60; White, $1 80@$1 75; No. 1 Spring, $1 47@$1 48. Rye, 70c. Corn—Business small; quotations lower; Yellow, 52c.@53c. Oats dull; White, 43c.@44c.; Western, 38c.@41c. Whisky dull; 94c.@95c.

NEW-ORLEANS, June 23.—Flour dull; sales of Treble Extra at $7@$8; Family Extra, $9@$10. Corn dull and drooping at 58c. for Mixed and Yellow; 58c.@60c. for White. Oats quiet at 41c.@42c. Bran dull at 70c. Hay quiet at $23@$24 for Prime; $26 for Choice. Pork scarce, held firmly at $17 75. Dry-salted Meats dull at 7c. for Shoulders, 8¾c. for Clear Rib Sides. Bacon dull at 7¾c. for Shoulders, 9¾c. for Clear Rib Sides, 9¾c. for Clear Sides. Hams sold at 13½c.@14c. Lard dull and easier at 8⅞c.@8¾c. for Tierce, 9½c.@10c. for Keg. Sugar dull at 9⅛c. for Good Fair. Molasses—No movement. Whisky dull and firm at 94c. for Louisiana; 96c. for Cincinnati. Coffee sold at 18c.@20c. Exchange, Sterling, 126¾. New-York Sight, ⅜ premium. Gold, 115¼.

TOLEDO, June 23.—Flour steady. Wheat steady; sales of No. 2 White Wabash at $1 75; Amber Michigan, spot, $1 54@$1 54½; seller June, $1 55; seller July, $1 47@$1 47½; No. 1 Red, $1 54; No. 2 do., $1 48@$1 47; No. 3 do., $1 33. Corn steady; sales of High Mixed, seller September, 45c.; Low Mixed, 45c. Oats—Sales of No. 1 at 37c.; No. 2, 34c.; Michigan, 36c.; Rejected, 31c. Freights—To Buffalo, 3½c.@4c.; to Oswego, 8c.@8½c. Receipts—2,000 bbls. Flour, 12,000 bushels Wheat, 108,000 bushels Corn, 2,000 bushels Oats. Shipments—2,000 bbls. Flour, 6,000 bushels Wheat, 5,000 bushels Corn, 2,000 bushels Oats.

LOUISVILLE, June 23.—Flour steady, with an improved demand; Extra Family, $5 75; A No. 1, $7 50; Fancy, $8. Wheat quiet at $1 25@$1 35. Corn in fair demand; White, sacked, 58c. Oats in fair demand at 47c., sacked. Rye steady at 70c. Provisions quiet and steady. Pork, $16 37½@$17. Bacon—Shoulders, 7¾c.; Clear Rib Sides, 9¼c.; Clear Sides, 9½c.@9⅝c., packed. Bulk Meats—Shoulders, 6¾c.; Clear Rib Sides, 8¾c.; Clear Sides, 9c., loose; ½c. higher packed. Lard—Tierce, 8¾c.@8⅞c.; Kegs, 9¾c.@10c.; Steam, 8¼c.; order lots ¼c.@½c. higher. Whisky firm at 90c.

MILWAUKEE, June 23.—Flour dull and nominal; sales of Extra Spring at $5 75@$6 50. Wheat in fair demand and firm; sales of No. 1 at $1 28½; No. 2 $1 21¼, cash; seller June, $1 18¾c. Oats steady at 28¾c. for No. 2. Corn advanced and in fair demand at 32¾c. for No. 2 Mixed. Rye steady at 62c. for No. 1. Barley quiet and weak at 56c. for No. 2 Spring. Freights—Wheat, to Buffalo, 7c.; to Oswego, 12c. Receipts—6,000 bbls. Flour, 142,000 bushels Wheat. Shipments, 13,000 bbls. Flour, 191,000 bushels Wheat.

CINCINNATI, June 23.—Flour dull at $6 50@$7. Wheat dull; No. 2 Winter, Red, $1 35. Corn quiet at 42c. Rye steady at 66c.@67c. Oats quiet at 33c.@42c. Barley dull and nominal. Butter steady. Provisions quiet. Pork quiet at $15 50@$15 75. Lard dull; Steam held, 8¼c.; Kettle, 8½c. Bulk Meats quiet; light offerings; Shoulders, 6¼c.; Clear Rib Sides, 8⅛c.@8¼c.; Clear Sides, 8⅜c.@8½c. Bacon steady; Shoulders, 7⅛c.@7¼c.; Clear Rib Sides, 9⅛c.; Clear Sides, 9⅜c.@9½c. Whisky steady at 90c.

UTICA, N. Y., June 23.—Cheese; market here opened dull but closed brisk; the offerings were 9,000 boxes, of which 8,000 boxes sold at 12¾c.@13⅛c.; one factory reached 13¼c.; six or eight got 13c.; the ruling figures were 12¾c.@13⅛c.

At Little Falls, 8,000 boxes were offered, half of which sold at 12¾c. and 13c. Farm Dairy lots reached 11c. and 12¼c.

DETROIT, June 23.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat dull and declining; Extra, $1 81@$1 82, bid; No. 1 White, $1 71½; Amber Michigan, $1 60. Corn steady at 38c.@40c. Oats in good demand at 36c.@38c. Receipts—1,000 bbls. Flour, 2,000 bushels Wheat. Shipments—3,000 bbls. Flour, 2,000 bushels Corn, 1,900 bushels Oats.

WILMINGTON, N. C., June 23.—Spirits of Turpentine quiet at 41½c. Resin quiet; $2 30 for Strained; $2 50@$3 for No. 1; $4 50 for Pale; $5 for Window-glass. Crude Turpentine steady; $2 for Hard; $3 for Yellow Dip and Virgin. Tar steady at $3.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 23.—Wheat in fair supply but entirely neglected. Rye quiet. Corn dull; Western Mixed held at 56c. Barley Malt steady and unchanged. Oats more active; sales of 1 car No. 1 Western at 48c.

MEMPHIS, June 23.—Flour steady at $4 50@$8 50. Corn quiet at 55c.@57. Oats steady at 43c.@44c. Provisions quiet and unchanged.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

NEW-ORLEANS, June 23.—Cotton—Demand limited; quotations nominal; Middling, 18¾c.@18⅞c.; net receipts, 1,043 bales; gross, 1,942 bales; exports to Great Britain, 4,338 bales; coastwise, 2,040 bales; sales, 200 bales; last evening, 50 bales; stock, 39,622 bales.

MOBILE, June 23.—Cotton quiet and firm; Good Ordinary, 16⅛c.; Low Middling, 17¼c.; Middling, 18⅛c.; net receipts, 241 bales; exports to Great Britain, 2,076 bales; coastwise, 269 bales; sales, 300 bales; stock, 14,903 bales.

CLEVELAND, June 23.—Wheat dull and lower; No. 1 Red nominal; No. 2 Red sold at $1 40. Corn, 45c.@46c. Oats, 36c.@38c. Petroleum quiet and steady; prices unchanged.

GALVESTON, June 23.—Cotton dull; Good Ordinary, 15c.@15⅛c.; net receipts, 102 bales; exports, coastwise, 1,319 bales; sales, 15 bales; stock, 22,620 bales.

SAVANNAH, June 23.—Cotton quiet; Middling, 18⅛c.; net receipts, 384 bales; exports coastwise, 866 bales; sales, 110 bales; stock, 13,848 bales.

MEMPHIS, June 23.—Cotton unchanged; Low Middling, 17¾c.@18c.; receipts, 426 bales; shipments, 571 bales; stock, 18,349 bales.

AUGUSTA, June 23.—Cotton quiet; Middling, 18c.; receipts, 243 bales; sales, 134 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, May 23—11 A. M.—Consols opened at 92⅞ for money and 92⅞ for the account. United States 5-20 bonds, 1865s, old, 92¾; 1867s, 92⅞; new 5s, 89⅞; 10-40s, 89. Erie Railway shares, 50⅛.

1½ P. M.—Erie Railway Shares, 49⅞.

5 P. M.—The rate of discount for three months' bills in the open market is ⅛ ⅌ cent. below the Bank of England rate. Consols and American Securities closed unchanged. Erie Railway Shares, 49⅞.

FRANKFORT, June 23—A. M.—United States 5-20 bonds 96⅛ for the issue of 1862.

PARIS, June 23—A. M.—Rentes opened at 56f. 15c. and closed at 56f. 20c.

LIVERPOOL, June 23—11 A. M.—Cotton—The market opened quiet and steady. Middling Uplands, 8⅞d.; Middling Orleans, 9⅛d. The sales of the day are estimated at 10,000 bales.

1 P. M.—Cotton—The market is dull, but quotations are unchanged. The sales of the day are still estimated at 10,000 bales, including 2,000 bales for speculation and export.

1:30 P. M.—Cotton—The market for Cotton to arrive is dull. Breadstuffs—The market is quiet.

5 P. M.—Cotton—The market closed unchanged. The sales of the day have been 10,000 bales, including 2,000 bales for speculation and export. Of the sales 5,500 bales were American. Sales of Cotton shipped from Savannah or Charleston, deliverable July and August, at 8¾d.; from the same ports, deliverable August and September, at 8⅞d. Produce—Spirits Petroleum, 12d. ⅌ gallon.

LONDON, June 23—5 P. M.—Refined Petroleum, 14¼d.@14½d. ⅌ gallon.

Coroner's Cases.

A human head was yesterday found in a pail under some rubbish in the yard of No. 14 Dominick-street. Coroner Keenan will investigate the matter. John Kiernan, aged thirteen years, went bathing, on Sunday afternoon, at the foot of West Fifty-seventh-street, and was drowned. The body was recovered and taken to the shanty residence of his parents on Fifty-sixth-street. Marie Trauberg died, on Saturday last, at the hospital on Ward's Island, from the effects of burns. Coroner Keenan will make the necessary inquest. The body of John Tracy, who leaped overboard from the Aspinwall steam-ship Colon, on Friday, while attempting to desert, was yesterday found and removed to the Morgue to await an inquest by Coroner Keenan. Coroner Keenan was yesterday notified to hold an inquest on the body of Dr. Joseph Popper, aged forty-two years, who was found dead in bed yesterday morning at his residence, No. 537 Fifth-street. Dr. Popper had been seen on Sunday night at the corner of Fifth-street and Avenue A, conversing with several men, and later was found on the sidewalk, insensible, by two citizens, who, supposing him to be intoxicated, took him home. At 9 o'clock yesterday morning, when Mrs. Popper went to his room, she found that he was dead. The police made an investigation, and although they found no marks of violence on the body, referred the case to the Coroner for investigation.

Fleetwood Park—No Races Yesterday.

Yesterday was to have been the third day of the Spring meeting at Fleetwood Park, and between 400 and 500 people left the City intent on witnessing the promised sport, but their disgust can be imagined when it was announced by the directors that the trots were postponed in consequence of the threatening weather. This was an unwarrantable outrage on those who had taken the trouble and borne the expense of a trip to Morrisania. The action of the association was in defiance of the rules and regulations of the National Association, for the track was in superb order and the weather suitable for good trotting. The truth of the matter is that there was not enough money taken at the gate to satisfy the desire of the association, and hence the postponement. As several of the horses have engagements at Chicago, Buffalo, &c., the delay will inconvenience their owners and drivers, and no doubt the matter will be brought before the Board of Appeals on July 8.

Suspicious Death of an Italian Child.

Dr. R. B. Wilson yesterday sent a letter to the Board of Health, informing that department of the death of an Italian child, aged six years, known by the name of Teresa Cheri, who died at No. 55 Mulberry-street, on Sunday night, under suspicious circumstances. The doctor said he had been informed by the child's mother that her girl had been frightened by some men who had undertaken improper liberties with her; but when Coroner Kessler visited the place yesterday, the woman denied making any such statement. Deeming the case worth investigating, Coroner Kessler ordered the child's body to be taken to the Morgue for a post-mortem examination, although the parents had made preparations for the funeral; and further directed that a thorough inquiry should be made into the facts of the case.

The Brooklyn School Scandal.

The joint committee of citizens and members of the Board of Education, who recently investigated the charges against Mr. W. N. Reid, ex-Principal of Public School No. 13, of Brooklyn, and the counter-charges against Mr. Kinsella, yesterday made public their report. Mr. Kinsella is exonerated on two of the charges, and the committee evidently regard them all as of a trivial character. Two are questions of veracity between Messrs. Reid and Kinsella. In reference to the charges of insubordination against Mr. Reid, the committee find that, while Mr. Reid read certain notices of the Local Committee to the scholars, he did not enforce them strictly. His relations with the Local Committee were such that his resignation or dismissal in July next would in any event have resulted.

Controller's Receipts.

Controller Green reports the following amounts paid yesterday into the City Treasury:

From assessments for street openings and improvements and interest	$3,555 49
From arrears of taxes, assessments, water rent, and interest	16,409 60
From Croton-water rent	2,817 15
From licenses and fines	102 50
Total	[illegible]

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—June 23.

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—10 A. M.

800	Western Union...	85⅝	1100	Union Pacific R.	24⅝
500	do.........s3.	85¾	100	do.........s3.	24⅝
300	do...........	85⅝	100	do...........	25
300	do.........c.	85⅞	100	do...........	25⅛
100	do......b3.	85¾	200	do...........	25⅛
300	do...........	85¾	300	Lake Shore R......	92¾
300	do...........	85⅝	400	do...........	92¾
100	N. Y. C. & H. R..	101⅜	25	do.........s3.	92⅜
300	do.........s3.	101⅜	600	do...........	92¾
50	do...........	101⅝	100	Rock Island R....	108⅝
100	do...........	101⅝	100	do...........	108⅝
400	Pacific Mail.......	38	100	do...........	109
200	do...........	38⅛	500	do...........	109⅛
100	do.........s3.	38	500	Ohio & Miss...s3.	38
100	do.........s3.	38⅛	300	do...........	38⅛
100	do...........	38⅛	300	do...........	38⅜
100	Erie Railway.....	63⅛	100	do.........b3.	38⅛
100	do...........	63⅛	100	do.........s3.	38⅛
100	At. & Pacific R...	23⅛			

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—10:15 A. M.

$3,000 U. S. 5-20 R. '65n 114⅞	$5,000 U. S. 10-40 C.	113
100,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '67 120⅜		

FIRST BOARD—10:30 A. M.

$3,000	Va. 6s. con.	55	100	Pacific Mail...b.c.	38⅛
4,300	Long Dock bds.	96⅛	100	do.........s3.	38⅛
5,000	L. Shore div. bds	94⅞	500	do...........	38⅛
1,000	U. Pac. R. 1st m.	86⅝	200	do.........s3.	38⅛
11,000	U. Pac. 10s in...	57⅞	100	Panama R. s3.	108
3,000	Mich. C. 7s.b.c.	99	200	Erie R.....b.c. s3.	63⅛
2,000	H. & St. J. 8s con.	89⅞	300	do.........c.	63⅛
1,000	Tol. & Wab. 1st	98	500	do...........	63⅛
5,000	T. P. & W., Br. div	83⅛	300	do.........s3.	63
3,000	Gt. W. 1st m., '88	97⅛	200	do...........	63
2,000	B. N. Y. & E. 1st b.c	93⅛	200	Union Pac..b. c. c.	25⅛
2,000	N. J. C. 1st, new.	107	200	do...........	25
2,000	St. L. & I. M., 2d.	88⅞	300	do...........	24⅞
2,000	M. & St. P. 8s 1st.	109	300	do...........	24⅞
3,000	M. & St. P. 7s gold	92⅛	200	do.........c.	24⅞
40	Continental Bank.	80	400	do...........	24⅞
200	Fourth Nat. Bank.	113	300	do.........c.	24⅞
20	German Am. Bk..	102⅛	400	do...........	24⅞
200	American Coal....	62	500	do.........s3.	24⅞
20	Del. & H. Canal...	115⅛	400	do...........	24⅞
100	Con. Coal...b. c. s3.	52⅛	100	do...........	24⅞
300	W. Union Tel. b. c.	85⅛	200	Clev. & P. R. gd...	87⅛
1000	do...........	85⅝	20	do.......b. c.	87⅛
2400	do...........	85⅝	400	Chic. & N. W. R...	72
300	do...........	85⅝	300	do.......b. c.	72⅛
100	do...........	85⅝	200	do...........	72
400	do.........s3.	85	100	N. J. Cen. R....	106
300	do.........s3.	85⅛	500	Chic. & R. I...b. c.	109⅛
200	do...........	85⅝	50	do...........	108⅛
300	do...........	85⅝	100	M. & St. P. b. c. b60.	51⅛
5	Am. Express..b. c.	65	100	do.........s3.	51⅛
200	N. Y. C. & H. b. c.	101⅜	200	Bos., H. & E. b. c.	2⅜
100	do...........	101⅜	100	Del., L. & W. R..	99⅜
200	do...........	101⅜	500	do...........	99⅜
200	do.........s3.	101⅜	10	Chic. & A. Scrip.	98
600	do...........	101⅜	100	St. L. & Iron M..	70
5	L. Shore & M. so..	92⅞	200	Ohio & Miss..b. c.	38⅛
15	do.......b. c.	92⅞	200	do.........b30.	38⅛
15	do...........	92⅞	100	do.........s3.	38⅛
100	do...........	92⅞	100	do...........	38⅛
200	do.........b3.	92⅞	100	do.........b3.	38⅛
500	do.........s3.	92⅞	100	do.........s3.	38
1100	do...........	92⅞	100	do...........	38⅛
700	do...........	92⅞	500	do...........	38
100	do...........	92⅛	100	C., C. & I. C. b. c s3.	28
100	do.........s3.	92⅞	100	do.........s3.	27⅛

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—12¼ AND 2¼ P. M.

$3,000 U. S. 6s. R., '81.. 116⅛	$4,500 U. S. 5-20 C., '67. 120⅝
2,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '65. 117⅜	20,000 U. S. 10-40 Reg.. 112⅛
30,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '65. n. 119⅛	

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—12¼ P. M.

$10,000	N. C. Sp. Tax.	12⅛	500	Union Pacific......	24⅝
5,000	U. P. Land Gr't.	70⅛	100	do.........s3.	24⅝
200	Western Union...	85⅛	600	do...........	24⅛
100	do.........b3.	85⅛	100	do.........b3.	24⅛
200	do.........s3.	85	200	do...........	24⅛
300	Pacific Mail......	38⅛	100	do.........s3.	24⅛
200	do.........s3.	38	200	do...........	24⅛
200	N. Y. C. & Hud..	101⅜	100	Rock Island......	108⅞
100	Erie Railway.....	62⅞	100	Ohio & Miss...s3.	37⅞
100	Lake Shore......c.	92⅛	100	do...........	38
300	do.........s3.	92⅛	1000	do.........c.	37⅞
100	Han. & St. Jo..	34⅛	1100	do...........	37⅞
400	Del., L. & West...	99	500	do...........	38

SECOND BOARD—1 P. M.

$2,000	U. Pacific 1st...	86⅜	300	L. S. & M. S..b. c.	92⅛
2,000	C. & P. con. s. f.	94	17	do...........	92⅛
1,000	Al. & T. H. In.	80	20	do...........	92⅛
1,000	N. J. South. 1st.	74	100	Panama......b. c.	108⅛
800	W. U. Tel.....b. c.	85⅛	800	Un. Pacific...b. c.	24⅛
400	do...........	85⅛	100	do...........	24⅛
200	Pac. Mail..b. c. b3.	38	100	do...........	24⅛
300	do.........s3.	38	100	C. & R. I..b. c. s3.	108⅛
100	do...........	38	125	Illinois Central...	105
200	American Exp....	64	100	do..bet. call.	105
100	N. Y. C. & H...b. c.	101⅜	100	Mil. & St. P..b. c.	51
100	do...........	101⅜	20	C. Bur. & Q..b. c.	104⅛
300	Erie Railway.b. c.	63	100	C. & Alton....b. c.	109⅛
24	Mich. Central....	97	118	Morris & Essex..	91⅛
8	do...bet. call	97	100	O. & Miss..b. c. s3.	38

SALES FROM 2¼ TO 3 P. M.

100	Western Union...	85⅛	500	Erie Railway......	62⅞
800	do...........	85⅛	75	Illinois Central....	105
400	N. Y. C. & Hud..	101⅜	100	St. Paul...........	51⅛
100	Pacific Mail......	38	100	St. Paul Pref......	71⅛
400	do...........	37⅞	100	Tol. & Wabash....	67⅞
600	do...........	37⅞	200	Del., L. & West...	98
100	Union Pacific.....	24⅞	200	Morris & Essex....	91⅛
100	do...........	24⅛	200	Ohio & Miss...s3.	38
300	do...........	24⅛	200	Atlantic & P. P...	23
200	do.........s3.	24⅛	300	Pacific of Mo.....	44⅛
100	do...........	24⅛			

MONDAY, June 23—P. M.

A synopsis of the Report No. 8 of the series of 1872-73, from the Bureau of Statistics, enables us to present the following statement of the Foreign Trade and Specie movements of the United States for eight months of the Current Fiscal Year, to wit, from July 1, 1872, to Feb. 28, 1873, inclusive. Our comparison, it will be noticed, between the Imports and Exports of this period, is made as on the actual consumption in the American markets of Foreign Merchandise, and the clearances of Domestic Produce, (other than Gold and Silver,) at or reduced to their Gold values. The heavy balance between the two is owing, in a large measure, to the withdrawal of Merchandise in Bond, on the 30th June last, when the total in Bond was unprecedentedly heavy, waiting the operation of the Free Tariff on Tea and Coffee, and the reduction of duties on numerous other articles:

FOREIGN TRADE UNITED STATES—EIGHT MONTHS.

Imported Goods, in gross		$418,919,572
Re-exported to other markets		10,338,881
Total as for United States markets		$408,580,691
In Bond, June 30, 1872	$122,211,266	
In Bond, Feb. 28, 1873	66,693,532—	55,517,734
Total taken for consumption		$464,098,425
Exports American Produce, Gold value		327,628,259
Trade balance, eight months		$136,470,166
Exported in Domestic Specie	$56,508,694	
Exported in Foreign Specie	7,442,019	
Together	$63,950,713	
Less Foreign Imported	15,371,491	
Net outgo of Specie		48,579,222
Apparent balance against United States		$87,890,944

Comparison with Eight Months 1871-72.

	July 1 to Feb. 28, '73.	July 1 to Feb. 28, '72.
Goods for consumption	$464,098,425	$369,839,231
Produce Exported	327,628,259	290,113,259
Regular trade balance	$136,470,166	$79,725,972
Net outgo of Specie	48,579,222	27,572,322
Apparent balance	$87,890,944	$52,153,650

The sales of Gold, which left off 115¼@115⅜ ₩ cent. on Saturday, declined to 115⅛@115 ₩ cent. early this forenoon, but on a rise of ⅛ ₩ cent. on Bills on London, under a somewhat improved demand, the Gold Room returned to 115⅛@115¼ ₩ cent. The offerings of Exchange were not so free as at the close of last week, but most of the leading drawers were ready to sell at 109⅜@109½ ₩ cent. 60 days, and 110⅛@110¼ ₩ cent. sight, on London, allowing a small brokerage on these rates.

The rates for Money are the same as on Saturday—5@6 ₩ cent. on call loan, 6½@7 ₩ cent. on prime paper.

On the Stock Exchange the day was unusually dull, and some of the lighter Railroad speculatives were slightly lower at the close of the day. The Railroad Bonds were lower on Union Pacific Incomes. There is hardly anything doing in the Southern State Bonds. The Public Funds were steady, and partially better on the improvement in Exchange. The City Bank Stocks are generally firm. The July Dividends come in quite equal to last January, and in the case of the Fourth National, on a Capital of $5,000,000, the Half-Yearly Dividend is raised to *Five ₩ Cent.*

Closing Quotations—June 23.

	Saturday.	Monday.
United States New 5s	114⅛	114⅛
U. S. 5-20s, May and November	117⅛	117⅛
U. S. 5-20s, January and July	120⅜	120⅜
American Gold	115¼	115⅛
Bills on London, 60 days	109⅜	109½
N. Y. Central and Hudson	101⅜	101⅜
Chicago and Rock Island	109⅛	108⅞
Pacific Mail	38⅛	37⅞
St. Paul Preferred	71⅛	71⅛
St. Paul Common	51⅛	51⅛
Ohio and Mississippi	38⅛	38
Western Union Telegraph	85⅛	85⅛
Erie	63⅛	62⅞
Union Pacific	24⅞	24⅛
Lake Shore	92⅞	92⅛
C., C. and Indiana Central	28	27⅛
Toledo and Wabash	68⅛	68⅛
Harlem	*126	125⅞

*Ex Dividend.

The last prices for the various Public Funds of the United States are as follows:

6 ₩ cent. reg., '81	116⅛	5-20 coup., n. i., '65	119⅛
6 ₩ cent. coup., '81	121⅝	5-20 reg., '67	116⅛
5-20 reg., '62	116	5-20 coup., '67	120⅜
5-20 coup., '62	116	5-20 reg., '68	115⅞
5-20 reg., '64	116	5-20 coup., '68	120⅛
5-20 coup., '64	116	10-40 reg.	112⅛
5-20 reg., '65	116	10-40 coup.	113⅛
5-20 coup., '65	117⅜	5s, coup., '81	114⅛
5-20 reg., n. i., '65	115⅛	6s, currency	114⅛

The following bids were made at the Exchange Board to-day for the State Bonds:

Tenn. 6s, old	79	Ark. 6s, Funded	20
Tenn. 6s, new	79	Ark. 7s, L. R. & Ft. S. is.	18
Va. 6s, old	50	Ark. 7s, Mem. & L. R.	18
Va. 6s, new	50	Ark. 7s, L. R. P. B. & N. O.	18
Va. 6s, Consol. Bonds	54⅛	Ark. 7s, Miss. O. & R. R.	18
Va. 6s, Deferred Bds.	10	Ark. 7s, Ark. Cen. R.	21
Georgia 7s, new	90	Texas 10s, '76	76
N. C. 6s, old	56	Ohio 6s, '75	98
N. C. R. Co. Coup	58	Ohio 6s, '81	101
N. C. Funding act '66	18	Ohio 6s, '86	103
S. C. 6s, Jan. & July	15⅛	Ill. Coupon 6s, '77	98
S. C. 6s, April & Oct.	25	Mich. 6s, '78	98
Missouri 6s	95⅛	N. Y. 6s, Canal L. '73	112
Mo. 6s, H. & St. Jo. Iss.	92	N. Y. 6s, Canal L. '74	110
Mo. 6s, Asy. or Univ.	94⅛	N. Y. 6s, Canal L. '75	106
California 7s	115	N. Y. 6s, Canal L. '77	106
Cal. 7s, large bonds	115	N. Y. 5s, Canal L. '74	106

And the following for the City Bank Stocks:

New-York	131	Bk. of N. America	104
Manhattan	152	Irving	120
Merchants	123	Metropolitan	136
Mechanics'	134⅛	Market	117
Union	133⅛	Nassau	100
City	255	Shoe & Leather	x144
Phenix	100	St. Nicholas	109⅛
Gallatin National	122	Commonwealth	86
State of New-York	110⅛	Ninth National	103
Commerce	113	Oriental	175
Mech. Banking Ass.	100	Bkrs' & Brokers' Ass.	75
Mercantile	132	German-American	102⅛

PHILADELPHIA STOCKS—JUNE 23.

Telegraphed to Messrs. E. D. Randolph & Co.

	Bid.	Asked.
City 6s, old	95⅛	
City 6s, new	101⅛	101⅛
Camden and Amboy	121⅛	122
Pennsylvania Central	108	108⅛
Reading	116	116⅛
Lehigh Valley	61⅛	61⅛
Catawissa Preferred	41⅛	42
Philadelphia and Erie	24⅛	25
Northern Central	36⅛	
Lehigh Navigation	38⅛	39
Lehigh Gold Loan	90⅛	90⅛

The Ninth National Bank has declared a Half-yearly Dividend of *Four ₩ cent.*, payable July 1.

The Pacific Fire Insurance Company have declared a Half-yearly Dividend of *Ten ₩ cent.*, payable July 3.

The Coupons, due in July, on all the Bonds of the Bloomington and Western Road and its connections will be paid by Messrs. Turner Bros.

The East River Bank has declared a Half-yearly Dividend of *Four ₩ cent.*, payable July 1.

The Union Trust Company will pay the July Coupons of the Canada Southern Road.

The Union Trust Company have declared a Half-yearly Dividend of *Five ₩ cent.*, payable July 1.

The Fourth National Bank has declared a Half-yearly Dividend of *Five ₩ cent.*, payable July 1.

The People's Fire Insurance Company have declared a Half-yearly Dividend of *Eight ₩ cent.*, payable July 1.

A Dividend, Half Yearly, of the Norwich and Worcester Road, of *Five ₩ cent.*, will be paid by the Second National Bank of Boston July 7.

The Citizens' Bank has declared a Half-yearly Dividend of *Five ₩ cent.*, payable July 1.

The Broadway Savings Bank will pay a Half-yearly Dividend of *Three ₩ cent.* to depositors July 21.

The Central National Bank has declared a Half-yearly Dividend of *Four ₩ cent.*, payable July 1.

The North River Savings Bank has declared a semi-annual dividend at the rate of *Six ₩ Cent.* per annum.

The Irving Savings Institution has declared the usual semi-annual dividend at the rate of *Six ₩ Cent.* per annum.

It is stated from Washington that the Schedules for paying the *Registered* July Interest on the Public Debt will not be ready before Saturday, June 28. The Coupons will be prepaid on Wednesday, June 25.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

BANKING-HOUSE OF FISK & HATCH,
No. 5 NASSAU-ST., NEW-YORK,
June 24, 1873.

☞ We recommend to our friends and customers for investment of surplus capital, or in exchange for Government bonds,

The Chesapeake and Ohio Seven per Cent. Gold Bonds, principal and interest payable in gold in New-York City; interest payable Jan. 1 and July 1; bonds of $1,000 each, coupon or registered. Price 90 and accrued interest.

THE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILROAD, a great East and West Trunk Line, 420 miles in length, extending from Atlantic tide-water at Richmond to Huntington, the most favorable point of railroad connection with the Ohio River, is completed, and doing a large and profitable business.

ITS TRAFFIC in the transportation of Agricultural Products and general merchandise between the West and the Eastern and South Atlantic States, and in the development of the IMMENSE IRON AND COAL RESOURCES OF THE ALLEGHANIES AND THE GREAT KANAWHA VALLEY, is growing as rapidly as it can be organized.

ITS PASSENGER TRAVEL between the East, and West, and South-west, and to the White Sulphur and other celebrated medicinal springs on its route, is large and rapidly increasing.

Its earnings during the current year will be much larger than has heretofore been anticipated, and will largely increase from year to year.

None of the other great East and West Trunk Lines and Coal and Iron thoroughfares, whose revenues are now so enormous, commenced their business with anything like the assurance of traffic which has greeted the opening of the Chesapeake and Ohio, and its growth promises to equal in magnitude and excel in rapidity that of the most successful of its predecessors.

These facts, together with the thorough construction and substantial character of the Road itself, and the great value of the Company's property and franchises, enable us to recommend their Securities with the utmost confidence.

Pamphlets, containing full information concerning the Road and the country it traverses, will be furnished upon application.

We continue to deal in Government Securities, **Central Pacific, Western Pacific, and Chesapeake and Ohio Six per cent. Bonds,** buy and sell Stocks and Bonds at the Stock Exchange on commission, for cash, make Collections, receive Deposits, on which we allow interest at the rate of Four per cent., and do a general banking business.

FISK & HATCH.

TO INVESTORS.

The Northern Pacific Railroad Company having determined to close its 7.30 First Mortgage Gold Loan at an aggregate not exceeding thirty million dollars, and thereafter to pay no higher rate of interest than 6 per cent. on further issues of its bonds, *the limited remainder of the 7 3-10 loan is now being disposed of* through the usual agencies.

The attention of those wishing to reinvest in

JULY COUPONS AND DIVIDENDS,

is called to this favorable opportunity for obtaining these bonds.

As the bonds of this issue are made receivable in payment for the Company's lands at **1.10**, they are in constant and increasing demand for this purpose, and will continue to be after the loan is closed—a fact which much enhances their value and attractiveness as an investment.

The Company now has more than 500 miles of its road built and in operation, including the entire Eastern Division connecting Lake Superior and the navigation of the Missouri River; it has earned title to nearly ten million acres of its land grant, and sales of lands have thus far averaged $5 66 per acre.

All marketable securities are received in exchange for Northern Pacifics.

JAY COOKE & CO.,
No. 20 Wall-st., New-York.

☞ NORTH CAROLINA BONDS.—A full statement of these securities is given in our Weekly Financial Report, No. 129, June 21. HASSLER & CO., No. 7 Wall-st.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

BANKING-HOUSE OF HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
NO. 32 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

Deposit accounts of mercantile firms and individuals received; all facilities and accommodations granted usual with City banks; in addition thereto four per cent. interest allowed on all daily balances.

Bills of exchange drawn on England, Ireland, Scotland, and the Continent. Travelers' and mercantile credits issued available throughout the world.

LAWRENCE BROTHERS & CO.,
BANKERS, NO. 16 WALL-ST.

Deposits received and interest allowed on daily balances. Collections made.

☞ TEN CENT INVESTMENT.
FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS OF THE VERMONT DIVISION of the PORTLAND AND OGDENSBURG RAILROAD TRUNK LINE.

No security is greater than these FIRST-CLASS RAILROAD BONDS, based on a large property, as well as on a large and constantly increasing income.

The building and management of the road are conducted with such economy and integrity as to make the investment VERY PROFITABLE AND PERFECTLY SAFE.

E. & T. FAIRBANKS & CO., St. Johnsbury, Vt.
FAIRBANKS & CO., No. 311 Broadway, New-York.
FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO., No 2 Milk-st., Boston.

☞ THE CONSOLIDATED 30-year 7 per cent. gold bonds of the ST. LOUIS AND SOUTH-EASTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, issued upon a completed trunk line between St. Louis and Nashville, Tenn., earning more than enough to pay interest and operating expenses, a perfectly safe investment. Price 90 and interest. All marketable securities taken in exchange.

GEO. OPDYKE & CO., No. 25 Nassau-st.
WINSLOW & WILSON, No. 70 William-st.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—Part I.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—Part II.—Held by Van Brunt, J.—Court opens at 10½ A. M. Case on—Harrington vs. Gomperts.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—Held by Daniels, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M. Calendar called at 12 M.—43, Baldwin et al. vs. Limoet; 96, North vs. Collins; 102, Chamberlain vs. Dodge; 106, Cobanks vs. Wells; 113, Earle et al. vs. Scott et al.; 126, Fleck vs. Dietrick; 128, Stevens vs. Foley; 154, Guile vs. Guile; 193, Sprague vs. Lazare et al.; 202, Durant et al. vs. Richard et al.; 208, Myers vs. Beach; 211, Belder vs. Halsted; 213, Manning vs. Life Association of America; 240, Allen vs. The North American Life Insurance Company; 241, Roux vs. Dwyer; 242, In the matter, &c., of Boyce; 244, Ward vs. The New-York and Harlem Railroad Company; 245, Bishop vs. Tiemeyer; 246, Atlantic Savings Bank vs. Hettretch; 248, In the matter of Offerman; 249, State of Tennessee vs. Fairbanks; 250, Challis vs. Woodhull et al.; 251, Compton vs. Smith; 252, Shepard et al. vs. Felt; 253, Platt vs. Coar et al.; 254, Lane vs. McKenzie et al.; 255, Lane vs. Hatch et al.; 256, Lane vs. Vandewater et al.; 257, Lane vs. Coebraum et al.; 258, Bishop vs. Viemeyer; 259, Kaiser vs. Randolph; 260, Graham vs. Canavan. Call 263, Mellville vs. Fennegan.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Held by Sedgwick, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—Case on, Welfich et al. vs. Wood.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Held by Barbour, C. J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—1288, Bailey vs. Griswold et al.; 1140, Roemmelt vs. Waff; 1596, King vs. Wise; 1328, Cassidy vs. Wolff; 2540, Barnes vs. Miner; 2817, McGrath vs. the Mayor, &c.; 2618, Same vs. Same; 2619, Pettigrew vs. The Mayor, &c.; 52, Fowler et al. vs. Kelly, Sheriff; 2032, Dreaness vs. Bruss; 2060, Dankel vs. Goodkind; 1876, Schreiber vs. Schnaelzen; 1976, The Crescent City Bank vs. Mattn; 2044, Rattizen vs. Weincake; 1788, Floim vs. Harnom.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Held by J. F. Daly, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—1490, Patten vs. The Mayor, &c.; 697, Pollock vs. Lilienthal; 2011, Mower vs. Dailey; 2012, Same vs. Same; 1551, Coughlin vs. The Third-avenue Railroad Company; 3389, Cumming vs. The Mayor, &c.; 1012, Merchant vs. Horgan; 2282, Edwards vs. Baker; 1908, Osborne vs. Rechter; 2628, Meehan vs. The Mayor, &c.; 869, Constant vs. The Rector, &c., of St. Albans Church; 969, Carvallo vs. Buikley; 972, Same vs. Same; 751, Parker vs. Washington Ice Company; 1369, Bronx, Administratrix, vs. Washington Ice Company.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Held by Loew, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—2193, Carpenter vs. Thorne; 2196, Strong vs. Sproul; 2195, Knickerbocker Life Insurance Company vs. Payne; 2071, Thompson et al. vs. Fogg; 2117, Ninth National Bank vs. The Ninth Ward Bank; 2110, Wertheimer et al. vs. Frank et al.; 2092, Reuscher vs. Anderson; 2196, Strong vs. Sproul; 2036, O'Rourl vs. Sayre; 2121, Ripley vs. Hebbard; 1912, McGuire vs. Slattery; 2201, Quinn vs. Leintein; 2212, Roux vs. Doying; 1627, Starrett vs. Whitney; 3211, Develin vs. Coleman.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Held by Howland, J.—Court opens and Calendar called at 10 A. M.—2740, Sippe vs. Longstaff; 2358, Rierberton vs. Pettel; 2684, Boyd vs. O'Connell; 2352, Kent vs. Kennedy; 2256, Wattman vs. Smith; 2748, Lane vs. O'Neill; 1459, Preston vs. Watzbold; 1381, The Ninth National Bank vs. McNaeught; 2180, Kerr vs. Kerrigan; 2610, Simon vs. Reming; 2089, Schlor vs. Lehman; 2731, Rosenbuef vs. Oppenheim; 2322, Reeves vs. Dailey; 2761, Baxter vs. Fife; 1990, Volkenning vs. Brown; 2340, Peterson vs. McKeine; 1836, Sterry vs. Prague; 2748, Solms vs. Barmore; 1618, White vs. Nickerson; 2634, Martine vs. Gusinger; 2432, Drew vs. Keys; 1564, Fairchild vs. Bentley; 2752, Becker vs. McGabe; 1678, Nordlinger vs. Kernemann; 2416, Murray vs. Saein; 2243, Eaton vs. Warner.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Held by Spaulding, J.—Court opens and Calendar called at 10 A. M.—2457, Deutch vs. Howard; 2459, Crotty vs. Seabucker; 2461, Baer vs. Solomo; 2437, Besendahl vs. Peyser; 2187, Van Buren vs. Stewart; 2631, Frendenberg vs. Koch; 2682, Barnard vs. Roberts; 967, Garland vs. Berdan; 2758, Wright vs. Franklin; 2387, Howard vs. Mars; 1947, Dunesfeld vs. Muller; 2171, Wyman vs. Hallon; 2469, Bininger vs. Dale; 2575, Stewart vs. Handy; 2477, De Blois vs. Stoker.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part III.—Held by Curtis, J.—Court opens and Calendar called at 10 A. M.—2172, McDonough vs. Danty; 2116, Harricott vs. Post; 774, Simon vs. Foise; 2134, Wilson vs. Hawkins; 1457, Whan vs. Clinchy; 2646, Burkett vs. Negbauer; 1662, Soper vs. Kirk; 2328, Whit vs. Shapter; 2329, Same vs. Same; —, Travers vs. McBean; 2654, McDay vs. Eastbun; 2450, Ferrett vs. Files; 2454, Groody vs. Maurice; 2458, Duke vs. Scranton; 2460, Blake vs. Keyes.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part I.—Held by Hackett, Recorder—Frank O'Neil, robbery; James Connelly, felonious assault and battery; Charles Stewart, felonious assault and battery; Joseph Dalton, burglary; Samuel Robb, burglary; Adolphus Lohman and George O'Keefe, burglary; Michael Kennedy, burglary; William Johnson, burglary; John Barns and William Bell, alias William Edwards, burglary; Henry Frank, grand larceny; Charles Smith and William Grube, grand larceny; Francis Doyle, grand larceny; William Kelly and Alexander Lindsay, grand larceny; Mary Smith, grand larceny.

OYER AND TERMINER—Held by Davis, J.—Frank H. Walworth, homicide.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—JUNE 23.

By Judge Ingraham.

Casserley, Receiver, vs. Manners; motion denied.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Monell.

Beury *vs.* Ketchum; order granted.
Kinne *vs.* Ree; order granted.

By Judge Sedgwick.

O'Donnell *vs.* Lindsay; findings settled and signed.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Larremore.

Gore *vs.* The New-York Oil Company; default opened on payment of costs of motion, and of term; case to be placed on day calendar for trial.

Mack *vs.* Mack; divorce granted.

Adam *vs.* Sylvester; defendant may renew his motion on payment of costs.

The People, &c., *vs.* Hays; application denied.

The People, &c., *vs.* Wright; The People, &c., *vs.* Carriers; The People, &c., *vs.* Scheke; application denied without prejudice to a renewal when charge against prisoners is finally disposed of.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

By Judges Ingraham and Davis.

The Arctic Fire Insurance Company *vs.* Austin; judgment reversed and new trial ordered, costs to abide event. Opinion by Judge Davis.

The People ex rel Dolan *vs.* Lane et al.; order reversed, writ of mandamus granted. Opinion by Presiding Judge Ingraham.

Gelpecke et al. *vs.* Quentell; verdict set aside and new trial ordered, costs to abide event. Opinion by Judge Davis.

Hoyt et al. *vs.* Cobbidge et al.; judgment affirmed with costs. Opinion by Judge Davis.

Lenipan *vs.* Hannen et al.; order affirmed with costs. Opinion by Judge Davis.

Stillwell *vs.* Spaulding et al.; judgment affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Judge Davis.

By Judges Ingraham and Brady.

Crane *vs.* Onderdonk et al.; judgment reversed and new trial ordered, costs to abide event. Opinion by Judge Brady.

Wightman *vs.* The People, &c.; judgment affirmed. Opinion by Judge Brady.

Nolan *vs.* The Bank of New-York; judgment reversed and new trial ordered, costs to abide event. Opinion by Judge Brady.

Millerd et al. *vs.* Thorn et al.; judgment affirmed with costs. Opinion by Judge Brady.

Leverich *vs.* The Mayor, &c.; judgment affirmed with costs. Opinion by Presiding Judge Ingraham.

Peasant *vs.* Pickersgill, Jr.; judgment affirmed with costs. Opinion by Presiding Judge Ingraham.

Audenreid *vs.* The Mercantile Mutual Insurance Company; verdict set aside and new trial ordered; costs to abide event. Opinion by Presiding Judge Ingraham.

Wood *vs.* The People, &c.; judgment affirmed. Opinion by Presiding Judge Ingraham.

Taylor *vs.* Gould; judgment reversed and new trial ordered; costs to abide event. Opinion by Judge Brady.

McLane et al. *vs.* Leyer; judgment affirmed with costs. Opinion by Presiding Judge Ingraham.

Bangs *vs.* Nordheimer et al.; judgment affirmed with costs. Opinion by Presiding Judge Ingraham.

Phillips *vs.* Wolf; judgment reversed and new trial ordered; costs to abide event. Opinion by Presiding Judge Ingraham.

Gilmore et al. *vs.* Crowell et al.; judgment reversed and new trial ordered; costs to abide event. Opinion by Judge Brady.

Goodrich *vs.* Haskins; judgment reversed and new trial ordered; costs to abide event. Opinion by Judge Brady.

Hallgarten et al. *vs.* Eckert et al.; judgment reversed and new trial ordered, and costs to abide event. Opinion by Judge Brady.

The People ex rel. Gundet *vs.* Green; order affirmed with costs. Opinion by Presiding Judge Ingraham and Judge Brady.

Christie *vs.* Parker; verdict set aside and new trial ordered, costs to abide event. Opinion by Presiding Judge Ingraham.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM—JUNE 23.

Before Chief Justice Ingraham and Judge Brady.

THE SUPREME COURT'S ESTIMATE OF STREET CLEANING AS A PART OF CITY GOVERNMENT.

John B. Leaveraft vs. *The Mayor, &c.*—In this action, which was to recover on a contract for the removal of ice, &c., from Broadway, an appeal was taken from a judgment at Circuit in favor of plaintiff for $36,049. Among the exceptions on which the appeal was based was one that the clause authorizing the contract was invalid because contained in an act entitled "An act for the government of the City of New-York," and not within the purpose of such act. In the opinion of this Court, now rendered, Chief Justice Ingraham says: "The statute under which this work was done, chapter 383 of Laws of 1868, authorized not only the removal of snow and ice from Broadway, but also to perform such additional work as they should consider necessary, beyond that required by existing contracts, &c. This gave almost an unlimited discretion as to what work was necessary to be done by the persons so to be employed, so as to keep the streets and avenues constantly swept. If in order to do so it was necessary to clear the streets or remove anything therefrom, it was within the authority conferred upon them to do so."

It is urged that this act being an act to make provision for the Government of the City of New-York could not contain the section above referred to. While the purpose of the act was mainly to provide means to carry on the Government, it was not foreign to that purpose to provide for the expenditure of part of that money so to be received in clearing the streets and making them in a condition fit for public use. I know no purpose more properly connected with the good government of the City than what is necessary to be done in cleaning and keeping in order the streets of a city. After further discussing the regularity of the contract, the approval of the account, and acceptance of the work done, the opinion concludes by saying: "We have looked into the objections, and think there is nothing to warrant a reversal of the judgment."

M. M. Budlong for plaintiff; David J. Dean for defendant.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—PART I.—JUNE 23.

Before Judge Joseph F. Daly and a Jury.

JUDGMENT AGAINST THE CITY FOR THE LOSS OF A HUSBAND.

Elise Louisa Foley vs. *The Mayor, &c.*—This was an action by the widow, as administratrix, to recover $5,000 damages for the death of her husband. It appeared that in March, 1871, the husband of deceased was thrown from his cart, in Fulton-street, by an imperfection of the street, which had been allowed to remain out of repair. The jury found in favor of plaintiff for $4,100.

D. W. Clarke for plaintiff; A. J. Vanderpoel for defendants.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES
At the "Times" Up-Town Office,
No. 54½ West 32d-st., junction Broadway and 6th av.
And the "Times" West-Side Office,
No. 308 West 23d-st., corner of 8th-av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

AT THE PARLORS OF THE
EMPLOYMENT COMPANY,
(Authorized by special act of the Legislature,)
A large number of superior servants are anxious to obtain employment. They comprise all nationalities. Their references are strictly investigated and honesty guaranteed. Employers in want of a thoroughly good and competent servant would do well to call at **No. 602 6th-av. No. 602.**

ALL PARTIES WANTING HELP, and all help wanting situations, call immediately at BOOKHAM'S, No. 335 4th-av. Professed Protestant and all other cooks, ladies' maids, nurses, waitresses, laundresses, house-workers; those lately landed of all nations.

ALL SUMMER HOUSES, HOTELS, boarding-houses, private families, wishing first-class help, all nationalities, male or female, in any capacity, City or country, should call at WALKER'S, No. 188 6th-av., over drug-store.

AT JACQUIN'S FRENCH AND GERMAN Office, No. 621 6th-av., are great quantities of French and German cooks, laundresses, house-workers, maids, nurses, &c.; those of all other nations as well.

AT PELTON & CO.'S, NO. 645 6TH-AV., near 38th-st., formerly with Bedell, competent and reliable servants, Protestant and Catholic, private families, hotels, boarding and Summer houses, City and country; also waiters.

A NUMBER OF GERMAN SERVANTS, highly recommended, constantly found at Mrs. LOWE'S German Institute, Nos. 316 and 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker-st.

CHAMBER-MAID AND LAUNDRESS.—By a neat, tidy young woman who is really competent to perform the duties thoroughly mentioned above; will not object to be useful in a family; has excellent City reference. Call at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner of 6th-av.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A REALLY GOOD and competent girl, as chamber-maid and waitress, or would do the washing for a not very large family; is not afraid of work; sober, honest, and very neat; wages, $14. Inquire at Employment Company, No. 602 6th-av.

CHAMBER-MAID AND FINE WASHER, or Waitress.—By a neat, tidy, young German girl, who has many years experience in either of above capacities; City or country; best City reference. Apply at Jacquin's French Office, No. 621 6th-av., between 36th and 37th sts.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—By a neat and tidy young Welsh girl, in a private family; has good references; is willing and obliging, and understands her work thoroughly; wages moderate for a good home; no objection to the country. Can be seen at No. 138 6th-av., over drug-store.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—By a young, steady, willing girl; a very thorough servant; can do any work except cooking; has several years' references. Call at No. 621 6th-av., between 36th and 37th sts.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A PROTESTANT girl, as chamber-maid and seamstress; understands her business perfectly; best reference from first families; willing to go a short distance in the country. Call at No. 721 6th-av., Reservoir-square.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A COMPETENT girl to do chamber-work and waiting in a private family; City or country; four years' reference from last place. Call at No. 321 7th-av.

COMPANION.—BY A PROTESTANT AMERICAN young woman, to travel with a lady and take care of a child; wages moderate. Address Ada, Box No. 233 *Times* Office.

DOMESTIC HELP
of all nationalities, including
FRENCH AND GERMAN,
constantly on hand at
ODELL'S,
No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.
ALL LANGUAGES SPOKEN.
ESTABLISHED 1852.

COOK.—A GOOD CHANCE FOR HOTEL proprietors or good Summer boarding-houses to secure an excellent French cook; excels in bread, baking and pastry; would like an engagement for the season with her husband, who is a good waiter or steward; moderate wages. Inquire at No. 602 6th-av.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS first-class cook in a private family; excellent baker and understands her business thoroughly in all its branches; no objection to the country during the Summer; best City reference from last place. Call at No. 6 West 44th-st.

COOK – CHAMBER-MAID.—BY TWO Scotch Protestant sisters, one as first-class cook, the other as chamber-maid and waitress; unexceptionable City references; no objection to the country. Can be seen at Odell's Agency, No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS SCOTCH WOMAN, age thirty, with best reference; understands a servant's place; cook, or cooking, washing and ironing; has been in last place three years; no objection to the country. Call at No. 106 6th-av., between 8th and 9th sts.

COOK, AND ASSIST IN THE WASHING and Ironing.—By a capable young woman, with excellent City references; makes good soups, bread, biscuit, desserts, &c.; no objection to the country. Can be seen at Odell's Agency, No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

COOK.—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE WOMAN of thirty; what her last lady says of her: She found her a superior cook and good laundress, excellent baker, very neat and trustworthy, and willingly recommends her; country or City. Apply at No. 335 4th-av.

COOK, OR COOK, WASHER, AND Ironer, or assist in Washing.—By a Welsh Protestant woman; country or city; very respectable, and very good cook; meats, game, soups, pastries, cream; excellent baker, &c.; good testimonials. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

COOK – CHAMBER-MAID. — BY TWO Scotch Protestant sisters, one as first-class cook, the other as chamber-maid and waitress; unexceptionable City references; no objection to the country. Can be seen at Odell's Agency, No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

COOK.—A SUPERIOR FRENCH COOK, about to leave her present employer, who is going to Europe, desires a place with her husband, who is a competent waiter; have the best testimonials and would be willing to come for moderate wages. Inquire at No. 602 6th-av.

COOK.—BY A VERY NEAT, ACTIVE, SOBER, and industrious English Protestant young woman as cook; City or country; comes highly recommended from last employer's, and does not ask high wages. Inquire at Employment Co.'s, No. 602 6th-av., between 35th and 36th sts.

COOK.—BY A MIDDLE-AGED PROTESTANT woman as cook for either private family or Summer boarding-house; understands her work; has the best of references from last place; wages moderate. Inquire at Employment Co.'s, No. 602 6th-av.

COOK, OR COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—By a Protestant woman; very respectable and very good cook; meats, game, soups, pastry; good baker; country or City; best testimonials. Apply at No. 335 4th-av.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY a young Protestant girl as cook, washer, and ironer in a private family in the country; understands her work thoroughly; good references. Can be seen at No. 138 6th-av., over drug-store.

COOK.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN CAPABLE of doing all kinds of good English cooking for a private family; no objection to the country; good reference. Can be seen at Odell's Agency, No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

COOK.—BY A REAL GOOD ENGLISH COOK; a respectable woman, and fully competent to give satisfaction in cooking, in any first-class family who requests such a servant; can give good references. Call at No. 621 6th-av.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY a Protestant cook, washer, and ironer, in a private family; she is a neat, reliable servant, with the best of references; country preferred. Apply at No. 260 6th-av., between 16th and 17th sts.

COOK.—IN THE COUNTRY, BY A SUPERIOR servant; she can furnish best of references, and is an excellent bread and cake maker; would assist with the washing. Apply at No. 87 3d-av., corner 12th-st.

COOK AND ASSIST WITH WASHING.—By an experienced cook; is qualified to do all ordinary family work; makes nice bread, biscuits, pastries, soups, &c.; last employer can be seen. Call at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE FRENCH woman as first-class cook in a private family; country or City. Call or address for two days No. 141 5th-av.

COOK.—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE WOMAN as cook; understands meats, soups, game, pastry, and is also an excellent cook; City or country. Can be seen at No. 305 7th-av.

COOK, &c.—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG woman to cook and assist with the washing and ironing; City or country; excellent City reference. Call at No. 62 East 41st-st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, as first-rate cook; highly experienced; best City reference. Call at No. 689 6th-av.; third bell.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

COOK.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS GOOD plain cook, or general house-work in a small family; best City references. Can be seen at her last place, No. 168 Madison-av.

COOK.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, AS first-class cook; thorough in every branch of cookery; willing to go in the country; best references. Call at office No. 721 6th av., Reservoir-square.

COOK.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN AS first-class cook; understands cooking and baking of all kinds; excellent references. Call for two days at No. 236 West 35th-st.

COLORED USEFUL GIRL IN A private family; she is a good plain seamstress; fond of children; would be found willing and obliging; good reference. Apply at No. 260 6th-av., between 16th and 17th sts.

DRESS-MAKER.—AN EXPERT FRENCH dress-maker solicits engagements by day or week; country preferred; excellent references. Call at No. 18 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

HOUSEKEEPER, OR ATTEND INVALID Lady.—By a respectable woman, who understands her duties in every respect, and can give first-class reference; will take situation in hotel or private family; is competent to take charge of and manage servants. Call at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A PROTESTANT young woman, capable and willing to work; City or country; is a good family cook and laundress; City references. Apply at Odell's Agency, No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

HOUSE-WORK. — BY TWO GERMAN girls; City or country; both in one family; are willing to perform general work; would go to a boarding-house or private family. Inquire at No. 287 Bowery.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A GOOD GERMAN woman, to do general house-work; is a plain cook, a good washer and ironer. Apply at No. 127 Norfolk-st., of M. Hild.

LAUNDRESS. — BY A STRONG YOUNG woman; can do all kinds of French fluting, puffing, polishing, &c.; has superior City references; no objection to the country or a large family. Can be seen at Odell's Agency, No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN, strong, active, and very neat, as laundress in a private family; understands fluting; has five years' reference from last employer; will come for moderate wages. Inquire at Employment Company, No. 602 6th-av.

LAUNDRESS. — BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as first-class laundress; understands all kinds fine washing and ironing; no objections to a short distance in the country; best references. Apply at No. 34 East 40th-st.

LAUNDRESS IN THE COUNTRY.—BY A laundress who does French fluting, clear starching, and all kinds of ladies' fineries; good references. Apply at No. 87 3d-av., corner 12th-st.

LAUNDRESS. — AN EXPERIENCED laundress solicits families or gentlemen's washing to do at home; reliable and prompt. Call or address No. 308 West 23d-st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN AS laundress; the best of City reference; can be seen. Call at present employer's, No. 12 West 45th-st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A COLORED WOMAN, gentlemen's and ladies' washing at her laundry. No. 121 West 25th-st.

NURSE—CHAMBER-MAID—COACHMAN.—A lady, leaving town July 1, wishes to secure good homes in the country for her three servants; a respectable colored woman as child's nurse or cook; a Protestant German girl as chamber-maid or to wait on a lady; a reliable colored man as coachman or waiter. Apply from 11 to 1 o'clock at No. 32 St. Mark's-place.

NURSE.—BY A PROTESTANT FRENCH girl; reliable and trustworthy, and highly recommended as nurse; willing to do chamber-work and sewing; wears caps and does not ask high wages; very neat and pleasant with children. Inquire at Employment Company, No. 602 6th-av.

NURSE.—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT woman, who is thoroughly experienced with young children; fully competent to take entire charge of an infant from birth to bring up on a bottle, and entire management of a nursery; can give twenty years' City reference. Call at No. 602 6th-av.

NURSE.—BY A NICE, TIDY, GENTEEL, young girl; French; either City or country; wishes a good home in a private family; is nice seamstress, and can do plain hair-dressing. Can be seen at No. 621 6th-av., between 36th and 37th sts., French Bureau de Placement.

NURSE.—BY A PERFECTLY COMPETENT and very neat and pleasant Scotch girl as child's nurse; would prove a thoroughly trustworthy and reliable servant; her references are the very best; is a good plain seamstress, and not afraid to work. Inquire at Employment Company, No. 602 6th-av.

NURSE. — BY A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT young English woman as nurse or waitress; no objection to the country; first-class City reference. Call or address for two days No. 243 West 55th-st., in the rear.

NURSE, &c.—CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—By two Protestant girls, one as nurse and seamstress, other as chamber-maid and waitress; no objection to the country for Summer; best City reference. Apply at No. 421 West 34th-st.

NURSE.—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT nurse; is thoroughly competent and reliable; can take charge of an infant from its birth; has the highest reference. Call at office, No. 721 6th-av., Reservoir-square.

NURSE.—BY A MIDDLE-AGED, COMPETENT young woman as child's nurse; has the best testimonials from some of the first families in the City; moderate wages; City or country. Inquire at Employment Company, No. 602 6th-av.

NURSE.—AT HANSEN'S AGENCY, NO. 204 6th-st., near Bowery, wet-nurses and male and female nurses, with reference, are constantly to be found.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY AN EXPERIENCED person. Call at present employer's, No. 108 East 17th-st.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A PROTESTANT woman as experienced seamstress and dress-maker; can cut, fit, and trim ladies' and children's clothes; wishes a few engagements by the day or week; can furnish a Wheeler & Wilson machine if required, or take work home; has no objections to the country; City references. Address for one week H. M. B., *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A SEAMSTRESS WHO understands cutting, fitting, and sewing on the machine; can give best City references; will not object to go in the country or to do a little chamber-work. Call at or address 405 5th-av., French Office.

SEAMSTRESS AND LADY'S MAID.—Has good City references; can be seen at her present employer's. Call at or address No. 405 5th-av., French Office.

SEAMSTRESS.— BY A FIRST-CLASS seamstress, an engagement, by the day or week; a good operator on Wheeler and Wilson's machine. Call or address No. 40 West 33d-st.

WAITRESS.—BY AN ACTIVE YOUNG woman as first-class waitress; can take a waiter-man's place, or to do chamber-work and waiting in a small private family; is willing and obliging; City or country; best City reference. Call at No. 205 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

WAITRESS.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG woman; neat, capable, and active, with superior City references; is an adept at her business and not afraid of work; no objection to the country. Can be seen at Odell's, No. 109 West 34th-st.

WAITRESS.—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, with ten years' first-class City reference from last employer. Call at No. 625 2d-av., north-west corner of 34th-st.

WAITRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, as waitress; has good reference; no objections to the country. Call at 234 East 41st-st.

WAITRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS. Apply at her present employer's, No. 58 East 10th-st.

MALES.

A GERMAN GENTLEMAN, TWO YEARS in a London hides and leather commission house, wishes for an engagement in a similar establishment in New-York, at about three months hence; salary moderate; best references. Letters received by Mr. WM. KER, No. 63 Bergen-st., Brooklyn.

BUTLER, WAITER, AND GENERAL SERVANT.—By a North-of-Ireland Protestant man, lately landed, aged twenty-five years; is a thorough old-country servant, and has best recommendations; wages moderate. Can be seen at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

BUTLER OR WAITER.—UNDERSTANDS his duties as such; best City references. Address M., Box No. 77 *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

COACHMAN, GARDENER, &c.—BY A married man, (one child,) on a gentleman's place; would like rooms for his wife and child to live in, and his wife to do the family washing; he can care and drive horses, milk, do gardening, &c.; good recommendations. Can be seen at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th-st., corner of 6th-av.

COACHMAN, &c.—BY A SCOTCHMAN AS coachman and groom, (single man;) understands his business thoroughly in all its branches; prefers the country; best of reference given as to sobriety and ability. Address B. B., Box No. 17 *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

COACHMAN.—BY A FIRST-CLASS SWEDISH coachman who thoroughly understands his duties in full, with the best of City references; country family preferred. Can be seen at the French Office, No. 405 5th-av.

COACHMAN.—BY A SINGLE YOUNG MAN as coachman and groom; understands the care of horses, carriages, and harness thoroughly; City or country; good reference. Address P. K., Box No. 27 *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

COACHMAN.—BY AN EXPERIENCED German, with first-class City references as to capability, sobriety, and integrity; will be found willing and obliging. Call or address M. H., coachman, No. 206 West 32d-st.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A SINGLE man, English, aged twenty-six; understands his business; can milk if required; City or country; best of references. Address M. F. F., Box No. 141 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A COLORED man who understands his business in all its branches; is a good driver; good City reference. Address J. M., No. 311 4th-av.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY AN ENGLISHMAN, married; six and a half years' good references; no objection to country. Address W. G., Box No. 235 *Times* Office.

COURIER, &c.—BY A YOUNG ITALIAN man as courier or traveling servant; knows Europe well; can speak English, French, and Spanish; wages no object. Address A. T., 63 West 13th-st.

GARDENER, &c.—BY A STEADY, RELIABLE man, on a gentleman's place; a good flower and vegetable gardener; understands care of horse, cow, &c.; is willing, industrious, and not afraid of work; best reference. Address D. S., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

DRY GOODS. DRY GOODS.

NEW PATTERNS AND STYLES IN SUITS, POLONAISES, AND REDINGOTES.

LORD & TAYLOR will offer on MONDAY, June 23, an elegant assortment of EXTREMELY STYLISH LINEN AND LAWN SUITS, POLONAISES and REDINGOTES, of their own manufacture, comprising

FASHIONABLE SUITS in LINENS and LAWNS, handsomely braided in colors, and elegantly trimmed and fringed. POLONAISES in LINENS, BATISTE, and CANTON CLOTHS, in entirely new styles and trimmings. The last-named material can only be found at our establishment, and is remarkable for its ready adaptation to dresses of any shade or color. Also, REDINGOTES in richly-embroidered VIENNA BATISTE. This fabric is exclusive with us, can only be obtained from this house, and is decidedly the richest material for this garment ever offered. These SUITS and GARMENTS are made after patterns by our own MADAME, cut by a gentleman cutter, having no superior in his department, producing styles DECIDEDLY NEW, made up in correct taste, giving perfect fit, and insuring entire satisfaction.

Also, LINEN and OTHER SUITS for TOURISTS, STEAMER SUITS for European travel, LINEN and OTHER WRAPS for RAILROAD WEAR, and a general assortment of goods adapted to the requirements of the present season.

DRESS-MAKING in all its branches, with our usual PROMPTNESS, ELEGANCE, and ECONOMY.

LORD & TAYLOR,

BROADWAY AND 20TH-ST.

R. H. MACY & CO.

HAVE MADE
LARGE REDUCTIONS
THROUGHOUT THEIR
ENTIRE STOCK
preparatory to their
semi-annual stock-taking.

Closing out
PARASOLS.

Closing out
STRAW GOODS.

Closing out
FRENCH FLOWERS.

Closing out
RIBBONS.

Closing out
SEA-SHORE STRIPES

Closing out
LADIES' SUITS,

at

REMARKABLY LOW PRICES.

Constantly on hand,
A full assortment of the celebrated
DEVINCK PRIZE FRENCH CHOCOLATE

R. H. MACY & CO.

14TH-ST. AND 6TH-AV.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE IN RELATION TO JURORS FOR STATE COURTS.
OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF JURORS,
No. 32 CHAMBERS-ST., PARK,
NEW-YORK, June 17, 1873.

Applications for exemptions will be heard here from 9 to 4 daily from all persons hitherto liable or recently serving who have become exempt, and all needed information will be given or suggestions received.

Those who have not answered as to their liability, or proved permanent exemption, will receive a "jury enrollment notice," requiring them to appear before me this year. Whether liable or not such notices must be answered (in person, if possible, and at this office only,) under severe penalties. If exempt, the party must bring proof of exemption; if liable, he must also answer fully and in person, giving full and correct name, residence, &c., &c., and will be allowed a selection from the seasons of Fall, Winter, or Spring to serve in, by applying here before the first or Fall list is sent in next September. No attention paid to letters.

Three lists are now being made of old and new jurors—Fall, (October, November, and December;) Winter, (January, February, and March, 1874;) and Spring, (April, May, and June, 1874.)

Persons "enrolled" as liable and allowed the privilege of selecting one of these seasons must serve when called or pay their fines. No mere excuse will be allowed or interference permitted. The fines, received from those who, for business or other reasons, are unable to serve at the time selected, pay the expenses of this office, and if unpaid will be entered as judgments upon the property of the delinquents.

No person can get excused here, and I am informed that the judges hereafter will not allow merchants, bankers, editors, and men of wealth and intelligence to evade or get excused from the moderate duty required of them.

All good citizens will aid the course of justice and secure reliable and respectable juries, and equalize their duty by serving promptly when summoned, allowing their clerks or subordinates to serve, reporting to me any attempt at bribery or evasion, and suggesting names for enrollment. Persons between sixty and seventy years of age, Summer absentees, persons temporarily ill, and United States and District Court jurors are not exempt.

Every man must attend to his own notice. It is a misdemeanor to give any jury paper to another to answer. It is also punishable by fine or imprisonment to give or receive any present or bribe, directly or indirectly, in relation to a jury service, or to withhold any paper or make any false statement, and every case will be fully prosecuted. No fees of any kind exist or are allowed in regard to jury notices, and any one asking, receiving, or giving any such "fee" or "present" will be arrested by me, and, if possible, punished to the full extent of the law.

DOUGLAS TAYLOR, Commissioner,
Brown-stone Court-house, basement, No. 32 Chambers-st., Park.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STRICTURE OF THE URETHRA.—Often sympathetic of piles and fistula, absurdity of dilation, its rapid cure by the urethrotome. Three type cases addressed to his private surgical class by EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., editor of the *Scalpel*, No. 42 5th-av. Inclose 25 cents by post. Office hours from 8 to 9, 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evening.

BAKERS' AND CONFECTIONERS' UTENSILS.—Ice-cream freezers, tubs, molds, &c. Agent for Mills, Seamen & Packer's patent Philadelphia ice-cream machines. WILLIAM HART, No. 34 Catharine-st., New-York.

FOR SALE.—PART OF A LOT IN GREEN-WOOD Cemetery; location near the Canda Monument. For particulars apply to L. WALKER GORHAM, No. 18 Coenties-slip, New-York.

HELP WANTED.

SALESMAN.—WANTED, BY A WHOLESALE cloth jobbing house, a salesman, with a good reliable trade. Address Post-office Box No. 2,307.

WANTED—IN A SILK HOUSE, A SMART, active young man of sixteen or eighteen years to make himself generally useful; must write a good hand and correct at figures; salary $200. Address, stating references, &c., Box No. 3,290 Post-office, New-York.

WANTED—BY A PRIVATE FAMILY TO go to Newport for the Summer, a Protestant chamber-maid with references. Can be heard of by applying at Mrs. Sanders' office No. 49 3d-av.

WANTED—A GOOD OPERATOR TO WORK on Howe machine; good wages paid. Apply at No. 3 Washington-st. for three days.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

FARMER, &c.—ON A SMALL PLACE, BY an Englishman, aged twenty-five years, who can do all branches of farm-work; also is a good coachman and groom; can do plain gardening, milking, mowing lawn, &c.; good recommendations. Can be seen at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th av.

GARDENER AND COACHMAN.—BY a Scotch Protestant man, aged twenty-five years; is a good driver in City or country; also, a good groom; can milk, tend garden, mow lawn, &c.; is sober, industrious, and obliging; best recommendations. Can be seen at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

GARDENER.—BY A SINGLE MAN WHO understands the culture of hot-house grapes, peaches, plants, &c.; can lay out new grounds; is an excellent bouquet maker and vegetable grower. Address Culture, care T. Plunket, No. 226 18th-st.-place.

GARDENER. — SINGLE; EMPLOYMENT wanted; understands greenhouses, graperies, fruit, flowers, and vegetables; eighteen years' reference. Address Gardener, No. 876 Broadway.

WAITER. — BY AN EXPERIENCED French waiter; speaks English thoroughly; has unexceptionable City references, which will bear the strictest investigation, as to their abilities and general character. Address H. C., *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

WAITER.—BY A PROTESTANT MIDDLE-aged man as waiter in a private family in the country; understands his business thoroughly; four years' reference from his last place. Address H. D., Box No. 39 *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

WAITER.—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, BY A Protestant young man; understands his duties thoroughly; has reference. Address William Henry, Up-town *Times* Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

WANTED—BY A MAN OF EXPERIENCE, a business wagon to drive; understands the care of horses thoroughly, and knows the City well. Address Business Wagon, Box No. 117 *Times* Office.

At the Great East Side Establishment.

E. RIDLEY & SON,

NO. 309 GRAND-ST., NEW-YORK.
PARASOL DEPARTMENT ENLARGED.

PARASOLS.

5,000 Various Children's Lined in Colors, 50c., 75c.
2,500 Ladies' Lined, 65c., 75c., 85c., $1 each.
Our stock of Changeables, Fringed and Lined, unusually extensive, running from $1 50 to $5.

RIBBONS!! RIBBONS!!

All Silk and Gros Grain Ribbons, 10c., 20c., 25c., 35c., and 45c.
6-inch Oil Boiled Sash Ribbons, 65c.
7-inch Oil Boiled Sash Ribbons, 85c.
Watered Sash Ribbons, 6, 7, 8 inches wide, 50c., 65c., 85c., and 95c.
No. 3 and 4 Silk Ribbons, 4c., 5c. per yard.
No. 5 and 7 Silk Ribbons, 7c., 10c. per yard.
No. 9 and 12 silk Ribbons, 13c., 18c. per yard.

FRENCH FLOWERS and FEATHERS.

SPECIALTIES---FANS!

At 4c., 5c., 8c., 10c., 20c. Cheapest line of Fans, up to $20, ever offered in this City.

250 Real Lace Shawls

AND

SACQUES,

LESS THAN COST OF IMPORTATION.

Real Laces greatly under regular prices.
Swiss Ties, Parasol Covers, Fringes, Passementerie Gimps and Trimmings.
Oxidized Ornaments, reduced 50 per cent.
Real Russian and Morocco Leather Bags and Satchels and Belts, with Attachments, 50c., 75c., $1 up.
Infants' and Children's Carriages, from $1 25 to $50.

New Delivery of Silver-Plated Ware.

BARGAINS IN JEWELRY.

7,500 pairs Corsets, 50c., 65c., 75c., 85c., $1 up.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS. PRICES LOWER.

KID GLOVES.

One-button Ladies' Kid Gloves, 45c. to 75c. pair.
Two-button do., 75c. to $1 25 pair. Edward Glove.
BEST LOW-PRICED GLOVE IN AMERICA.

EDWARD RIDLEY & SON,

Nos. 309, 311, and 311½ GRAND, and
Nos. 62, 64, 66, 68, and 70 ALLEN STS., New-York.
Fifth Block East from the Bowery.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 20th day of June, A. D. 1873, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of WILLIAM H. WATERBURY of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 345 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before John Fitch, Register, on the 9th day of July, A. D. 1873, at 1 o'clock P. M.

OLIVER FISKE,
United States Marshal, as Messenger,
Southern District of New-York.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ALFRED P. EDGERTON, Jr., bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by Alfred P. Edgerton, Jr., in said District, duly declared a bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 2d day of July, 1873, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Edgar Ketchum, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, Nos. 12 and 14 John-street, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted. Dated New-York, on the 9th day of June, 1873.

GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of OSCAR A. JOBES, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—A warrant in Bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the estate of Oscar A. Jobes, of the City and County of New-York, and the State of New-York, in said district, adjudged a bankrupt upon the petition of his creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 322 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 6, in said district, on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1873, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of Isaac Dayton, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said court.

OLIVER FISKE, Marshal—Messenger.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of EDMUND P. SANGER and WALTER SCOTT, bankrupts.—This is to give notice that a second general meeting of the creditors of said bankrupts will be held at No. 345 Broadway, in the City of New-York, in said district, on the 9th day of July, 1873, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of John Fitch, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy in said district, for the purposes named in the twenty-seventh section of the act of Congress entitled "An act to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States," approved March 2, 1867.—Dated New-York, June 20, 1873.

RICHARD WARREN,
EDWARD ROWE, } Assignees.
A. BLUMENSTIL, Attorney for Assignees.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States, for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN R. SURBRUG, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Isaiah T. Williams, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of John R. Surbrug, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York City the 12th day of June, A. D. 1873.

JOHN FRANK, Assignee,
No. 39 Beaver-st., New-York City.
C. H. MACHIN, Attorney for assignee, No. 322 Broadway, New-York.
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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of the MARKET SAVINGS BANK, a bankrupt.—To all creditors and other persons interested: You are hereby notified to show cause, if any you have, before James F. Dwight, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 7 Beekman-street, in the City of New-York, on THURSDAY, June 26, 1873, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, why compensation should not be made to the assignee in this matter in addition to commissions, and why an allowance should not be made to his attorneys and counsel.—Dated June 21, 1873.

F. W. WORTH, Assignee.

MARBLE MANTELS.

MARBLE AND MARBLEIZED MANTELS AND TILING.

Superior to anything offered in this City; also, monuments, head-stones, counters, and wainscoting; fine selections at S. KLABER & CO.'S Steam Marble-works, Nos. 217 to 223 West 51st-st., between Broadway and 8th-av.

STEWART'S SLATE MANTELS, RICH and elegant designs; slate work of every description; marble and wood mantels. T. S. STEWART & CO., No. 220 and 222 West 23d-st., near 7th-av.

PERSONAL.

MISSING—ON THE 16TH OF APRIL, FROM London, a gentleman whose name is ALFRED H. DELVES. His anxious friends suppose him to have sailed for New-York in the Denmark, from Gravesend, and will forgive the grief he has caused them if he will only write to relieve their anxiety.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, JUNE 24, 1873.

Amusements This Evening.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.—MADELEIN MOREL. Mr. Geo. Clarke, Miss Clara Morris.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—MORA; or, THE GOLDEN FETTERS—Miss Kate Rogers, Mr. Owen Fawcett.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—FIDELIA—Little Nell.

UNION-SQUARE THEATRE.—JANE EYRE—Miss Charlotte Thompson, Mr. D. H. Harkins.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.—DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE AND CURIOSITIES—Afternoon and evening.

BRYANT'S OPERA-HOUSE.—ETHIOPIAN MINSTRELSY—Dan Bryant, Seymour, Reed.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—KOOMER—Mr. Gus. Phillips.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN.—SUMMER NIGHT'S CONCERT by Theo. Thomas' Orchestra.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE HALL.—POPULAR EVENING CONCERTS—Mr. F. I. Eben, conductor.

IRVING HALL.—INTERNATIONAL BILLIARD MATCH.

The New-York Times.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES is pre-eminently a family paper, all objectionable advertisements being rigidly excluded; and it has a constantly increasing circulation among the most respectable classes of the community.

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The EUROPEAN EDITION, per annum, postage extra 3
The SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, per annum..... 3
The WEEKLY TIMES, per annum..... 2

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THE NEW-YORK TIMES,
New-York City.

To Advertisers.

☞ For the accommodation of up-town residents, advertisements for insertion in the TIMES will be received at No. 54 West 32d-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av.; No. 308 West 23d-st., opposite Grand Opera-house, at same rates as are charged at office of publication.

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Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot under any circumstances return rejected communications, nor can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

The Democrats have "resolved" that it is desirable to unite upon a distinct line of policy before the Fall elections are held. Unfortunately for the Democrats, it is much easier to pass such resolutions than to find the policy. They have no leaders and no principles. Their stock in trade was sold off at an "unprecedented sacrifice" last year. They went into partnership with their bitterest foe, and threw all their worldly goods out of the windows, in the hope of getting back to power. There is now absolutely nothing upon which they are agreed. The Liberal Republicans are really managing the Democratic Party, much to the disgust of the old-fashioned leaders. We know what the alliance accomplished last year.

It was encouraging to be told the other day that the American department at the Vienna Exhibition is not likely to prove a total failure. It certainly had a narrow escape. Every arrangement had broken down, and the original Commissioners were unable to bring any order out of the chaos. Luckily, Mr. THEODORE ROOSEVELT happened to be passing through Vienna, and he was eagerly pressed into a very arduous and thankless service by our Minister there. His efforts soon produced good results, and they were vigorously carried on by Mr. JACKSON S. SCHULTZ. To these two gentlemen we shall chiefly owe whatever success we may now gain at Vienna. They were both in Europe on a holiday, and both were called upon to do hard work. The public is much indebted to them, although no one has yet taken the trouble to say so.

The Council of Political Reform has prepared and transmitted to the Governor a number of reasons why he should withhold his signature from the infamous "Newspaper bill." We reprint this memorandum in full in another column. Most of the points taken will be familiar to our readers, as they have again and again been presented in these columns. The matter is one that closely affects the interests of every tax-payer, since the almost mandatory provisions of the bill will have the effect of extracting from the public treasury at least a million of dollars which are not equitably due. No respectable paper in this City has dared to defend the Advertising bill, and the obscure and disreputable sheets which maintained a lobby at Albany to secure its passage, ought, like other people who have untenable claims against the City Government, to be left to find such remedy as the courts will grant them.

Several very serious fires are reported this morning in various parts of the country, but this City has escaped, notwithstanding the drouth and the fact that the tower-bells are still silent. Efforts continue to be made to induce the Fire Commissioners to rescind their action in this matter, but no argument is advanced which has not been found to be without force. If the advocates of the bell-ringing can show, from the official records, that our engines are less quickly at fires, or get there less efficiently manned, as a result of the bells not being rung, they will show something worth taking into serious consideration. Until they can make such an exhibit as this, the Commissioners could not expect public approval if they were to return to a system which in many ways was a detriment to the department, and involved an expense of $34,000 in salaries, which most people believed to be so much public money thrown away. The demand for these bells comes chiefly from some of the insurance companies, who naturally desire to have every chance of being notified of a fire, in order that their representatives may be present to look after their interests, but it is plainly wrong to continue any public service merely for the possible benefit of a single class.

Commissioner CHARLICK can blame no one but himself when his surgeon system proves to be a total failure, as the Board of Police yesterday turned over the whole matter to him to be dealt with "in his discretion." In order to prove that he has no "discretion," and as an acknowledgment that his novel "reform" is too expensive to be continued, CHARLICK has determined to require his three salaried surgeons to supervise the entire Police force, and will not allow his feed retainers to be called in until one of the three salaried officials has decided treatment to be necessary. The idea that three physicians can cover the whole area of this City and attend to 2,100 men who are alleged to be largely addicted to "malingering," could not have entered a mind less fertile in expedients for muddling public business than that of CHARLICK. From the official figures we lately published it will be seen that each of these three surgeons will be required to attend about sixteen calls every day, and as they must, besides, examine large numbers of applicants for appointment every week, the extreme difficulty of the task imposed upon them is apparent. If CHARLICK can find, and will detail for his personal use, a surgeon who can prescribe successfully for a defective moral sense and a damaged reputation, he will be doing something that will meet with general approval.

While the courts are treating SHARKEY with a consideration he never displayed for the community that too long permitted his lawlessness, his friends are engaged in badgering the members of the jury to sign an affidavit that their recommendation to mercy was an expression of opinion that the punishment of the prisoner should be imprisonment for life. To their great credit, most of the jury have declined to sign this document, and we hope they will continue to resist whatever threats or persuasions may be addressed to them by the sort of people SHARKEY has for friends. The punishment of this man is a matter for the law speaking through the courts, and finally for the Governor of the State to determine, and was never in any wise the province of the jury which tried him. It was for them to say what crime he had committed; and having said that in the way determined by the law, any further utterances from them are unnecessary. The attempt to induce them to express an opinion in a matter with which they have nothing to do while the case is still pending before the courts, is not only indecent, but an interference with the course of justice which should not be allowed.

The probable adjournment of the Constitutional Convention, without definite action, ought to incite Philadelphia Reformers to renewed efforts to throw off the Ring tyranny under which their City Government stands disgraced before the entire country. The abortive conclusion of this year's labors of the Convention is only a fresh proof of how thoroughly the corrupt elements of both parties are determined to keep things as they are. The repeal of the Special Election law must be accomplished at the polls in any case. If the rowdies and repeaters who obey the orders of CASSIDY and MCMULLEN and the election judges who act under the immediate orders of State-House row can cheat the Reformers out of the election of their candidates, they can likewise cheat them out of the adoption of the amended Constitution. Let the Philadelphia Reformers lend all their forces toward securing the success of their ticket at the October election, and a general purification of local and State politics will follow as a matter of course. Without this preliminary triumph over the ruffianism of the wards, Philadelphia may make up its mind to submit to the reign of terrorism, jobbery, and plunder as heretofore.

Brooklyn City Government.

The charter for Brooklyn is still in the hands of the Governor, and this fact has given its opponents courage to commence a promiscuous assault upon it. They have represented, and possibly believed, that the delay in signing the bill comes from the discovery by the Governor of some serious objection to it, and that if there is any considerable show of opposition in the city, the act will fail. There is not the slightest ground for these assumptions. The Governor desires only to give the charter a candid and careful examination, and his taking time to do so affords no proof that he means to reject the bill.

On the other hand, there is much reason to think that the more closely he inspects the law, the more cause for approving it he will find. The charter, as we have already pointed out, is a great improvement on the confused and loose system that has heretofore prevailed. It secures the one great advantage, that it turns out or renders helpless the remaining members of the old Ring in the City Government, and completes the task of placing the various departments in the hands of upright and capable men. If nothing else were gained by it, this would be a great advance. But very much more is gained. If our Brooklyn readers will take the trouble to read the report to the Committee of One Hundred made by Controller SCHROEDER, and Messrs. HUNTER and PERRY, they will see that the charter provides for the systematic and practical working of the city government. It especially improves the machinery for the collection of taxes, the sale of property for arrears, the levying of assessments for local improvements, and the custody and disbursement of the public funds. This is a very important matter. To the tax-payer it is one of the most important of all matters connected with the government. Brooklyn tax-payers have been sorely oppressed in the past by the clumsy and fraud-inviting provisions of their charter in these respects. Vast amounts of property have escaped taxation by failure to assess improvements, or by failure to assess at all. Large amounts, in addition, have been exempted through favoritism in the collection of taxes. Deficiencies caused by the delinquencies of a proportionately small number have been re-levied not only once, but twice, on those who had the misfortune to be honest. On the other hand, property-owners have suffered great expense, and even the loss of property, through innocent omissions of which they had no knowledge, and which they could correct only with heavy cost if at all. In addition to the burden thus inflicted by mismanagement or corruption in the general tax levy, many pieces of property have been saddled with other burdens, nearly or quite ruinous, growing out of special assessments, in regard to which the owners had little knowledge and no control.

The new charter endeavors to do away with these evils. The opportunities under it, for unjust or corrupt assessment or collection of taxes are as few and as small as business experience and practical sagacity can make them. The Board of Assessors is made large enough to do its work well—a change demanded by the best men of both parties. Adequate means are provided for making known to it all improvements in buildings. The Collector is surrounded by the strictest safeguards against favoritism. The proceeds of taxes collected are turned immediately into the treasury for the use of the city. Special improvements have to be ordered with the greatest publicity. Delinquent tax-payers are to be amply notified of the charges against their property, and fair opportunity is given them to pay up, while the penalty of failure is greatest, and not, as now, the least, for those who neglect their duty longest. These changes are all in the right direction, and have only to be understood to be approved.

Meanwhile, an attempt is being made by interested parties to show that the reform officials—mostly Republican—who have been so far installed, have increased heavily the taxes of the City, and this is relied on as an argument against the completion of the work by the enactment of the new charter. The attempt takes the form of a charge that the tax rate for this year will be fifty per cent. higher than it was last year. This charge is absurd on the face of it. In the first place, the amount of this year's levy is not yet fixed. In the second place, if every cent is allowed to the various departments asked for by them, the rate would not be advanced over last year. If, as is certain to be the case, the requisitions of the departments were cut down, the rate will be lower than last year. We submit to our readers the proof of this assertion in the following figures from the official records. Last year the tax rate was $3 55. This year the following amounts have been asked for, or are required by law:

City's proportion of County tax	$1,529,398 16
Board of Education	1,039,666 48
Department of City Works	325,000 00
Park Commissioners	234,774 45
Fire Commission	312,800 00
Police	686,650 00
Board of Health	50,000 00
Principal of bonded debt falling due	202,540 72
Principal of City certificates	31,000 00
Interest on bonded debt	1,021,290 00
Interest on certificates	11,377 57
Assessments for repaving	110,353 91
General purposes	886,500 00
Salaries of City officers	295,000 00
Wells and pumps	8,700 00
Collection fees	226,122 00
State tax	1,100,000 00
Total	$8,071,112 29
Less Revenue fund	471,981 27
Balance	$7,600,042 02

This amount is made up in part of items for which the maximum fixed by law at 2.30 per cent. on the present valuation of $212,000,000, would be $4,876,000. As a matter of fact, the requisitions for the items thus limited by law exceed this maximum by $160,663 37. This sum, therefore, must be deducted from the above total, leaving it $7,439,378 65. This amount is the utmost that by any possibility can be appropriated. If it were appropriated, it would result in a tax rate of $3 51, which is four cents per $100 less than last year.

We make these statements in the interest of no party. It is true that most of the city authorities of Brooklyn are Republicans, but those of them who are, have received the cordial indorsement of the best members of the Democracy, and in the good government they have given the city they have been aided by Democrats. It is the right of every citizen to have good government at the least possible cost, and therefore we are interested in repelling false charges against the credit of a city from whatever motives made.

Judicial Authority.

In the old days, when judges were more jealous of their dignity, and perhaps had more to be jealous of, contempt of court was a serious offense—easy to commit, and difficult to condone. But in this, as in many other respects, the lapse of time has relaxed the old strictness. In part, no doubt, this must be traced to the general lack of reverence which marks the modern spirit. But here we have had another cause operating powerfully to a diminution of respect in the attitude of the Bar toward the Bench, perhaps even of sensitiveness in the latter for its own dignity. We have had so many courts, contempt of which was the first impulse and normal feeling of all honest men, that the old rule naturally fell into abeyance. Like such forgotten crimes as sorcery and witchcraft, the offense determined for want of proper subjects. The very notion of contempt of court where BARNARD or CARDOZO presided was ludicrous.

But now that we have arrived at a better state of things, with a purified Judiciary, and a Bar awakening slowly but, let us hope surely, to a sense of its responsibilities and its duties, a little of the ancient strictness would, perhaps, be salutary. Things occur every day in our court-rooms, from sheer thoughtlessness on one side, and a mistaken indulgence, or it may be callousness, on the other, which, if not amounting exactly to contempt, at least have a tendency to bring judicial authority into disrespect, and so are deserving of rebuke. Nor are such errors confined to minor tribunals, or committed by lawyers of inferior reputation or experience. On the contrary, practitioners of eminence constantly fall into them, and judges of approved probity and learning permit them to pass unnoticed.

Examples of the sort of fault we refer to are unhappily not uncommon, but two cases of recent occurrence are especially noticeable. In the Train case, it will be remembered Judge DAVIS directed the jury to bring in a verdict of guilty, and refused a request of defendant's counsel to poll. The trial of Miss ANTHONY at Canandaigua before Judge HUNT, of the United States Circuit Court, ended in precisely similar fashion, with a direction from the Bench for a specified verdict, and a negatived demand that the jury should be polled. Now the object of polling the jury, as the reader is doubtless aware, is to ascertain from each of the jurymen that he concurs in the general verdict, or to give him an opportunity in open court to express his dissent, and it is intended to remedy any possible misunderstanding or coercion in the jury-room. But where the juryman is left no option, where he is directed to return a stated verdict and no other, under pain of contumacy, it is difficult to see the object of calling for a poll unless as a defiance of the Court. We do not suppose that either Mr. CLARK BELL in the Train case, or Judge SELDEN in the Anthony case, had any such intention, and their action does not appear to have been so construed by either of the presiding Justices. Yet the motion under the circumstances appears susceptible of no other intelligent construction, and, we are very sure, from other Judges in other times would have elicited a decided reproof.

These may seem like trifles, but they are trifles of moment when it is considered that on the authority and dignity of the Bench, not less than on its purity and learning, depend the proper administration of justice and the welfare of society. We do not believe our Judges are likely to become arbitrary or oppressive in the administration of their powers, and we should not be sorry to see them more exacting of respect, and more ready to check even technical and unintentional slights to their high office.

A Fourth Without Fire-Works.

It is all very well for Boston to call itself the intellectual hub of the continent, and to boast itself of its numerous philosophers and its frequent new religions. Boston, however, should not permit its intellect to dwarf its patriotism, nor its pride in its new religions to overshadow its pride in the Great Republic, of which it is a part. And yet this would seem to be the present condition of the Bostonian mind. Recently that city forbade the sale of fire-crackers within its limits, and only last week decided to appropriate no money for Fourth of July fire-works. Doubtless the Bostonian philosopher will claim that reverence for the Fourth of July is entirely separable from the noisy celebration of the day; but this sophistry will not be accepted by plain people. The Fourth of July has been practically abolished by Bostonian legislation, and the only conclusion to be drawn from this fact is, that Boston, given over to the pride of intellect, has lost the patriotism that was once its proudest boast.

Heretofore, in all well-regulated American cities, the glorious Fourth has been celebrated with great unanimity by both young and old. The small boy has regarded it as a day consecrated to the production of hideous noises, and the reasonable man has looked upon it as a day when he must fly to the mountains and caves of the rural districts, to escape the roar of crackers and the smell of gunpowder. Thus the old man of seventy and the boy of three, have each, in their own way, celebrated the anniversary of our nation's freedom. But when, as in Boston, the element of powder is eliminated from the Fourth, what remains? The small boy cannot celebrate the day, except, perhaps, with the feeble mockery of tin pans and penny whistles, and the grown man, finding no cause for fleeing to the country, remains at home without in any way recognizing the duties of the day. The whole frame-work of the Fourth is, so to speak, knocked away, and there is nothing left by which to distinguish it from the 4th of January or the 4th of November, or any other commonplace and comfortable day. It is true that some Bostonian may be found who will publicly read the Declaration of Independence, but as that ceremony rarely attracts any audience except one composed of very deaf old ladies and exceedingly immature nursery-maids, it will hardly be regarded as a celebration of the Fourth. Sad as it may appear, the fact cannot be doubted that Boston has openly and knowingly abolished the Fourth of July, and all the incidental accidents and fires connected therewith.

Of course, we shall be told that this course is a wise and admirable one. The Bostonian casuist will argue that the putting out of small boys' eyes with fire-crackers, the perforating of casual women with wandering pistol-bullets, the blowing away of reckless arms and legs by the premature explosion of dilapidated cannon, the wholesale frightening of horses by the terrific concourse of uncouth noises, and the burning of whole blocks of houses, as in Portland, are not the sole means by which rational beings can demonstrate their patriotism and love of liberty. We shall be told that the Fourth can be celebrated with strawberries and picnics and quiet pleasure parties quite as well as by gunpowder and drunkenness and uproar. We, in this City, at all events, do not intend to be imposed upon by such shallow pretenses. We shall cling to our fire-crackers and fire-works, and celebrate the day in the old-fashioned manner. And so when the 5th of July shall come, and we shall read of the dozens of people that have been maimed and blinded by gunpowder, and of the score of buildings that have been set on fire, we can proudly claim that we have done our duty as American citizens, and thank heaven that we are not a cold and calculating community like the Bostonians.

A Romance of Canada.

Just thirty years ago this Summer, a little child, three years old, was playing on the stoop of its father's house, in Quebec. The house was in Richardson-street, and in what are known as St. Roch Suburbs. For some reason the child's nurse was out of the way for a time, and no one kept watch on its movements. When the family came to look for the little one—a great favorite with all—it was gone. Inquiries were instantly made in every direction, but in vain. Night was coming on, but the whole suburb was searched, and through the long hours of darkness the distracted parents, aided by neighbors and police, hunted through the city. Next day, a reward was offered, and the hunt was kept up more assiduously than before. All was fruitless. Weeks, months, and years rolled away, and the child was unheard of. At last the family mourned their treasure as dead. Whatever its fate, there seemed no earthly chance that they would ever hear of it more. And yet, about six weeks ago, there came a dénouement to this story of real life so odd and unexpected as to deserve record among the much-talked-of cases wherein life's actual events transcend those of fiction.

One morning last May a gentleman went from Quebec to Montreal, and, being in the latter city, stepped into a shop to buy a hat. This gentleman was a friend of the family who had lost the child, and whose name was RICHARD. He observed, in entering the shop, that the keepers' name was RICHMOND. This trifling and partial coincidence would have made no impression had he not directly after noticed a surprising resemblance between RICHMOND, the hatter, and the RICHARD family of Quebec. Going home to his lodgings, he wrote the adventure to his mother, who lives in that town, and, after posting the letter, felt strongly moved to return and cross-question RICHMOND touching his origin. This was done, and to some purpose, for RICHMOND declared that he had been reared from infancy by an Indian woman whom he had been taught to regard as his mother. She had always been kind to him, but never, until lying on her death-bed, confessed the fact that she had stolen him from his parents' door when an infant, had brought him into the forest among her own red brethren, and raised him for her own. His family name she said she had forgotten, but gave that of "Richmond" as being something like it. After the squaw's death the young man went to Quebec and tried to find his people. But the change of name, his own extreme ignorance and simplicity, and the probable absence at the time of his parents, prevented his success. Afterward he made his way to Montreal, and got into the trade he was following when discovered. The story was quickly conveyed to the RICHARD family, and the mother came on to Montreal, where, by certain birthmarks known to herself, she was able to corroborate the identity of her long-lost child. The process being the opposite of that employed with an equally mysterious hatter in "Box and Cox," is pronounced entirely satisfactory by the Canadian Press, which is consequently in the enjoyment of a sensation of strictly home manufacture, combined with the rarer merit of strict veracity. If a hatter, with anything like lyric propriety, can be transformed into a tenor, we have here the structure of an opera at least as good as that of the "Bohemian Girl," and enterprising native composers should hasten to make use of so promising an indigenous growth.

Griqualand.

Griqualand is perhaps at this moment the oddest country to live in under the sun. It includes what are called the South African Diamond Fields, and, if what we are told is true, it includes a great deal more. In fact it would be hard to say, judging from the reports, what it does *not* include. The area is some 18,000 square miles and the whole is affirmed to be good grazing land. It extends from the Orange River to the territory of the Chief of the Batlapin, famous mainly for feathers and for drinking out of skulls. Of course Griqualand is full of diamonds—fuller than Sinbad's roc-haunted valley—at least the Governor of the Cape Colony, Sir HENRY BARKLY, says so, and he is a gentleman of unimpeachable credit. But this is not all. There is iron in Griqualand, and coal and lead and copper—and, at last, we tell the tale as told to us—auriferous quartz reefs of great richness and extent.

Usually such joys as these are coupled with serious drawbacks. The country that boasts them may, at all events, be expected to be inaccessible and unhealthy. Not so Griqualand. You get there in half the time it takes to go to Australia or California, and, if you are lucky, you get twice as much when you arrive. Then the region is from 3,000 to 4,000 feet above the level of the sea, and the salubrity of the atmosphere is beyond compare. As to the soil, its productive wealth above is worthy the mineral richness below. You have only to tickle it with a hoe, and no end of succulent vegetation springs up in a day while you are pailing up diamonds from a neighboring gulch somewhat lower down. No wonder that Griqualand is white with tents as was the "Happy Valley" of San Francisco in 1850. No wonder that the home exporters are instructed to send out only the "best of everything," as befits the elect of the earth who are spading out gems by the quart, and that in a land flowing with milk and honey. The only thing that surprises us is that the Cape Colony is not entirely deserted, and that the whole population of South Africa does not immediately swarm to "Du Toit's Pan" and "De Beer's New Rush."

We suspect, however, that the canny graziers and traders of Capetown take all these tales of diamonds, and gold, and gorgeous dreams of splendor made real in a day, with certain grains of salt. There is grave doubt as to how far the precious stones will hold out; there are already 40,000 diggers on the ground, and bands of natives are flocking in, whose presence, if it does not lead to bloodshed, is pretty sure to cut down profits. Moreover, the unnatural conditions of life at the diggings beget sickness, in spite of the healthy air, and the scarcity of safe medical attendance adds to the disadvantages of the situation. Besides this, again, while the world is made noisily aware of the hits of the lucky ones in the Diamond Fields, the fate of their less fortunate companions is left in comparative obscurity. Griqualand is a great little country, no doubt, but it has blanks as well as prizes, and the wise do not need to be told what is the usual proportion of the former to the latter.

MINOR TOPICS.

One of the Roosevelt-street ferry-boats ran down a small yacht on Sunday, and drowned two of its unfortunate occupants. This is the fifth or sixth accident of the kind which has occurred within a month. It would be interesting to know whether there is any remedy against the ferry companies for these frequent reckless or willful accidents. The law requires steamers to give way in all cases to other craft. The ferry-boat pilots, however, entirely disregard this law whenever the humor suits them. The occupant of a small boat who sees a ferry-boat approaching has the legal right to hold his course. He frequently does so, until he perceives that the ferry-boat is steering directly toward him. He then attempts to get out of the way, but finds that it is too late. He is run down and drowned, but we have yet to hear of a case in which the reckless ferry-pilot has been brought to punishment.

The long-continued drouth of the present month has nearly ruined the strawberry crop in this State, and in many parts has entirely destroyed the hay crop. The forests having become thoroughly dry, are in excellent condition for firewood, and large fires are raging in the neighborhood of the Highlands. Year by year the Summer drouths have been increasing, and such will continue to be the case so long as the present reckless destruction of the woods in the northern part of the State continues. This is a matter of quite as much importance to the dweller along the Hudson as it is to the farmer. If the Adirondack forests are cleared away, the springs that supply, in great part, the Hudson river will vanish, and what is now one of the finest water-routes in the world will become useless for navigation for a long distance below Albany. Will our legislators awake to the evil in time to arrest it?

Permission has been given by the Board of Supervisors of Kings County to the Brooklyn Industrial Institute to use the Twenty-third Regiment Armory for its exhibition next Fall, *i. e.*, from Sept. 15 to Oct. 15. This association is designed to encourage the industries of Brooklyn, and its fair last year was a surprise to everybody in its completeness, extent, and variety. Only goods of Brooklyn make are exhibited. Yet the association already has applications for room for machinery alone which will engage the whole of the large building known as the Rink, on Clermont-avenue. The Brooklyn people are proud of the enterprise. More than a quarter of a million persons visited the fair last year.

It is said that the directors of some of our Eastern railroads look askance on the Western plan of refusing free passes. There may be a reason for that. A president of a road in Connecticut recently received requests from two gentlemen to be elected as directors, it being supposed that his influence would secure that object. One was an ex-judge of a respectable court; he was very old, very wealthy. The other was a minister of the Gospel, also very wealthy, and supposed to be of high character. Both of the applicants stated, without compunction, that their principal motive was the desire for free traveling which they supposed to be one of the perquisites of the position. Here are samples from State and Church of the extent to which people, able to pay their own way, hunger after the free enjoyment of the property of others. It would be cruel to give the names of these aspirants for the profit and honor of deadheadism, but it would be no more than just.

The necessity and the benefits of target practice by our militiamen were at once and strikingly exemplified in their competition, on Saturday, at Creedmoor. The Twenty-second Regiment is one of the few City organizations which has made systematic efforts at improvement in marksmanship by practice in its armory. Consequently, on Saturday it came out head and shoulders beyond all other competing regiments. In the National Guard match against teams from fifteen other New-York regiments, five from New-Jersey, and two from the regulars on Governor's and Willett's Islands, it carried off eight out of thirteen prizes, including the team prize and the first five prizes. Its score, compared with that of its closest rival, the Twenty-third, of Brooklyn, stood, for 200 yards, 136 to 104, and for 500 yards, 126 to 55—a very perceptible interval. Considering that the possible number of points on each range was 240 for a team of twelve, this cannot be called very good shooting, but such as it was, by far the best of it was done by the Twenty-second, whose superiority is certainly due to their armory practice. Other regiments who feel an honorable emulation in this matter would do well to make a note.

An experiment is about being tried with a band of Indians in Southern California, the result of which will be watched with peculiar interest. Last month a company purchased some 51,370 acres of the finest lands in San Diego County for the purpose of sheep farming. These lands have heretofore been inhabited by a considerable number of Indians, who, it is said, have long held to the belief that they are the owners, and that the whites have no right whatever to disturb them. The new purchasers, probably anticipating a difficulty of this kind, undertook to make matters pleasant by permitting the Indians to remain in occupation in the capacity of herdsmen. A deputy sheriff has been sent to officially notify them as to the legal ownership, and large flocks of sheep are soon to be placed in their keeping. Whether the noble red men will take kindly to such a compromise has yet to be proved. The object of the company, it seems, is, if possible, to preserve the peace until the population of San Diego County so increases as to admit of a large profit being made by cutting the lands into farms of a size to suit settlers.

"What the gold mines are to California, and the rice swamps to Louisiana, the working women are to Massachusetts." Miss JENNIE COLLINS, the Boston philanthropist, thus replies to the thousand and one letters that have been sent her during the past few years from distant States and Territories, inquiring what could be done for the "surplus 75,000 wretched, over-worked, half-paid women," whose presence is such a sore affliction to the inhabitants of the Bay State. "Three years' close observation," says Miss COLLINS, "with all classes, from the finely-educated, dependent lady, down to the little girl who was obliged to sleep, night after night, under a pile of boards to escape the violence of an intoxicated parent, has furnished evidence that there is not one woman in this Commonwealth who is not absolutely needed." Writing of Boston more particularly, she says: "What Italy is to the artist and Germany to the musician this city is to the gifted tradeswoman. A glance at the shop-windows will show that capable young women embrace the grand career which is afforded them. Boston is like a niche that can take in a giant or a dwarf, so the very poorest come here as well as the best." This explanation surely ought to have the effect of convincing the good-natured outside barbarians that they had better save their postage-stamps and reserve their sympathy for those who are in more need of it than the working women of Massachusetts.

The timidity with which capitalists approach mining schemes, however attractive they may be made to appear on paper, is doing much to retard the progress of mining enterprise all over the country. According to the Salt Lake *Herald*, Utah is suffering very severely because of this feeling. From every part of the Territory letters continue to pour into the office of that journal complaining of a lack of capital for the opening of mines. The *Herald*, believing it to be out of the question to try and influence anybody to invest money in "placing a mine," suggests that those having the means should take shares with the miners in developing mines already discovered. In that way it thinks that investors would be enabled to realize a splendid return, without much risk. One district, (the Star,) it appears, is mainly owned and worked by men of limited capital, "and it promises at no distant period to be among the richest in the Territory."

LONG BRANCH.

The Reported Illness of the President—Arrival of Visitors.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

LONG BRANCH, June 23.—The report that President Grant is seriously ill is entirely without foundation. This evening he drove out as usual in his buggy, and is in excellent health. The President has not been ill, and probably no one is more astonished than he at the story of his danger.

Long Branch is becoming quite crowded, and is likely to be more resorted to than ever this year.

The weather is cool, with showers of rain.

Mr. Murphy's son, who was shot in the leg by accident, is progressing favorably.

MUTILATED CURRENCY.

Revised Regulations Concerning Issue and Redemption.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—The Treasury Department has promulgated a revised regulation concerning the issue and redemption of United States currency, rendered necessary by the passage of a law requiring postmasters to register, free of charge, letters containing mutilated currency mailed to the Treasurer of the United States for redemption, and new currency returned therefor by him; the discontinuance of the practice of returning transfer checks for remittances received by him by express, and the abolition of the franking privilege to take effect July 1, 1873. Among the new rules are the following: Banks and other parties situated without the limits of the territory covered by the contract, are permitted to forward currency for redemption to the Treasurer by express at the expense of the department only in sums of $1,000 or an even multiple thereof. The remittances should be marked "Under the Government contract with Adams Express Company," from the point of connection with that company. The charges should be prepaid to that point, the bill therefor being sent to the Treasurer for settlement through the proper accounting officers in favor of the consignor. New currency will be returned in all cases at the expense of the department.

The department is desirous of withdrawing from circulation all legal-tender notes issued prior to the issue of 1869, whether they are mutilated or defaced or not, and will redeem on the same terms and in the same manner as notes unfit for circulation. All remittances of money by mail for redemption must be addressed to the "Treasurer of the United States, Washington, D. C." Under the act of Jan. 31, 1873, abolishing the franking privilege, all letters containing such remittances must be prepaid with the full legal rate of postage, the same as ordinary letters. Letters that are not prepaid are not mailed to the destination, but are sent to the dead-letter office. The postage on all letters whatever must be prepaid. It is, however, the duty of the postmaster to register, free of charge, all letters containing currency of the United States addressed to the Treasurer for redemption, on which the postage has been fully prepaid, and all new currency returned by him therefor. It is recommended that all such letters be registered, as the registration is a protection against loss.

Returns for amounts of $5 and upward in fractional currency, and $50 and upward in legal-tender notes received by express, are invariably made by express, at the expense of the department, to the parties from whom the old currency is received, in new legal-tender notes or fractional currency in such denominations as the owners may request. When the kind of currency desired is not specified returns are made in new currency of the same kind as that received. The practice of returning transfer checks for such remittances has been discontinued in all cases.

Returns for less than $50 in legal-tender notes, and for less than $5 in fractional currency, received by express, are at the expense of the owner, the charges at contract rates being deducted from the remittance.

Masonic Appointments by the Grand Master of New-York.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 23.—The Grand Master of Masons in the State of New-York, Christopher G. Fox, promulgates the following as his appointments of associate grand officers and district deputies: Associate Grand Officers—Charles Roome, New-York, Grand Marshal; Seymour H. Stone, Syracuse, Grand Standard-bearer; George Van Vest, New-York, Grand Sword-bearer; Henry A. Richey, Brooklyn; Frank M. Hopkins, Keeseville; Levi M. Gano, Watkins; William A. Brodie, Geneseo, Grand Stewards; John C. Boak, New-York, Senior Grand Deacon; James E. Morrison, New-York, Junior Grand Deacon. District Deputies—First District, Caleb B. Ellsworth, Maspeth; Second District, James M. Rowan, Brooklyn; Third District, Horace C. Sawtelle, Brooklyn, E. D.; Fourth District, Horace S. Taylor, New-York; Fifth District, John J. Gorman, New-York; Sixth District, Walter S. Pinckney, New-York; Seventh District, Thomas C. Cassidy, New-York; Eighth District, Philander Reed, New-York; Ninth District, Orlando D. M. Baker, of Poughkeepsie; Tenth District, Charles B. Gray, of Port Jervis; Eleventh District, Sanford J. Thatcher, of Cobleskill; Twelfth District, Jesse B. Anthony, of Troy; Thirteenth District, Norman Z. Baker, of Whitehall; Fourteenth District, Clinton Chatfield, of Herkimer; Fifteenth District, Edwin M. Holbrook, of Ogdensburg; Sixteenth District, Richard H. Huntington, of Adams; Seventeenth District, George F. Burn, of Hamilton; Eighteenth District, Robert P. Barnard, of Greene; Nineteenth District, George J. Gardner, of Syracuse; Twentieth District, Chauncey N. Shipman, of Elmira; Twenty-first District, John Vandenberg, of Clyde; Twenty-second District, George F. Loder, of Rochester; Twenty-third District, Robert J. Jillson, of Hornellsville; Twenty-fourth District, Henry A. Childs, of Medina; Twenty-fifth District, Lorenzo M. Kenyon, of Buffalo; Twenty-sixth District, Wm. S. Gleason, of Mayville. Lodges working in the German tongue in the City of New-York and vicinity, C. F. L. Hohenthal, of New-York. Lodges working in the French, Spanish and Italian tongues, Jacob Vartner, of New-York.

THE COLLEGES.

YALE.

Commencement of the Sheffield Scientific School.

From Our Own Correspondent.

NEW-HAVEN, Monday, June 23, 1873.

Although the Sheffield Scientific School is an integral part of Yale College, it is one of the many various departments called by that name, and as such it has a Commencement of its own distinct from the Commencement exercises of the Academical Department on Thursday next. These exercises took place this evening at Sheffield Hall, and were attended by quite a large audience. The special feature of the evening was the reading of selections from some of the graduating theses, which were prepared by the Senior Class. The following are the names of the gentlemen who read the essays, and also of the subjects upon which they wrote:

E. A. Wilson—On Artificial Building Stone.
N. B. Craig—On the Bridge Over the Connecticut River at Middletown.
H. G. Wolcott—On the Transit of Venus.
W. R. Comings—On Steam Boilers and their Construction.
Robert Jaffray—On English Society in the Fourteenth Century, as Illustrated in the Writings of Langland and Chaucer.
E. J. Hall—On the Transmission of Power by Compressed Air.
G. A. Cragin—On Silk Manufacture in the United States.
W. L. Scaife—On Fire-proof Structures.

The subjects may seem of too technical a nature to interest a mixed audience, but it must be remembered that they were not prepared for this purpose, but are parts of the examination and serve to prove the ability of the student to investigate selected themes. In each a large part of the essay was omitted in reading.

The reading of the theses closed at about 10 P. M., when the assembled company were invited to partake of a collation, which closed the exercises of the evening.

The following prizes of the value of $10 each were announced on the printed order of exercises:

SENIORS.

For excellence in German, W. L. Scaife.
For excellence in French, Robert Jaffray.
For excellence in civil engineering, W. L. Scaife.

JUNIORS.

For excellence in junior mathematics, Allen B. Howe, Charles J. Moore.

FRESHMEN.

For excellence in French studies—W. A. Pratt, with honorable mention of G. R. Kleeberger.
For excellence in German—C. W. Fenn, with honorable mention of G. R. Kleeberger.
For excellence in mathematics—C. Hildebrand.
For excellence in physics—G. L. Brownell.
For excellence in orthographic projection—J. G. Bromley, W. A. Pratt, with honorable mention of F. T. Chambers.

The following statistics as to the applications for admission to the Freshman Class are of importance, as indicating the size of the next class. Although it is only a preliminary examination, there are thirty-nine applications, of whom eleven were admitted, twenty-five were conditionally admitted, and three withdrew as being not sufficiently prepared. These figures indicate a class fully as large as the last, which numbered over eighty. Owing to the aid given to the school by the State it is yearly entitled to a number of scholarships, of which there were only five or six vacant this year. The applications for these vacancies would have filled them five times over.

Although the graduating exercises took place to-night, the degrees will not be conferred until next Thursday. Appended is the list of names of candidates for degrees:

Doctors of Philosophy—A. J. Du Bois, C. S. Hastings.
Civil Engineers—G. B. Crittenden, H. W. Lindsley.
Dynamic Engineers—J. F. Klein, T. W. Mather.
Bachelors of Philosophy—Messrs. Auchincloss, Bailey, Browne, Bulkley, Comings, Cogswell, Croile, Cragin, Curry, Dowing, Ganse, Hall, Hoyt, Jaffray, Jenks, Moore, Parks, Pomeroy, Rockwell, Rowland, Savage, Scaife, Sellers, Smith, Taylor, Wilson, Wolcott.

Class Day at Princeton.

The Class Day exercises at Princeton College yesterday, took place in the Second Presbyterian Church. The graduating class numbers seventy-six. The church, long before the doors were thrown open, was surrounded by an eager multitude of ladies and gentlemen, and at 2 o'clock the inside of the edifice was thronged. Admission was had only by tickets, and the demand for them was great. The Class Day Committee were D. T. Morrel, of Delaware, Chairman; Richard Canfield, Michigan; J. C. Ernst, Kentucky; E. F. Garrett, Pennsylvania; H. H. Hewett, Pennsylvania; S. J. Shaw, Pennsylvania, and Martin Dennis, New-Jersey. A. C. Canfield acted as grand usher, assisted by sixteen of his classmates. These gentlemen were all of them decorated with orange rosettes and ribbons, the gentlemen ushers also having batons, which were ornamented with orange streamers. Dodworth's Band, of New-York, discoursed the music, playing selections from Strauss, Balfe, Rossini, Offenbach, &c.

The graduating class were all of them in the best of spirits, and, in accordance with the time-honored customs of old Princeton, they were having the day all to themselves. J. H. Carver, of Ohio, delivered the oration; J. B. Conover, of New-Jersey, the poem; J. R. Adams, of Pennsylvania, the memorial oration; H. J. Van Dyke, Jr., of New-York, composed the words to the class ode, which was sung toward the close of the exercises by the class in chorus. The cannon exercises, a peculiar feature of Princeton, were very interesting. The ceremonies began with the singing of "Come, Seniors, come, and fill your pipes." J. P. Kennedy Bryan, of Charleston, S. C., was the class historian. Presents were then made to "Our Class Joker," "Our Nazarite," "Our Jurist," "Our Reprobate," "Our Smiling One," "Our Politician," "The Ideal Jerseyman." S. C. Wells, of California, made the presentation oration to each of the chosen ones for the gifts coming to them under the above designations. H. J. Van Dyke, Jr., of New-York, was the reception orator. The speeches were decidedly humorous, and created much laughter and comment. The recipients of the gifts, exposed as they were to the view of the entire audience, manifested considerable alarm, mingled with a little well-assumed sang froid. The ceremony of the presentation of a life-size bust of President McCosh by the class to the college was also gone through with during the afternoon. This bust, which is a fine work of art, was made by J. A. Bailey, of Philadelphia. It cost $1,000, and will be placed in a prominent position in the new library.

Class Day closed in the evening with a promenade concert by Dodworth's Band in the college campus. The campus was illuminated with Chinese lanterns, and presented a brilliant appearance. The throng at the concert was great, and the President, Professors, Alumni, undergraduates, strangers, and ladies mingled in enlivening social intercourse.

To-day (Tuesday) the procession will be formed at the college chapel by the marshal, Hugh L. Cole, A. M., of New-York, class of 1859, and move to the First Presbyterian Church, where the annual oration before the literary societies will be delivered by Hon. Henry H. Ross, of Pennsylvania, class of 1857. At the conclusion of Judge Ross' oration the library inaugural address will be delivered by the poet, William Cullen Bryant. Later the school of science inaugural address, on the occasion of the opening of the school of science, will be delivered by Prof. Joseph Henry, LL. D., of Washington.

Alumni Association of the General Theological Seminary.

The annual meeting of the Alumni Association of the General Theological Seminary will be held this evening at Calvary Church, Fourth-avenue. The sermon will be preached by the Rev. Morgan Dix, D. D., at 8 o'clock.

The annual breakfast and social reunion will take place to-morrow morning at the Gramercy Park House, East Twenty-first-street, at 8 o'clock.

Other Colleges.

CLINTON, N. Y., June 23.—The annual announcement of Hamilton College prizes took place in the chapel, on Saturday morning. Nineteen different prizes were awarded. The successful competitor for the Clark prize in rhetoric and oratory was Oliver Ernesto Branch, of North Madison.

The sixty-first Commencement was introduced by the Baccalaureate sermon of President Brown yesterday. Rev. Dr. Gulliver, of Binghamton, delivered the address before the Society of Christian Research to-day. The Kingsley prize debate upon the subject, "Should Railroads Extending Through Different States be Under the Control of Congress?" is going on. The disputants are six seniors.

CARLISLE, Penn., June 23.—The Commencement exercises at Dickinson College opened yesterday with a large attendance. The sermon, by Dr. Hamlin, was one of great power, also the Baccalaureate sermon by President McCaulay. Prof. Himes' lecture, before the Scientific Society, was brilliantly illustrated.

ELMIRA, N. Y., June 23.—Last evening the Commencement exercises of the Elmira Female College were inaugurated by the delivery of the baccalaureate address by Rev. President Cowles. This evening the Callisophian Society gave its seventeenth annual public entertainment at the college chapel. It drew the largest crowd ever gathered at a college entertainment here.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., June 23.—The Polytechnic College of Pennsylvania held its twenty-sixth commencement in the Academy of Music this evening. A large audience assembled to hear addresses by Hon. G. W. Woodward, of Philadelphia; Hon. H. B. Palmer, of Luzerne, and Hon. Wayne MoVeagh, of Harrisburg. Seventeen gentlemen received the degree of bachelor of arts, and two the degree of master of arts.

THE CHILDREN'S EXCURSIONS.

Progress of the Movement—The South Orange Picnic—Additional Contributions.

The excursion given on Saturday last having proved so successful, others will follow in regular order, and as often as may seem desirable. The next picnic is to take place on Saturday next, instead of to-morrow, as previously announced, the change being considered advisable. The excursion will be known as the Henry Clews Picnic, and the children are to embark on board the barge Sarah Smith, at the foot of Christopher-street, North River. When all are on board, the party will proceed to Excelsior Park, on the Hudson. Besides the schools of the Children's Aid Society, four or five hundred children from the streets will be given a genuine holiday, so that is expected that the number will be fully as large as that secured on Saturday last. The same programme will be followed in caring for and feeding the boys and girls, and the Governor's Island Band will be in attendance. Ample supplies of provisions have been ordered, and a detail of police has been granted by Superintendent Matsell.

The good people of South Orange, N. J., have already perfected their arrangements for entertaining the party of children we have been invited to take there. The movement owes much of its success to Prof. Robert Grimshaw, for he has labored assiduously ever since the invitation was given. The Committee of Arrangements announce that they have been granted the use of the beautiful grounds and woods on the estate of Mr. George Freeman, on the Walker road, a short distance from the Morris and Essex Railroad. It is proposed to furnish all the food necessary for the large number of children invited, and a cash contribution to the Fund is also to be made, in order that the expenses of the trip may fall to the share of the residents of South Orange. The Morris and Essex Railroad Company have also offered a train at reduced rates, as their contribution to the excursion.

The following additional contributions to the Fund are duly acknowledged:

American	$50 00
Alice F. Hallet	20 00
Miss H. B. T	10 00
J. Gould & Sons	10 00
Mrs. H.	10 00
Levi Holbrook	5 00
Kenneth and Hugo (Bethlehem)	2 60
L. J. W.	2 50
From a class of little girls in the Irvington, N. Y., Hope Mission Sunday-schools	2 00
Gertrude Gutmann (saved from pennies)	1 00
H. C.	1 00
Total	$114 00
Previously recorded	4,927 50
Aggregate of Fund	$5,041 60

We have also received 500 tea-spoons, free of charge, from the Russell & Erwin Manufacturing Company, as their contribution to the Fund.

THE CASE OF SHARKEY.

The Prisoner Not Yet Sentenced—A Postponement Granted.

The announcement that William J. Sharkey, who was on Saturday found guilty of the murder of Robert S. Dunn, would be sentenced yesterday morning by Recorder Hackett, in the Court of General Sessions, attracted a large crowd of the idle and curious toward the brownstone building in the City Hall Park. Long before the doors of the court-room were opened the passages and stairways in the immediate vicinity were blocked up. As soon as the doors were opened all kinds of devices were resorted to by the crowd in the hope of gaining admission, and, although many were refused entrance, so great was the demand that at 10:30 every inch of space in the court-room was occupied. By 11 o'clock the court was crowded to suffocation, and an unbroken sea of faces extended from the prisoner's box to the other extremity of the building. Outside the jam extended from the entrances along the corridors, and the efforts of court officers and policemen failed to keep back the surging crowd.

Messrs. Beach, Brooke, and Mitchell, Sharkey's counsel, were early in attendance, as were the three brothers of the prisoner. The Recorder, accompanied by Sheriff Brennan, took his seat at 11 o'clock. The excitement, which had all through been intense, reached its climax when the prisoner was brought in, looking deadly pale and agitated.

The court having been opened, Mr. Brooke rose and said that as his Honor knew a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree was rendered by the jury in the case on Saturday last, and on application of his counsel, the prisoner was remanded in order that counsel might make preparation to move for a new trial as there were some points in his Honor's charge to which they wished to take exception. There were also other matters of most serious import which could not be presented to the Court in such a short time, as the counsel for the prisoner had been unable to obtain a copy of his Honor's charge to the jury from the court stenographer. He, therefore, asked that a further stay of one week be granted in order to prepare their motion.

Assistant District Attorney Russell urged that this motion should not be granted. He thought that no exception could be taken to the charge, which had obtained sufficient consideration from the Court. The points of error, if there were any, would be passed upon by a higher court.

The Recorder stated that he had given all the points in this trial his most earnest and serious consideration. He thought that no argument which could be adduced would induce him to change his decision and grant the motion asked for. If he saw that any wrong had been committed toward the prisoner, he would gladly have it righted.

Mr. Beach had a conviction that with a fair consideration of the circumstances of the verdict, they would be able to present some points of error which would secure them a new trial. They had not yet been able to obtain a copy of his Honor's charge, and, therefore, had not been able to prepare their argument, but hoped to be able to do so by Monday next.

The Recorder said that in order to give counsel the opportunity to present their motion he would sit on Saturday and hear the argument.

The prisoner was then remanded to the Tombs, and the crowd slowly dispersed.

The brothers of Sharkey visited the jurors in the case on Sunday and yesterday, and urged them in the strongest terms to sign an affidavit setting forth that their recommendation to mercy was an expression of the conviction that the punishment of the prisoner should be imprisonment for life, and not death. The foreman and several of the jurors firmly declined to sign the document, stating that the verdict rendered by them was unanimous, and not the result of a compromise, and adding that the affidavit presented for signature did not express their opinions. It was admitted by some of the jurors, however, including the two who were at first in favor of a verdict of manslaughter, that they had signed the document. The relatives of the prisoner are confident that they will be able to obtain the signatures of the majority, or possibly of all the jurors, before sentence is passed.

Amusements—Mr. Thomas' Benefit-Night.

This evening is set apart, at the Central Park Garden, as the occasion of Mr. Thomas' benefit. The highly-interesting programme selected for recital has already appeared in print in these columns. We trust its interpretation, to-night, may be enjoyed by an audience in proportion with Mr. Thomas' great deserts.

The Jersey City Annual Schuetzenfest.

The third annual Schuetzenfest of the Jersey City Schuetzencorps commenced yesterday at the Schuetzen Park, Union Hill, and will be concluded to-day. The corps assembled at their head-quarters, No. 186 Newark-avenue, Jersey City, at 9 o'clock yesterday, when the procession was formed under the direction of Marshal David Ettling, in the following order: 1. Decorated wagon, with "markers" and "warners" in uniform. 2. Decorated wagon, with band. 3. Invited guests from all the Schuetzencorps of the United States. 4. The Jersey City Schuetzen. Capt. Herman D. Schroeder. The two last sections were in barouches. The procession paraded the principal streets, after which the corps and its guests took up the line of march for the Park, where a dinner was provided, after which the shooting was commenced. The contest will be concluded at 4 P. M. The prizes will be distributed this evening, when there will be fire-works and a balloon ascension.

THE BILLIARD CONGRESS.

Two Exciting Games—Dion Beats Deery—Ubassy Vanquished by Daly—The Scores.

The opening games of the great billiard tournament for the "three-ball" championship of the world were played last night at Irving Hall. An immense crowd of billiardists and admirers of the game was present, and great enthusiasm was manifested in the play of the respective favorites. The first game was between John Deery and Cyrille Dion, three balls, 300 points up, on the regulation size Phelan & Collender table. Chris. O'Connor announced the conditions of the game, and introduced Deery and Dion to the assemblage. Isadore Gayraud acted as referee and Mr. Wilmarth as scorer.

Dion won the lead on stringing, and made the first shot, winding up when he had scored 6. Then Deery took the cue in hand, but put it down with a run of 3. Dion seemed to be in excellent humor and play, for with scarcely an effort he executed several difficult "round-the-table shots," which added 17 to his score. At the very first of the game it became evident that Deery's chances were slim, for he played without his usual nerve. When an opportunity offered to display his billiardistic skill, he was unable to improve it, and played much more like an amateur than a professional. Dion, on the other hand, worked the balls around the table as if they were completely subject to his will, and he had only to point his cue to induce them to come together. The probability is that Deery was discouraged at his repeated discomfitures recently by Dion, and felt that there was no chance whatever of winning the game. In the thirteenth inning, Dion, by a succession of difficult shots, brought the ivories together by the upper cushion, and succeeded in adding 71 to his score.

Here Dion passed his first hundred, the game standing Dion 140, Deery 30. Then it was "all day" with Deery, for Dion kept on increasing his lead without playing a single safety shot. At the "call" after Deery passed his first hundred, the game stood Dion 221, Deery 133. Then, in the thirty-first inning, Dion ran 75, leaving only 3 to go. In the thirty-third inning, Dion closed the game, it standing Dion 300, Deery 136. The following is the score:

Innings.	Dion.	Deery.	Innings.	Dion.	Deery.
1	6	3	18	0	1
2	17	3	19	0	5
3	12	1	20	2	3
4	0	0	21	4	22
5	0	2	22	11	0
6	7	4	23	1	0
7	2	0	24	10	7
8	8	3	25	0	7
9	7	0	26	0	0
10	0	2	27	8	0
11	12	2	28	0	8
12	0	10	29	13	13
13	71	0	30	1	26
14	0	1	31	75	1
15	2	0	32	0	0
16	24	5	33	3	2
17	0	3			
Total				300	136

Dion's average was 9 1-11.
Deery's average was 4⅛.

Dion was declared the winner amid great applause. An intermission of ten minutes was given, and then the game, with the same conditions as the preceding one, was called between François Ubassy and Maurice Daly, the champion of the United States. The contestants seemed to be in splendid trim. Ubassy, of whom so much has been said, is one of the most singular looking persons in New-York, and is one of the last whose personal appearance would indicate a talent for billiard playing. He appeared like a farmer or a newly-arrived emigrant, and set every one laughing when he bowed at the beginning of the game. As soon as he began to play it became evident that the stories of his extraordinary billiard playing which have floated to New-York from other cities had not been exaggerated, for he certainly executed the most marvelous shots, considering that it was a game for the championship. Twenty-two was the first run of any account made by Ubassy. Daly passed his first hundred, however, while Ubassy stood at 90 in the sixteenth innings. Then Ubassy by a run of 47 passed his antagonist. The luck seemed to be going all in Ubassy's way until Daly in the twenty-first inning scored 62. The scores of the players continued nearly even for a time, and while Daly stood at 199 Ubassy had a score of 194. In the twenty-ninth inning Ubassy ran 17, passing his second hundred. The game then stood Ubassy 211, Daly 199. Then Daly got the balls in the corner, and, amid the wildest excitement on the part of the spectators nursed the balls along the upper cushion until he scored 36. The game at this point stood Daly 255, Ubassy 211. Ubassy only ran 3. In the thirty-third inning, while Ubassy had the balls together, Daly claimed a foul, which was decided against him, but as the balls froze they were spotted, when Ubassy failed to count. Daly only scored 1. Then Ubassy ran 28, the game standing Ubassy 253, Daly 244. Then Daly got the balls together and again passed his opponent, amid great applause. Ubassy sat fidgeting uneasily in his chair, but got up in a hurry when Daly finished his run of 28. He slipped up without making a carom, and Daly ran 5. Ubassy ran only 2, and Daly scored 3. Ubassy slipped up again. The game stood Daly 279, Ubassy 254. Then Daly went to work in right earnest and left Ubassy sitting uneasily in his chair until all but two were run. Ubassy missed; then Daly made another carom. Ubassy missed again, and Daly finished the game amid the most uproarious cheering. The following is the score:

Innings.	Daly.	Ubassy.	Innings.	Daly.	Ubassy.
1	0	1	21	62	0
2	13	3	22	0	1
3	15	1	23	11	17
4	3	2	24	0	0
5	10	19	25	5	0
6	2	13	26	1	0
7	0	10	27	1	5
8	18	0	28	1	3
9	0	1	29	1	17
10	0	1	30	36	3
11	4	0	31	3	3
12	11	17	32	5	8
13	8	0	33	1	28
14	4	22	34	2	0
15	7	0	35	4	1
16	7	8	36	3	0
17	4	16	37	19	0
18	1	7	38	1	0
19	2	47	39	1	..
20	5	0			
Total				300	254

Daly's average 7 17-39
Ubassy's average 6 13-19

Arrest of an Adroit Forger.

For the last three years George B. Grinnell & Co., No. 34 Broad-street, have been in the possession of information regarding a person who would go to some bank in another city and present drafts and checks upon their house, with their signature forged at the bottom, and endeavor to obtain money upon them. Many unsuspecting persons were victimized, for when the forged paper came to the house upon which it was drawn, of course it failed to be honored. This forger, who, by his multifarious operations, became a continual source of trouble to the house of Geo. B. Grinnell & Co., was first heard of in New-Orleans and then in Memphis, Cincinnati, Chicago, Baltimore, and Philadelphia, but he escaped from these cities, always having a few hours' start of the police and detectives who were put on his track. Pinkerton's detectives were called into requisition, but failed to capture the adroit swindler. About three months ago this man, whose name had been ascertained to be J. M. Henderson, arrived in Jersey City and presented a forged draft upon George B. Grinnell & Co. The bank where it was taken sent over to New-York to inquire concerning its genuineness, but while the messenger was on his way, Henderson very wisely cleared out. About three weeks ago he turned up in Nyack and swindled the Rockland Bank out of $700 on a check of $8,000, which he deposited and then drew against. Last Friday an attaché of the Merchants' National Bank called at the office of Grinnell & Co. and showed a letter recommending Henderson, and purporting to be signed by them. On Saturday a dispatch arrived from Taunton, Mass., signed "Willis Potter, City Marshal," and saying that a certified check for $5,000 on the Market National Bank had just been presented at the Bristol National Bank, together with a letter recommending Henderson. Grinnell & Co. telegraphed back to arrest the man; that the check was a forgery. The alleged forger was arrested, and $7,000 in Jersey Central bonds were found in his possession.

Arrival of the Saxon Military Band.

The Saxon military music corps of the Dresden Prince George Regiment arrived in the steam ship Vandalia, yesterday, and were, in advance of the other passengers, landed at the Hoboken dock, where they were received by the Landwehr Verein, of this City, which turned out in the uniforms of the Prussian militia, with military, jointly with the above-mentioned Verein. The Society of Saxons and a citizens' committee turned out to welcome the military musicians from old Vaterland.

A speech of welcome was addressed to the visitors by Major Brandis, the commander of the Landwehr, which was responded to by Mr. Girod, the leader of the Saxon Band, who, in the name of his comrades, expressed his heartfelt thanks for the reception accorded to the band. From Hoboken the visitors were escorted to the Atlantic Garden, in this City, where refreshments were provided, and from there to Concordia Hall, in Avenue A, the chosen headquarters of the band. The Saxon band is composed of sixty first-class musicians, and has been granted a leave of absence by the King of Saxony to make a professional tour through the United States. They appeared in the usual uniform of the Saxon army, green, with red facings, and the usual undress military kepi.

THE ITALIAN CHILDREN.

Action of the Associacione Donnarumma Last Evening.

A special meeting of the Italian society known as the "Associacione Donnarumma" was held last evening, for the purpose of making the final arrangements for their annual picnic, which is to take place at Sulzer's Park on the 30th inst. When the regular business of the meeting had been concluded, Signor Calci addressed the members relative to the present traffic in Italian children. He asked that the association should take the initiative in the matter, and see that something was done to remove the present disgrace of seeing Italian children playing musical instruments in our streets. He also stated that a law would soon be passed in Italy to stop further importations, but this would not reach those now here, and he thought something should be done to alleviate their condition.

Several speeches followed in the same strain, when one of the gentlemen present objected. He said he agreed with what had been said, but he thought that if anything was to be done it should begin with the Italian Consul, who, as representative of Italy, should take the lead. Signor Donnarumma, the President of the association, remarked that if the Consul General of Italy had intended to do anything he would have done it long ago, but he was convinced that if they would wait for him to go on the outrage would continue. He thought the association should begin the opposition, and call upon the State Government, or whatever power could act in the matter, to aid in the suppression of a crime that was alike disgraceful to both Italy and the United States.

Signor Monochesi addressed the association on the same subject, and said now was the time to take some action, or in a few years the evil would become so great that it could no longer be controlled.

Signor Calci spoke again and said that the association was honored when they took an initiative in such a matter, and that they should call upon all other Italians and Italian societies to aid them in the good work.

On motion of Signor Vgalli the following resolution was adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this association take the initiative toward doing something to protect the children of both sexes, who are now traveling our streets as itinerant musicians, and that each member sign his name to a petition asking the Government of the United States for the suppression of this most infamous traffic.

It is now determined to call upon the other Italian societies—the Unione Fratellanza and Italiano, to aid them in this matter, and it is expected the three societies will unite to stop this traffic, of which so much has been said.

YACHTING.

The Jersey City Yacht Club Regatta—Names of the Winners.

A fresh breeze and no sun made yesterday all that could be desired for testing the sailing qualities of amateur boatmen's favorites, and nothing appeared to mar the enjoyment of the guests who crowded the piazzas and grounds of the "Idle Hour," and lounged on the pier to witness the fifteenth annual regatta of the Jersey City Yacht Club. The list of entries was as follows:

Name.	Owner.	Mean length. Ft.	in.
FIRST-CLASS SLOOPS.			
Emma Hilton	Commander J. Hilton	28	10
Mary	S. P. Hill	40	10
Dolly Varden	H. Cohen	30	7
SECOND-CLASS SLOOPS.			
Knight Templar	R. Donabea	30	11
Confidence	C. Keeney	25	2
Psyche	F. Miller	26	8
THIRD-CLASS SLOOPS.			
Irene	W. C. Phelps	18	9
Lucie	P. H. Prindle	20	1
Sea Mew	A. P. Curtis	20	2
Comet	C. S. Jewett	18	4
FOURTH-CLASS OPEN BOATS.			
Henry Jahne	A. B. Reynolds	17	00
Commodore	D. Berrian	17	8
Zephyr	C. A. Smith	16	7
Nellie	A. Brainard	17	6
Sea Bird	A. B. Reynolds	16	3
Lottie	A. Clerk	16	10
Alert	R. B. Seymour	18	4
Millie	Wm. Olding	15	8

The start was a flying one, and the Dolly Varden was the first to come around the stake-boat, which was anchored off the judges' stand on the pier at 11:44, one hour and forty-four minutes after the time announced. The Emma Hilton followed at 11:48, and the Mary at 11:50. These three were the only boats that sailed in the first class, and the Dolly Varden was unfortunate enough to break her peak halyard, and was withdrawn, leaving the race to be contested by the Emma Hilton and the Mary. The course was from the westward of the stake-boat off the "Idle Hour" at Greenville, N. J., to and around the South-west Spit buoy, rounding it from the westward to southward, thence back to the stake-boat, passing it to the westward. The time of the race was limited to nine hours, but the brisk breeze from the east, which held throughout the entire race, relieved the judges from any possible dispute about the limit. The Emma Hilton carried the Commodore's flag, and was the favorite. Both boats sailed well, and were soon lost to view among the numberless vessels off Quarantine, and every means of lengthening the vision was brought into requisition, when a cry from the piazzas announced that the Mary was ahead on the homestretch. The echo of the gun was followed by a cheer from the soaking crew as they rounded the stake-boat at 3:58:30, having made the run in 4 hours, 8 minutes, 30 seconds. Nine minutes later the Emma Hilton's sails flapped loosely as she was brought up to the wind and shot past the judges' stand. As usual, the spectators, particularly the ladies, were disappointed because the first boat did not win. The allowance of time was three minutes to the foot, and the Emma Hilton won easily in 4 hours, 17 minutes, and 30 seconds, the Mary's time being 4 hours, 8 minutes, and 30 seconds.

In the second class, but two boats showed up, the Knight Templar passing the stake-boat at 11:43, followed one minute later by the Confidence. The Knight Templar was the favorite, the Confidence being a new boat, and her sailing qualities unknown. The Knight Templar showed a clean pair of heels from the start, and the Captain of the Confidence lost what chance he had of winning by timidity in not carrying his topsail. The boats came in at 3 h. 39 m. 30 s., and 4 h. 20 m., the Knight Templar winning by over forty minutes on time, having time enough to spare on the allowance for disparity in size.

The same ill-fortune fell to the share of the third class. The Sea Mew broke her peak halyards, and the Comet had her jib halyards carried away, and both were withdrawn, leaving the race to the Irene and the Lucy. They came up to the stake-boat, and passed within half a minute of each other at 11:55 and 11:55:30, the Lucy having the lead. The course was from the stake-boat to and around the buoy off Robbin's Reef, passing it to the southward and eastward, thence to and around the buoy off Sand Island, passing it eastward and northward, to the stake-boat passing it to the westward, sailing over the course twice. This course was also sailed by the fourth class, the first and second classes sailing identical courses. The third class was the best contested race of the day, the boats laying close together all the way, turning the stake-boat at the close within a minute and a quarter of each other, the Irene ahead. Time of race 2:29:36 and 2:30:45 respectively.

The fourth class only showed four boats, the Henry Jahne, Commodore, Zephyr, and Alert, the others having been withdrawn. They started in the following order: Zephyr, 11:59:15; Commodore, 11:59:30; Alert, 12:0:15, and Henry Jahne, 12:0:30. On the last tack they came plowing through the rapidly roughening water within a half an hour of the winner, passing the stake-boat with the Commodore ahead; time, 2:49:30. The Zephyr came in second, ten minutes later. The Alert was twenty-two minutes later, and only succeeded in beating the Henry Jahne by one minute.

After the boats were all in, a number of the members and guests partook of a collation at the "Idle Hour," and amused themselves dancing in the ball-room, which had been prepared for the occasion.

NOTES.

A series of three races has been arranged to take place between Commodore Frank Bates' sloop yacht Lina S. and Mr. Thomas Taylor's Idle Hour. The first contest is set down for July 8, starting from the Long Island Club-house, Gowanus Bay. A regatta is announced to come off at Stonington, Conn., on July 4. There will be races for four classes of yachts. Two prizes will be offered for competition in each class. Entries are open to all.

The Walworth Trial to go on To-Day.

In the Court of Oyer and Terminer, yesterday, before Judge Davis, counsel both for the people and the prisoner in the case of Frank H. Walworth, charged with the murder of his father, appeared in court, but it was announced by the District Attorney that it had been arranged between the respective counsel that the case stand over until to-day. The Court therefore simply heard the excuses of some jurors and adjourned over until to-day, when both parties, as announced by them, will be ready to proceed to trial. A number of jurors who failed to attend were fined $250 each. Less than half of those summoned answered to their names.

Fleetwood Races—Sale of Pools.

Pools on the Fleetwood races were sold last night at Johnson's, No. 1,187 Broadway, at the following prices: 2:21 Purse—Fullerton, $25; Gazelle, $15; Huntress, $13. 2:25 Purse—Crown Prince, $25; Field, $21. 2:34 Purse—Lida Picton, $25; Field, $18. At Chamberlin's, No. 1,146 Broadway, Fullerton sold for $75; Gazelle, $40, and Huntress, $24.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Courtesies to the Shah in England—Naval Display at Portsmouth—Compliments to Gen. Grant.

LONDON, June 23.—The Shah of Persia, accompanied by a number of distinguished persons, went to Woolwich on Saturday and visited all the places of interest in that town. In the evening he attended the opera. Yesterday his Majesty visited the Zoölogical Gardens.

LONDON, June 23—Evening.—One of the grandest naval displays ever beheld in British waters was made to-day, in honor of the Shah of Persia, at Portsmouth. The town was ornamented with streamers and triumphal arches, the harbor filled with shipping of all kinds, decorated with the flags of all nations, and the shores on both sides covered with masses of spectators, thousands of whom came from London. The fleet, drawn up at Spithead, consisted of forty-four vessels, the finest and largest in the British Navy, comprising the entire Channel Squadron, with numerous additions, and nearly all the great iron-clads.

The train bearing the Shah arrived at Portsmouth at noon. His Majesty was received with cheers by an immense assemblage in and around the depot.

The royal yacht Victoria & Albert was waiting with steam up, and the Shah immediately embarked, accompanied by the Prince of Wales, Prince Alfred, and the Czarewitch.

The yacht steamed slowly out of the harbor, and arriving in front of the fleet, was greeted with salvos from the iron-clads. The fleet was drawn up in three long lines. The Shah took a conspicuous position on the yacht, surrounded by the Princes, and proceeded to inspect the fleet, passing up and down in front of and between the lines. The yards were manned and salutes fired as the royal yacht passed.

When the inspection was completed, the Victoria & Albert steamed to the front again, and the review terminated with a grand salute fired simultaneously by all the vessels of the fleet.

The royal party then returned to Portsmouth, where a banquet and other festivities are now in progress.

The Shah of Persia, in a conversation with Mr. Schenck, the American Minister, last week, regretted that distance and want of time prevented him from visiting the United States, a country he had heard so much of, and desired that his compliments should be sent to President Grant.

The Khivan War—Capture of Another Fortress by the Russians.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 23.—Dispatches from Central Asia announce that the Tashkend column of the Khivan expedition, under command of Gen. Kaufman, has captured a strong fortress at Kesarash, on the left bank of the Amu Daria River, sixty miles from the capital of the Khanate.

Fire in Cardiff, Wales—The Congress at at Southampton—Illness of Sir H. Rawlinson.

CARDIFF, June 23—1 P. M.—The magnificent docks in this city, constructed by the Marquis of Bute, at a cost of over £300,000, are now on fire.

LONDON, June 23.—The United States Naval steam-ship Congress has arrived at Southampton.

Gen. Sir Henry Rawlinson, President of the Royal Geographical Society, is seriously ill.

At noon, Saturday, the steam-ship Great Eastern was in latitude 53° 35', longitude 31° 42'. Eight hundred and ninety nautical miles of cable had then been paid out. Up to noon, Sunday, at which hour the steam-ship was in latitude 53° 06', longitude 35° 52', 1,055 miles of the cable had been laid.

Spanish Finances—Farming the Tobacco Plantations—Carlist Operations.

LONDON, June 23.—The London *Times*, in its city article, speculating on the financial difficulties of Spain, says if the Cortes will authorize the farming of the Philippine tobacco plantations and the sale of Treasury bonds, a sufficient amount of cash could be realized wherewith to clear off the floating debt and pay the July coupons.

MADRID, June 23.—The Carlist chief, Saballe, shot the Alcalde of Mura last week, because he neglected to give notice of the approach of a Republican force.

Several Carlist leaders have been shot recently, some by their own men.

Banquet of Radicals Prohibited at Versailles—Jerome Napoleon.

PARIS, June 23.—The Prefect of Versailles has prohibited a public banquet which was to have been given by M. Gambetta and the Radicals on the anniversary of the death of Gen. Hoche. The affair will consequently take place in private.

LONDON, June 23.—A special dispatch to the London *Post* from Paris says Prince Jerome Napoleon, who is now in that city, has had interviews with M. Emile Ollivier, who was President of the Council and Minister of the Police and Religion during the last days of the Empire, and with a number of Republican leaders.

A Brooklyn Ferry Pilot Censured by a Coroner's Jury.

Coroner Keenan, yesterday, held an inquest relative to the death of Francis J. Healy, aged twenty years, who was drowned in the East River on June 9, by being run down by the steam ferry-boat Hamilton, of the Union Ferry Company.

Michael Costello testified that the deceased, William Kilboy, and witness, hired a row-boat at the Battery, and while passing Fulton-slip, on the way to Peck-slip, the wheel of the Hamilton upset the row-boat, and Healy was drowned. The ferry-boat hands made no attempt to save those who were in the boat, but pushed into the slip. Had the ferry-boat stopped when witness called to the pilot, there would have been no collision, as there was a distance of fifty or seventy-five feet between them. This was confirmed by William Kilboy, who was rowing the boat at the time of the collision, which, he said, was caused by the ferry-boat swinging round. Edward Mulcahy, of No. 131 Cherry-street, who was on the ferry-boat at the time of the collision, testified that there was plenty of time for the pilot to have stopped the ferry-boat, and allow the row-boat to pass, if he had been attending to his duty; and when the men were in the water, after the row-boat was upset, the pilot's conduct was so inhuman that witness caused his arrest. Wm. Baulier, the pilot, testified that when he first saw the row-boat it was about 150 feet away, and he rang the "short-stop bell," and then rang to back the engines. Fearing a collision, he then stopped the wheels, and soon after saw the two men clinging to their boat, which was upset. He did not know there were three in the boat. Seeing the men were safe, witness guided the ferry-boat into the slip. Witness had been a pilot twenty-eight years, and did not believe a ferry-boat could be stopped under 200 feet. There was a young man named Warren in the pilot-house at the time, but witness did not think they conversed while crossing the river. Two or three deck hands testified that the boat was over 150 feet distant when they first observed it, and they called to those in the row-boat to pull back. They did not think the pilot could have avoided the collision. One-half of the jury, however, returned a verdict that Healy came by his death through drowning, caused by being run down by the steamer Hamilton, of the Union Ferry Company, while in a row-boat, on the night of June 9, 1873, and held the pilot censurable for having a man in the pilot-house with him at the time of the occurrence. The remainder of the jury returned a verdict of accidental drowning.

Capture of New-Jersey Burglars.

On Thursday morning last three burglars forced an entrance into the residence of Mrs. Lucretia Gordon, No. 97 Jersey-avenue, Jersey City, during the absence of the occupants, who were in the country, and packed several trunks with wearing apparel, jewelry, &c., valued in all at about $1,000. They had ordered an expressman to call at the house at 8 A. M., but before the wagon arrived a young man who boarded in the house returned home and discovered the burglars in the house. He gave an alarm, and the thieves fled. One of them, who gave his name as James Anderson, was arrested, but his two companions climbed over the fence in the rear, and by presenting a loaded revolver at the head of a lady occupying an adjoining house, compelled her to open the door of her residence, through which they gained the street and escaped. Anderson was locked up in a police station, and since his incarceration Capt. McHorney, of the Jersey City police, learned that two well-known burglars, named John Murphy, alias "Liverpool Jack," and James Rogers, alias "Brooklyn Tommy," were concerned with Anderson in the burglary. Capt. McHorney came to this City and called upon Capt. Clinchy, of the Fourteenth Precinct, for aid in capturing the burglars. In company with the Captain, Officers Mahoney and Brennan, of the Fourteenth Precinct, scoured all the known haunts of thieves in the City, and succeeded, yesterday, in capturing Murphy and Rogers in Hester-street, near the Bowery. They were locked up at the Mulberry-street Police Station, and will be taken to the Tombs to-day. On the person of Murphy was found a revolver similar in description to one stolen from Mrs. Gordon's house.

THE WEATHER.

Synopsis and Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, June 24—1 A. M.—The barometer has risen over the Southern, Middle, Atlantic, and Southern New-England States, being highest over the latter; it has fallen somewhat over the lower lake region, being lowest over the upper lakes; light rain has fallen in Florida, Southern Alabama, Tennessee, the Middle States, and Connecticut; cloudy weather has prevailed over the lake region and the North-west, with rain areas and gentle to fresh and occasionally brisk southerly and easterly winds, except that the latter have veered to westerly and northerly over the north-west, with clearing weather; the temperature has fallen over the Middle Atlantic coast, but risen from northern New-England westward over the Lower Lake region to Wisconsin and Illinois.

PROBABILITIES.

For New-England, gentle and fresh south-easterly to south-westerly winds, rising temperature, and partly cloudy weather are probable; for the Middle States, occasional light rain, partly cloudy weather, and winds veering to gentle and fresh south-easterly and south-westerly; for the Southern States east of the Mississippi, generally clear or partly cloudy weather and light to fresh winds; for the lower lake region, partly cloudy weather and occasional rain areas followed by winds veering to southerly and westerly; for the upper lake region, partly cloudy weather, with occasional areas of light rain Wednesday night. Telegraphic reports from Florida, West Gulf States, Michigan, and the North-west are partly missing.

City Meteorological Report.

The following record will show the changes in the temperature yesterday, with the average for the same as indicated by the thermometer at Dickinson's drug-store, No. 3 Park-row: 3 A. M., 65°; 6 A. M., 62°; 9 A. M., 65°; 12 M., 69°; 3 P. M., 68°; 6 P. M., 66°; 9 P. M., 64°; 12 P. M., 60°; average temperature yesterday, 65°.

Baltimore Politics—Primary Elections to be Held To-day.

BALTIMORE, Md., June 23.—Primary elections will be held in all the wards of the city to-morrow, for the conventions to be held on the following day, Wednesday, in the three legislative districts of the city for the nomination of delegates to the next Legislature, and for the nomination of State Senator in the Second Legislative District, and for the State Convention which nominates Controller and Clerk of the Court of Appeals. The indications to-day are that there will be a lively time to-morrow. The next Legislature elects a United States Senator in place of William T. Hamilton, and as this city sends eighteen members to the the House of Delegates, the friends of ex-Gov. Thomas Swann and Gov. Pinkney Whyte, who are both candidates for Senatorial honors, are exceedingly active in the canvass. The result to-morrow will also, in a great measure, decide the question of the nomination of Mayor, involving the patronage of the entire city, and the municipal policy of the city for the next two years. Although primary elections for delegates to the Mayoralty Convention do not occur for several weeks, there are three candidates for Mayor, namely, the present incumbent, Vansant, James Hodges, wholesale merchant, and Gen. Ferdinand C. Latrobe, lawyer, and son-in-law of ex-Gov. Swann. The canvass for this nomination is earnest, hotly contested, and by no means fraternal.

City Chamberlain's Statement.

The usual weekly statement of the City Chamberlain, showing the condition of the finances in his office on Saturday last, is as follows:

	Receipts.	Payments.	Balance, June 21.
Sinking Fund, redemption	$140,969 87	......	$628,586 54
Sinking Fund, interest	39,089 02	......	306,584 61
City Treasury	298,332 55	$478,947 57	785,097 39
County Treasury	1,267 68	57,278 00	468.108 70
Total	$479,659 12	$536,225 57	$2,188,377 24

Board of Assistant Aldermen.

A meeting of the Board of Assistant Aldermen was held yesterday afternoon, Mr. Wade in the chair. A resolution was offered that the Board of Apportionment be requested to appropriate $20,000 for the celebration of the Fourth of July, and that a committee be appointed to co-operate with the Board of Aldermen for the purpose of agreeing upon the minor arrangements. The resolution was adopted and the present Joint Committee, already appointed to take this matter into consideration, was continued. After transacting routine business the board adjourned until Monday next.

A Correction Corrected.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

If the remarks of a correspondent signed "T," refer to Lafayette-avenue, Brooklyn, the corrector needs to be corrected. There is no Belgian pavement on Lafayette-avenue. The street was originally laid with cobble-stones, and they "remain to this day." The only Belgian or other pavement on Lafayette-avenue is where the cross streets laid with these intersect Lafayette-avenue.

BROOKLYN SUBSCRIBER.

MONDAY, June 23, 1873.

Personal.

Col. A. L. Best, of the United States Army, is at the Grand Hotel.

Capt. C. A. Crooker, of Boston, is at the Maison Dorée.

Gen. F. Dent, of the United States Army; Hon. Allen Greene, of Louisiana, and Lieut. Commander H. C. White, of the United States Navy, are at the Astor House.

Hon. James F. Wilson, of Iowa, and D. D. Johnson, of the United States Army, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Col. J. Stoddard, of Kentucky, and Capt. R. R. Wallace, of the United States Navy, are at the New-York Hotel.

Col. Banks, of St. Louis, and Hon. Alexander J. Marshall, of Virginia, are at Barnum's Hotel.

Capt. A. Manning, of the German navy, is at the St. James Hotel.

Col. Todd, of St. Louis; F. P. Pelton, of Poughkeepsie; Dr. A. N. McLaren, of the United States Navy; H. A. Nelson, of Poughkeepsie, and Secretary Robeson, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel.

Not an Alcoholic Wash.

BURNETT'S MATCHLESS COCOAINE.
A perfect hair-dressing.—*Advertisement.*

AMES—CHASE.—"A mightier worker, the one for self and the other for mankind, was each than most who survive him," and the "Domestic S. M. Co.," of Union-square, New-York, certainly had the interests of womankind deeply at heart, when they introduced the "Domestic" Paper Patterns.—*Advertisement.*

TWO HUNDRED PIANOS AND ORGANS, of first-class makers, new and second-hand, will be sold at lower prices for cash, or installments, or for rent in City or country, during this week, by HORACE WATERS & SON, No. 481 Broadway, than have ever been offered before in New-York. Call and examine or send for price list.—*Advertisement.*

On every gentleman's table may be found the Halford Leicestershire Table Sauce. It is confessedly the best of relishes, and besides being so palatable and rendering everything else so, it is healthy.—*Advertisement.*

LYON'S INSECT POWDER is the most powerful and effective insect powder in the world.—*Advertisement.*

PILES—Itching Piles—Use ROSSMAN'S CURE. It never fails. Sold in New-York by John F. Henry. Sent by mail for 50 cents.—*Advertisement.*

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, published THIS MORNING, contains the very latest telegraphic and general news; editorials on matters of current interest; a page of carefully-prepared commercial matter, giving the latest financial news and market reports; items of agricultural and domestic interest, and other interesting reading matter.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES may be had at the counter of the Publication Office, in wrappers, ready for mailing. Price, FIVE CENTS.

The Best Braces or Suspenders in the world are those made by FISK, CLARK & FLAGG. They make over two hundred varieties. For sale at retail by all furnishing or clothing-stores in the Union. Ask for them, and look for their name on every pair.

Hair Dye! Hair Dye! Hair Dye!—Batchelor's celebrated Hair Dye is the best in the world. The only true, safe, and perfect hair dye. No disappointment, no ridiculous tints. Harmless, reliable, instantaneous. Sold everywhere by druggists.

Wedding Cards, Paris Styles, London and Paris Note paper. JAMES EVERDELL, No. 302 Broadway. Established 1840.

The Only Unfailing Specific for diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, and the organs affected by vicious habits, is Helmbold's Extract Buchu. This medicine cures. Dr. Helmbold is the only physician who has succeeded in obtaining the full virtues of Buchu. His is the original and only truly valuable preparation. It is confided in by physicians and patients alike. It is important that sufferers should obtain the genuine. Therefore ask for Helmbold's Extract Buchu, with the doctor's signature on the bottle.

Wedding Cards, No. 104 Fulton-st.
WM. EVERDELL'S SONS. Established 1815.

For an Elegant Summer Hat of superior quality, go to ESPENSCHEID, manufacturer, No. 118 Nassau-st.

MARRIED.

BUXTON—CURTIS.—At New-York, Saturday, June 21, 1873, by Rev. C. R. Duffie, WILLIAM H. BUXTON, of New-York, to IMOGENE F. CURTIS, of New-Haven, Conn. No cards.

CASE—WARING.—At St. Peters' Church, West Chester, on the 12th inst., by Rev. C. B. Wyatt, D. D., R. LUDLOW CASE, Jr., of New-York, to FANNIE L., daughter of William F. Waring, of Throgg's Neck.

EGGLESTON—MORRILL.—On Wednesday, June 18, 1873, by Rev. Henry M. Hazeltine, JAMES O. EGGLESTON, of North Salem, N. Y., to KATE R. MORRILL, daughter of the late John A. Morrill, Esq., of this City.

HARDIN—DODGE.—At Beirut, Syria, on Monday evening, May 5, by Rev. Henry H. Jessup, D. D., assisted by Rev. D. Stuart Dodge, Rev. OSCAR J. HARDIN, of Tripoli, Syria, to MARY STUART, daughter of the late Dr. David S. Dodge, of New-York.

KRAUS—BOELTE.—At New-York, on the 19th inst., Prof. JOHN KRAUS, of the Bureau of Education, Washington, D. C., to MARIA BOELTE, daughter of Judge B. Boelte, Dr., Jr., of Mecklenburg, Germany. No cards.

POPE—HALL.—On Wednesday, June 18, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. George Harris, JOHN T. POPE, of New-York, to IDA K., eldest daughter of A. K. Hall, Esq., of Providence, R. I.

TILTON—SHERWOOD.—On Third Day, Sixth month, 17th, 1873, at the residence of the bride's father, at Harrison, N. Y., in the order of the Society of Friends, WILLIAM TILTON to SARAH F., youngest daughter of William Sherwood.

DIED.

BAINBRIDGE.—In Brooklyn, on Monday morning, June 23, at the residence of his father, No. 39 7th-av., RICHARD WARIN BAINBRIDGE, aged 23 years, second son of Henry Bainbridge.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from St. John's Chapel, St. John's-place, near 7th-av., on Wednesday, 25th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M.

BEALES.—At her residence, No. 10 West 19th-st., on Sunday evening, June 22, 1873, in her 68th year, DOLORES SOTO, wife of John C. Beales, M. D.

The funeral will take place at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning, the 25th inst., from the Church of St. Francis Xavier, 16th st., between 5th and 6th avs. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

BUCKHOUT.—On Monday, June 23, at White Plains, Westchester County, of heart disease, JACOB BUCKHOUT.

Notice of the funeral hereafter.

BRUCE.—On Sunday, 22d inst., JOHN T. BRUCE, Jr., youngest son of John T. and Anna C. Bruce, in the 22d year of his age.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral on Wednesday morning, 11 o'clock, from the residence of his parents, No. 121 East 28th-st.

CARPENTER.—At Long Branch, N. J., on Saturday, the 21st inst., ANNA, widow of the late Samuel H. Carpenter, in the 78th year of her age.

The remains will be taken to Philadelphia for interment.

COLLINS.—In this City, Monday, June 23, STACY B. COLLINS, in the 83d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, without further notice, from his late residence, No. 52 West 22d-st., on Thursday, 27th instant, at 9:45 A. M.

JOHNSON.—At Stratford, Conn., on Sunday, 22d inst., of acute bronchitis, EDWARDS JOHNSON, in the 70th year of his age.

The funeral will take place from Christ Church, Stratford, at 3 o'clock on Tuesday, 24th inst.

KENNEDY.—On Friday, June 20, 1873, JOHN A. KENNEDY, in the 70th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, the members of Getty Lodge No. 11, Mount Hebron Encampment, and the Grand Lodge of the State of New-York I. O. of O. F., also the members of Manitou Lodge, No. 106, F. and A. M., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the Central M. E. Church, 7th av., near 14th st., on Tuesday, the 24th inst., at 2 o'clock.

GETTYS LODGE, NO. 11, I. O. O. F.—BROTHERS:—You are hereby notified to assemble, in dark dress and dark hats, at our rooms, on Tuesday, June 24, at 12 o'clock sharp, to attend the funeral of our late brother P. G. Sire. JOHN A. KENNEDY. The Grand Lodge of the State of New-York and subordinate lodges in the vicinity are respectfully invited.

EDWARD BROWN, N. G.

G. H. WETJEN, Secretary.

MAPES.—At West Farms, Monday, June 23, 1873, BENJAMIN MAPES, in his 64th year.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral, on Thursday, 26th inst., at 2 o'clock, from the Reformed Church at West Farms.

NICHOLS.—On Saturday, May 31, at his residence, Stamford, Conn., ZACHERIAH B. NICHOLS, aged 65 years.

O'BRIEN.—In this City, June 19, 1873, JOSEPHINE, wife of S. A. O'Brien, of Galveston, Texas, and daughter of T. W. and Sarah Morse, aged 24.

☞ Galveston, Texas, and Cleveland, Ohio, papers please copy.

PLYMPTON.—On Friday, the 20th inst., at Troy, N. Y., ELIZA M. PLYMPTON, widow of the late Col. Joseph Plympton, United States Army, and daughter of the late P. W. Livingston, of this City.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, the 25th inst., at 11 A. M., at the residence of Lieut. John Pitman, Watervliet Arsenal, West Troy, N. Y.

RITTER.—At her residence, No. 178 2d-av., at 2:30 A. M., on Monday, June 23, 1873, passed peacefully away WILHELMINE RITTER, the relict of Frederick W. Ritter, aged 73 years, 11 months, and 29 days, full of love and years.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Thursday, June 26, at 11 o'clock.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP,
SCHENCK'S SEAWEED TONIC,
SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS,

are the only medicines that will cure Pulmonary Consumption.

Frequently medicines that will stop a cough will occasion the death of the patient. They lock up the liver, stop the circulation of the blood, hemorrhage follows, and, in fact, they clog the action of the very organs that caused the cough.

Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia are the causes of two-thirds of the cases of Consumption. Many persons complain of a dull pain in the side, constipation, coated tongue, pain in the shoulder-blade, feelings of drowsiness and restlessness, the food lying heavily on the stomach, accompanied with acidity and belching up of wind.

These symptoms usually originate from a disordered condition of the stomach or a torpid liver.

Persons so affected, if they take one or two heavy colds, and if the cough in these cases be suddenly checked, will find the stomach and liver clogged, remaining torpid and inactive, and almost before they are aware the lungs are a mass of sores and ulcerated, the result of which is death.

Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup is an expectorant which does not contain opium, or anything calculated to check a cough suddenly.

Schenck's Sea-weed Tonic dissolves the food, mixes with the gastric juices of the stomach, aids digestion, and creates a ravenous appetite.

When the bowels are costive, skin sallow, or the symptoms otherwise of a bilious tendency, Schenck's Mandrake Pills are required.

These medicines are prepared only by

J. H. SCHENCK & SON,
North-east corner 6th and Arch sts., Philadelphia.

And for sale by all druggists and dealers.

Wholesale agent, JOHN F. HENRY, Nos. 8 and 9 College-place, New-York.

F. & A. M.

IMPORTANT SPECIAL NOTICE.
MASONIC RELICS OF GEN. WASHINGTON.

BETTS, BURNETT & CO., No. 119 Broadway, will sell at public auction on WEDNESDAY next, June 25, at 1 P. M., in Morristown, N. J. First—The Head-quarters of Gen. Washington. Second—The Masonic Scarf used by Gen. Washington while M. W. G. M. of the Order, and by him presented as a mark of esteem to Judge Gunning Bedford, of Delaware, in whose family it has been kept as a revered heirloom for several generations. Sale positive, by order of Major L. Thomas, of the Board of Public Works, Washington, D. C. For further particulars inquire of

BETTS, BURNETT & CO.,
No. 119 Broadway, Rooms Nos. 8 and 9.

SONS OF PORTSMOUTH.

Arrangements have been made at the United States Hotel, near the Old Colony Depot, Boston, for breakfast for the New-York and Brooklyn delegation to Portsmouth, N. H., on the morning of July 3, at seventy-five cents each. Carriages will also be provided for the conveyance of ladies from the hotel to the Eastern Railroad Depot after breakfast, at a charge of thirty-five cents each person, including transportation of baggage.

R. STUART WILLIS, ATTORNEY AND Counselor at Law, Notary Public, No. 132 Broadway, Room No. 4, New-York.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

"A MARVEL OF CHEAPNESS."
DICKENS' WORKS.

"CARLETON'S NEW ILLUSTRATED EDITION."

A very rare opportunity is now being offered to the admirers of Charles Dickens for obtaining an entire set of his works almost without feeling the expense. The best, cheapest, and handsomest edition in the world is now coming out, one volume each month, price $1 50 per volume. Almost any one can spare this moderate sum, at intervals, for such a capital set of standard novels.

"Pickwick," "Oliver Twist," and "Copperfield" are now ready, to be followed by others each month, and they can be had of any book-seller in the United States.

Now is the time to subscribe. Be sure to ask for the "New Illustrated Edition," issued by

G. W. CARLETON & CO., Publishers,
Madison-square, New-York.

"THE PROBLEM OF GOVERNMENT," in the PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL for July, will attract the attention of statesmen, as well as men engaged in literary pursuits. "Creating an Atmosphere" is instructive and interesting, and will be enjoyed by all. "Sketches from Daily Life," with illustrations, are striking and effective. "The World's Need of You," a poem by Mr. Beecher, is encouraging. "The Significance and Philosophy of Dreams" opens up a wide field for psychological inquiry. So of "Superstitious Signs," which all should read. "Genius and Talent" is well treated. "Concerning Alcohol," "How to Use Phrenology," "Drinking at Meals," "Lessons on Population," "Fortune Telling," "On Praising Children," "The Shaker Problem," "Prison Reform," "Facts as to Reading Character," "Integrity," "What is Sin?" "Compulsory Attendance." Portraits of Messrs. Chase, Orr, Mill, Sanford, &c., are given. A new volume—the fifty-seventh—begins with this number. Only $3 a year, or it will be sent six months on trial for $1 50, by S. R. WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, New-York.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

At the Exchange yesterday, Monday, June 23, Joseph McGuire, under a Supreme Court foreclosure decree, F. C. White, Esq., referee, sold a four-story brown-stone-front tenement-house, with lot, 19 by 100.5, situate on East Fifty-second-street, south side, 141 feet east of Second-avenue, for $12,600. Purchaser, Adolf Levinger, on account of second mortgage. The property rents for $1,560 per annum. No other business was transacted. A report of the sale held at New-Brighton, Staten Island, by Jere. Johnson, Jr., will be made to-morrow.

By a typographical error the sales announced for the last three business days of the week, as published in our list yesterday, were transposed. The mistake will be rectified as the week progresses, and the auctions daily announced for the proper days.

The auction held at Far Rockaway, Long Island, on Saturday last, by Jere. Johnson, Jr., was very largely attended, and all the property offered was sold at most satisfactory prices. The schedule of sale embraced nine cottages, with lots, known as the Pavition Hotel grounds, seventy-five lots and the hotel known as the Neptune House, with one acre of land. The latter property brought $9,500. The total of the sale reached the large sum of $77,880. Full details are appended. The sale of Westchester County property noticed for Saturday by James M. Miller, was adjourned to July 12.

TO-DAY'S AUCTIONS.

The sales noticed for to-day are as follows:

By A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co., at the Exchange, Supreme Court foreclosure sale of the house, with lease of lot, No. 163 Suffolk-street, west side, between Stanton and Houston streets.

By S. J. Goodenough, public auction sale of the two-story and basement brick house and lot No. 328 East Fifty-ninth-street, south side, 275 feet west of First-avenue; lot 25 by 100.5; house 35 feet deep, with extension 16 by 20.

By James M. Miller, at the Exchange, adjourned Supreme Court foreclosure sale of the house and lot No. 647 East Sixteenth-street, north side, 513 feet east of Avenue B; lot 25 by 92.

By Jere. Johnson, Jr., at Great Neck, Elm Point, Long Island, on the ground, at 12 M., continuation and closing-out sale, by order of James Blackwell, Esq., of 500 desirable lots, together with 3 000 feet of sea front, to be absolutely sold without reserve. The successful sale held on this property on the 10th inst. fully warrants the owner in putting the balance remaining unsold on the market at this time. For villa residences, near the City, in a healthy location, better opportunities for investment are seldom presented, while a large number of lots already sold renders the purchase safe. The excursion steamer Seawanhaka will leave Peck-slip, Pier No. 24, for this auction, at 10:30 o'clock prompt.

Exchange Sale, Monday, June 23.

NEW-YORK.

By Joseph McGuire.

1 4-story b. s. front tenement house and lot, East 52d-st., s. s., 141 ft. e. of 2d-av., 19x100.5	$12,600

Suburban Auction Sale, June 21.

FAR ROCKAWAY, LONG ISLAND.

By Jere. Johnson, Jr.

1 cottage, with ice-house, restaurant, and 24 lots of land on Bainbridge-st. and public highway, Nos. 49 to 72, inclusive; Mr. Cheevers	$17,000
1 cottage with plot of land, 144 5x151.3x62 5x 86.6, No. 1, corner highway and turnpike; J. Murphy	6,100
1 cottage with plot, 85x104, on turnpike, No. 7; P. A. McTigue	3,000
1 cottage with plot, 85x94.7, on Bainbridge-st., No. 29; J. Keenan	4,900
1 cottage with plot, 60x102.6, Bainbridge-st., No. 33; B. McNally	3,550
1 cottage with plot, 65x109, on Bainbridge-st., No. 36; W. Lummus	3,400
1 cottage with plot, 65x115, on Bainbridge-st., No. 39; P. McTigue	3,200
1 cottage with plot, 65x121, on Bainbridge-st., No. 42; J. Keenan	3,900
1 cottage with plot, 58x78x35x50, on Bainbridge-st., No. 43; M. Kirchner	2,400
2 lots on highway, Nos. 44 and 45, each 25 ft. front, $330 each; J. Murphy	660
3 lots adjoining, Nos. 46, 47, and 48, each 25 ft. front, $320 each; J. Murphy	960
5 lots adjoining, on turnpike, Nos. 2 to 6, $460 each; J. Murphy	2,300
4 lots on turnpike and Bainbridge-st., adjoining, Nos. 8, 9, 37, 38, $460 each; Mr. Cheevers	1,840
2 lots on turnpike, Nos. 10 and 11, $400 each; A. Connerty	880
2 lots on turnpike, adjoining, Nos. 12 and 13, $440 each; E. Bushnell	880
4 lots on turnpike, adjoining, Nos. 14 to 17, $440 each; P. S. Cotton	1,760
8 lots on turnpike, adjoining, Nos. 18 to 25, $430 each; M. Horgan	3,440
3 lots on Beach and Bainbridge sts., Nos. 26, 27, and 28; J. Keenan	1,800
3 lots on Bainbridge-st., Nos. 30, 31, and 32, $440 each; Mat. Clinton	1,320
2 lots on Bainbridge-st., Nos. 34 and 35, $460 each; Chas. Keavy	920
1 lot on Bainbridge-st., No. 40; P. McTigue	620
1 lot, adjoining, on Bainbridge-st., No. 41; Mr. Coles	575
Furniture in cottages, varying from $100 to $150, as stated, sold to purchasers of cottages	1,025
Neptune House and grounds of about 1 acre; P. O. Donahue	9,500

Recorded Real Estate Transfers.

NEW-YORK.

Saturday, June 21.

East Broadway, No. 173, s. s.	$18,700
Goerck-st., w. s., 175 ft. s. of Houston-st., 25x100	4,000
Hudson-st., No. 124, e. s., 31.8 ft. n. of North Moore-st., 23.10 by about 63, irregular	13,000
3d-st., s. s., No. 296	10,500
11th-st., n. s., 168 ft. e. of Avenue B, 25x103	13,000
24th-st., n. s., 70 ft. w. of 10th-av., 30x79.1; 24th-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of 10th-av., 100x98.9	50,000
28th-st., n. s., 222.3 ft. w. of 7th-av., 24.10	28,000
54th-st., s. s., 325 ft. e. of 7th-av., 50x100	26,000
55th-st., s. s., 232.6 ft. e. of 6th-av., 62.6x100, ½ part	19,333
Same property	38,667
55th-st., s. s., 170 ft. e. of 6th-av., 62.6x100	50,000
83th-st., n. s., 82.3 ft. e. of 4th-av., 153.4x100	11,000
Same property	1,500
110th-st., s. s., 75 ft. w. of 1st-av., 50x100	100
139th-st., s. s., 440.5 e. of 6th-av., wid., 59.7x72, gore	3,000
147th-st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of 10th-av., 525x99.11	48,625
152d-st., s. s., 700 ft. w. of Boulevard, 199.10x30.3	20,000
St. Nicholas-av., n. w. corner of 145th-st., 102.2x128	32,050
Vermilye-av., n. w. corner Academy-st., 100x137	6,000
2d-av., n. w. corner 85th-st., 102.2x100	30,690
8th-av., w. s., 100.7 ft. n. of 24th-st., 18.6x90	30,000
9th-av., n. w. corner 90th-st., 100.8x100	31,000
10th-av., e. s., 24.11 ft. n. of 147th-st., 125x100; 10th-av., n. e. corner 148th-st., 24.11x100; 148th-st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of 10th-av., 100x99.11	38,250

LEASES RECORDED.

28th-st., No. 107 West, 2 years, per year	1,500

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE AT ELIZABETH, N. J.—122 trains a day; a pleasantly located house of twelve rooms, parlor with French windows, dining-room with bay window, marble mantels, kitchen and sewing rooms; first floor, wide hall; four bedrooms and bath-room on second floor; three bedrooms on third floor in French roof; large lot; will be sold low, and terms easy; very little cash wanted. Address MELLICK BROTHERS, No. 6 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ON FORDHAM RIDGE, IN THE immediate neighborhood of the residence of Gustav Schwab and Lewis G. Morris, a beautiful place of three and three-quarter acres, with house containing thirteen rooms, stable, good garden, &c.; will be sold at a great bargain.

Apply to HUGH N. CAMP,
No. 106 Broadway, or Tremont.

FOR SALE—AT NYACK.—TWO BEAUTIFUL villas, with all modern conveniences, delightfully situated on the west bank of the Hudson, with grapery, stables, billiard-room, &c. Also, a cozy little cottage, nine rooms, with fruit and vegetable garden; charmingly situated, and only three minutes from Mansfield-av. Railroad Station. Address L. D. MANSFIELD.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.—A NEW FRENCH roof house for sale on Monument-av., 36x38, with thirteen large rooms and all modern improvements complete. Heater, range, bath-room and laundry. The lot is 100x323, fine garden and trees. This is in every respect a first-class property and very desirable location.

A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO.,
No. 6 Pine-st.

THE WELL-KNOWN RESIDENCE of Adams Bailey, at Scarsdale, one mile from depot; house 40 feet square; built by City mechanics for Summer and Winter; overlooks Sound and Palisades; twenty-two acres in lawn and garden. Apply to A. J. BLEECKER, No. 77 Cedar-st.

A BARGAIN AT MORRISTOWN.—Country-seat, three acres or twenty-two; handsome cottage; eleven rooms, bath, water-closet, &c.; ice-house, carriage-house, &c.; high, healthful; fine views; abundance of fruit and shade; furniture, horses, and carriages if desired. S. EDDY, No. 1 Park-place.

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY HOUSES, lands, and village lots for sale; a great variety. Also, furnished and unfurnished houses to let for season or year, by WALTER E. SMITH, formerly Blackwell & Smith, Orange, corner Main and Cone sts.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

A GREAT REVOLUTIONARY RELIC

AT AUCTION,

on WEDNESDAY, JUNE 25, at 1 P. M.

WASHINGTON'S HEAD-QUARTERS,

with sixty-five magnificent Building Sites,

at MORRISTOWN, N. J.

For particulars, maps, &c., of the house and property, apply to

BETTS, BURNETT & CO.,
Real Estate Brokers,
No. 119 Broadway.
Rooms Nos. 8 and 9.

REFEREE'S SALE.

40 LOTS.

ENTIRE BLOCK, BOUNDED BY
PARTITION, DIKEMAN, RICHARDS, AND
DWIGHT STS., BROOKLYN.

Splendid manufacturing property.

Will be sold on

TUESDAY, June 24, at 12 o'clock, at

JERE. JOHNSON'S Auction Exchange,
Nos. 399 and 401 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

Foreclosure sale under direction of
GERARD M. STEVENS, Esq., Referee.

OLIVER BRYAN, Auctioneer.

DOUBLE YOUR MONEY CAN BE made in three years by purchasing lots at the great sale of NORTH NEW-YORK property by Oliver Bryan, Auctioneer, 115 Broadway, on TUESDAY, July 1, at 11:30 A. M. This property contains fifty-two valuable lots; for location and communication cannot be beat; located on Southern Boulevard, 135th and 136th sts.; next railroad depot; steam-boat and horse-cars; Twenty-third Ward, City of New-York.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., Auctioneer,

NO. 21 PARK-ROW, NEW-YORK.

BRILLIANT AUCTION JUBILEES.

Tuesday, June 24,

GREAT CONTINUATION SALE

By order of JAMES BLACKWELL, Esq.

500 MAGNIFICENT LOTS AT

GREAT NECK,

LONG ISLAND.

Some of the very finest lots on the tract are included in this sale; they are near the steam-boat landing, very desirable, and the sale will be unreserved.

STEAM-BOAT EXCURSION, MUSIC, COLLATION, HARRISON, &c.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 25,

GREAT UNRESERVED SALE OF

300 BEAUTIFUL LOTS

AT

HYDE PARK, L. I.,

IN THE VILLAGE,

at and near the depot, adjoining

STEWART'S GARDEN CITY.

Maps, terms, excursion tickets, &c., at office of JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., No. 21 Park-row, New-York.

A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO.,

Auctioneers and Dealers in New-Jersey Real Estate,
No. 6 Pine-st., New-York,

WILL POSITIVELY AND PEREMPTORILY SELL AT AUCTION,

Without any Reserve Whatever,

By order of A. Q. KEASBEY and E. A. S. MAN,
Trustees,

with full power to sell the land of W. J. POLLOCK,
without reserve,

600 CHOICE BUILDING LOTS,

ON

FRIDAY, JUNE 27, 1873,

AT 12 M., ON THE PREMISES, in the
FIFTH WARD of the

City of Elizabeth, N. J.,

Thirty-five minutes from the New-York side of the river.

123 TRAINS DAILY.

A rare opportunity for purchasing some of the most desirable property in this favorite city,

Immediately adjoining North Elizabeth Station, and at the South Entrance of Waverley Park.

The lots are surrounded by costly improvements, and front on Broad-st., Sheridan, Cross, North, and other avenues.

Streets Sewered, Laid with Nicolson Pavement, and some of the Sidewalks Flagged.

Every One of these Elegant Lots to be Absolutely Sold Without Protection.

LUNCHEON BEFORE THE SALE.

Special train by the New-Jersey Railroad will leave New-York, from the foot of Cortlandt and Desbrosses sts., at 11:30 A. M., stopping at Market-st. Station, Newark.

For Maps and Railroad Passes, apply to A. Q. KEASBEY, Attorney at Law, No. 750 Broad-st., Newark, N. J.; E. A. S. MAN, Attorney at Law, No. 1 Montgomery-st., Jersey City, and to

A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO., Auctioneers,
No. 6 Pine-st., New-York.

CONTINUATION SALE

OF THE WELL-KNOWN

TILLINGHAST PROPERTY,

ADJOINING THE CITY LINE OF

NEWARK, N. J.

A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO.,

Auctioneers and Dealers in New-Jersey Real Estate,

NO. 6 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK,

WILL POSITIVELY SELL THE BALANCE
of this
VALUABLE PROPERTY

ON THURSDAY, JUNE 26, 1873,

At 1 P. M., on the premises.

The great success of the first sale on Clinton Heights has decided the owners to offer the balance of this choice property at once, thus giving another opportunity for purchasing some of these splendid lots just at the terminus of the Chadwick-avenue Horse-car line, and on elevation commanding magnificent views of the surrounding country.

Special train will leave the foot of LIBERTY-ST., New-York, at 12 M.

LUNCHEON BEFORE THE SALE.

For maps and railroad passes apply to
W. H. KNAUSS & T. C. SMITH,
No. 741 Broad-st., Newark, N. J.,
And to the Auctioneers.

CONTINUATION OF GREAT SALE OF PROPERTY

at

MARION, N. J.

LOTS, BUILDINGS, AND WATER-FRONTS
on the premises.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 25.

Free railroad passes and maps of JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., No. 21 Park-row, New-York, and J. M. GIBSON, No. 31 Montgomery-st., Jersey City.

JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., Auctioneer.

SPLENDID OPENING

FOR INVESTMENT,
in
WESTCHESTER.

500 SUPERIOR VILLAGE LOTS, AND FIVE COTTAGES,

in
MAMARONECK,
At Auction,

SATURDAY, June 28, 12 o'clock noon, 1873,
on the premises.

Now that quick transit is assured, and three new railroads building, all eyes are turned toward Grand Old Westchester, as the future up-town of the Metropolis, and we offer these lots confidently as the very best village sites on the New-Haven Railroad, all within five minutes' walk of Mamaroneck Station. Healthy, accessible, and cheap. Board road and avenues made. Fifty minutes from Grand Central Depot. Forty-four trains daily. Property must be sold. City prices not expected. No finer opportunity for home or speculation can be offered. Title indisputable. Terms easy. Sale imperative.

Special train Grand Central Depot, New-Haven Railroad, at 11 o'clock A. M. For free excursion cards, maps, and full information, apply to JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., No. 21 Park-row, New-York.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer.

BY JAMES M. MILLER.—THURSDAY, June 26, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, by order of WM. SIMPSON, Esq., executor of the estate of Walter Stevenson, deceased, No. 26 Market-st., east side, between Henry and Madison sts., the two-story attic and basement brick house; lot, 22.3x86.6. Maps and particulars at the office, No. 28 Pine-st.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

ORANGE, N. J.—TO RENT, CHEAP, ONE of the handsomest residences in Llewellyn Park; the house is furnished; well supplied with water and gas; a fine stable, boat-house, and garden planted with Summer vegetables. Apply to HAMILTON & WALLIS, No. 30 Pine-st., and Orange, opposite depot.

TO RENT—A FURNISHED COTTAGE containing six rooms, pleasantly located at Plandome, on Manhasset Bay, (north shore,) Long Island, which for beauty of scenery, boating, fishing, and salt-water bathing, cannot be surpassed; location perfectly healthy; rent $300. Address ROBT. MORRELL, Plandome, Manhassett, L. I.

A FARM OF SEVENTY-FIVE ACRES to let, nicely situated on a hill, within ten minutes' walk of Westfield Depot, on line of Central Railroad of New-Jersey; dwelling has twelve rooms; complete out-buildings. Apply to LEVI HETFIELD, Westfield, or to A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO., No. 6 Pine-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—FOR the Summer, at Catskill, to a good responsible party, Springside Hall, containing fifteen rooms; one of the finest situations in Catskill. Apply to D. H. ABANGELDER.

COUNTRY PLACE—TO LET, FURNISHED, at Tarrytown, on the Hudson; in perfect order, with immediate possession. For particulars apply to A. C. KINGSLAND & SONS,
No. 55 Broad-st.

ENGLEWOOD.—TO LET—FURNISHED, A large and commodious house, with gas and modern improvements, beautifully situated in the most desirable part of Englewood. Office No. 1, 4 Pine-st.

LONG BRANCH COTTAGE TO RENT—Fifteen rooms, stable, water-closet, &c., handsomely furnished, on Chelsea-av., opposite Mansion House. Apply to ISAAC LEVY, 184 William-st., N. Y.

MUSICAL.

A GREAT OFFER! HORACE WATERS & SON, 481 Broadway, New-York, *will dispose of* **100 PIANOS & ORGANS** *of first-class makers, including* **WATERS'**, *at extremely low prices for cash, or part cash, and balance in small monthly payments.* **New 7-Octave first-class PIANOS, all modern improvements,** *for* **$275** *cash.* **Organs $55, $75. DOUBLE-REED ORGANS, $100; 4-STOP, $110; 8-STOP, $125,** *and upward.*

WATERS' CONCERTO PARLOR ORGANS

are the **most beautiful** *in style and* **perfect** *in tone ever made. The* **CONCERTO STOP** *is the* **best ever placed in any Organ.** *It is produced by a third set of reeds* **peculiarly voiced,** *the* **EFFECT** *of which is* **MOST CHARMING and SOUL-STIRRING,** *while its* **IMITATION** *of the* **HUMAN VOICE** *is* **SUPERB.** *Terms liberal.* **ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES MAILED.** 1 stamp. Chickering's, Steinway's, and Waters' Pianos and Organs to rent in City or country.

A LARGE STOCK OF PIANOS,

SQUARE AND UPRIGHT, to rent or sell cheap; rent allowed on purchases. Call at M. M. MERRELL'S, No. 8 Union-square, (No. 165 4th-av.)

CHURCH ORGANS AT BARGAINS.—One of one bank keys, fifty-eight notes, one and a half octave pedals and sub-bass. Also, one of two banks, second hand, for sale cheap for cash. Apply to D. S. BEDELL, No. 201 Church-st., New-York.

SAVINGS BANKS.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

1873—JULY INTEREST.—The Twenty-sixth Semi-Annual Interest at the rate of SIX Per Cent. per annum on all sums of Five Dollars and upward which have been on deposit for one or more months next previous to July 1 will be credited and paid on and after MONDAY, JULY 21.

All interest not called for will remain as principal and bear interest from July 1, and will be entered on the depositors' books any time when presented after the 21st of July.

Deposits made on or before SATURDAY, July 19, will bear interest from the 1st of July. The Bank is open every day for the reception and payment of money from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Mondays and Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M. Bank-books in German, French, and English.

Bank, No. 58 Bowery, south west corner Canal-st.
E. A. QUINTARD, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.

GREENWICH SAVINGS BANK,

JULY INTEREST FOR 1873.

The Board of Trustees have ordered interest to be paid to depositors on and after MONDAY, the 21st July, at the rate of seven per cent. per annum on all sums of $500 and under, and all sums over $500 at the rate of six per cent. per annum, entitled thereto and free from Government tax. Interest not called for will be added as principal.

Money deposited on or before the 10th July will draw interest from 1st.

Bank open daily from 10 to 2 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and FRIDAY from 5 to 7 P. M.

B. F. WHEELWRIGHT, President.
JAMES BRYCE, } Secretaries.
J. HARSEN RHOADES, }

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,

Nos. 396 and 398 Canal-st., corner Laight.
Open daily from 10 to 3, and Monday Evenings 5 to 7.

ASSETS ELEVEN MILLION DOLLARS.

Surplus, Seven Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED.
Bank-books in English, French, and German.
G. S. CHAPIN, Treas. N. J. HAINES, Pres't.
T. S. ARMOUR, Sec.

Broadway Savings Institution,

NO. 237 BROADWAY, entrance on Park-place.

Interest on deposits entitled thereto, for the six months ending June 30, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. PER ANNUM, on all sums of $5 and upward, will be paid on and after MONDAY, July 21.

FRANCIS P. SCHOALS, President.
WADE B. WORRALL, Sec. PETER CUMMING, Actuary.

NORTH RIVER SAVINGS BANK,

Corner 8th-av. and West 34th-st.

DIVIDEND.—A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. per annum, on all sums from $5 to $5,000, will be paid on and after July 21, 1873.

MONEY DEPOSITED on or before the 20th of July will draw INTEREST from July 1.

BANK open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Also on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and SATURDAY EVENINGS from 6 to 8 o'clock.

JOHN HOOPER, President.
JAMES O. BENNETT, Secretary.

DEPOSIT TO-DAY.

THE FREEDMAN'S SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY,
Chartered by the United States.
NO. 185 BLEECKER-ST., NEW-YORK.
ASSETS OVER $4,000,000.
J. W. ALVORD, President.
G. W. STICKNEY, Actuary.
A. M. SPERRY, General Inspector.
SAM'L HARRIS, Manager.
Send for Circular. JOHN J. ZUILLE, Cashier.

GERMAN UP-TOWN SAVINGS BANK.

Nos. 906 and 908 3d-av., corner of 55th-st.

MONEY DEPOSITED NOW will draw interest from the 1st of July, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. per annum, on all sums from $1 to $5,000.

Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, and SATURDAYS also, from 6 to 8 in the evening.

CHRISTIAN SCHWARTZ, President.
CHAS. SCHAFFNER, Secretary and Treasurer.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK.

NOS. 396 AND 398 CANAL-ST., NEW-YORK.

TWENTY-EIGHTH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.

Interest on deposits entitled thereto, for the six months ending June 30, at rate of SIX PER CENT. per annum, on all sums of $5 and upward, will be paid on and after July 21.

G. S. CHAPIN, Treas. N. J. HAINES, Pres.
T. S. ARMOUR, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK.

CHATHAM-SQUARE, June 20, 1873.

The Trustees of this bank have declared a SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND at the rate of SIX PER CENT. on all deposits entitled thereto, payable on and after July 21.

HARRISON HALL, President.
JOSEPH P. COOPER, Sec. C. D. BAILEY, Treas.

☞ *All money deposited in this bank now will date interest from July 1.*

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK.

3d-av., corner of 23d-st. The usual Semi-annual Interest, at the rate of Six per Cent. per annum, on all sums entitled thereto on the 1st of July, will be paid on and after July 20. All money deposited on or before July 20 will draw interest from July 1.

FREDK. OLMSTEAD, President.
CHARLES T. RODGERS, M. D., Secretary.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION, NO. 96 WARREN-ST., NEW-YORK, June 24, 1873.

The trustees of this bank have declared a Semi-annual Dividend, at the rate of Six per cent., on all sums, payable on and after July 21.

WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, 8TH-AV., CORNER 14TH-ST.—Six per cent. interest paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000. Deposits made on or before July 1 will draw interest from July 1.

Assets.........$3,135,566 63 | Surplus.........$238,442 49

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EBENEZER REED, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of Barney, Butler & Parsons, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 14th day of August next.—Dated New-York, the 8th day of February, 1873.

WM. H. LEONARD, }
GEO. W. PARSONS, } Executors.
ALMIRA M. REED, }
f11-law6mTu

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ELIZA R. CARNEGIE, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of business, office of the Irving Insurance Company, No. 157 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 30th day of August next.—Dated New-York, the 24th day of February, 1873.

JAMES WILSON, } Executors.
NICHOLAS F. PALMER, }
f25-law6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOHN L. BROWER, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Ogden, Brower & Company, No. 17 William-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of November next.—Dated New-York, the 25th day of April, 1873.

ISAAC C. OGDEN, }
JOHN LEFOY BROWER, } Executors.
MATTHEW H. BROWER, }
ap29-law6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GEORGE W. GASHERIE, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at the store of Rice, Goodwin, Walker & Co., of No. 476 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 30th day of December next.—Dated New-York, the 23d day of June, 1873.

LEWIS H. TYLER, } Executors.
WILLIAM H. JANSEN }
je24-law6mTu

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against THOMAS DONOHOE, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the office of Arnoux, Ritch & Woodford, No. 271 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of December, 1873, next.—Dated New-York, the 20th day of May, 1873.

SARAH J. DONOHOE, Executrix.
my20-law6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARGARET DEAN, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the residence of Charles A. Dean, No. 235 Madison-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 25th day of December next.—Dated New-York, the 16th day of June, 1873.

CHARLES A. DEAN, } Executors.
je17-law6mTu* WM. L. DEAN, }

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARIA LIVINGSTON, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the office of Townsend Wandell, Attorney, No. 290 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 10th day of October next.—Dated New-York, the 4th day of April, 1873.

CORNELIA M. GREENLY, Executrix.
ap8-law6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against NOAH NORRIS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the office of Norris & Miller, No. 229 East 41st-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 10th day of November next. Dated, New-York, the 29th day of April, 1873.

BRAINARD T. NORRIS, Administrator.
my6-law6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. HUTCHINGS, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against THOMAS DUNN, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her residence, No. 346 West 17th-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 3d day of August next.—Dated New-York, the 3d day of February, 1873.

f4-law6mTu* ANN DUNN, Executrix.

STORES, &C, TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET
IN
TIMES BUILDING.

SPLENDID OFFICES TO LET IN THE FIRE-PROOF TIMES BUILDING.

Apply at TIMES COUNTING-ROOM.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED.—A MEMBER OF THE STOCK Exchange, having an experience of some ten years, and who has a capital of $10,000, would like to form a copartnership with some person of larger capital to transact a stock commission business. Address INTEGRITY, Box 5,390 New-York Post-office.

FINANCIAL.

$5,000,000

TOLEDO, WABASH & WESTERN

RAILROAD COMPANY'S

7 Per Cent. Mortgage Bonds.

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD COIN.

Issued for the Purchase of Steel Rails.

Principal Due 1893. Interest Coupons Payable 1st February and 1st August, in City of New-York.

The Directors of this Trunk Line, between Toledo and St. Louis, comprising with its branches over 600 miles of completed road, have decided, in order to accommodate the great increase of traffic, to relay the **ENTIRE LINE WITH STEEL RAILS,** and for that purpose have issued $5,000,000 of 7 per cent. Mortgage Gold Bonds.

The steady increase of business over this line will be rapidly and greatly augmented by its connection with the Canada Southern Railroad, (which will be open for traffic in a few weeks,) rendering the substitution of steel rails a necessity.

The net earnings for the years 1871 and 1872, after paying the interest on the Mortgage debt of the company, were largely in excess of the amount necessary to pay the interest on this Mortgage.

The road has no floating debt. All the proceeds of these Bonds go to the permanent improvement of the property, experience having proved that by substituting steel for iron rails on roads doing so heavy a traffic the "saving" alone, without any allowance for increase of business, is sufficient to pay off at least four times the amount of this Mortgage before maturity. The advantage of employing steel rails is so great that all our Trunk Lines are adopting them to the exclusion of iron ones.

As the Bonds will only be issued so fast as the rails can be laid, we now offer for sale but $1,000,000, **AT NINETY AND ACCRUED INTEREST IN CURRENCY.**

The large earnings of this Road, with its future prospects, make this Bond, in our opinion, an undoubted security.

Winslow, Lanier & Co.,
NO. 27 PINE-ST.

Perkins, Livingston & Post,
NO. 31 NEW-ST.

LOAN FOR $2,328,000

FOR THE

DEFICIENCY IN THE SINKING FUND,

UNDER

Section 3, Article 7, of the Constitution.

The Commissioners of the Canal Fund, by virtue of the act entitled "An act to provide means to support the Government," passed April 12, 1855, and in accordance with section 3 of article 7 of the Constitution, hereby give notice that sealed proposals will be received at the Canal Department until the 25th day of June inst., at 12 o'clock noon of that day, for a loan of

Two Million Three Hundred and Twenty-eight Thousand Dollars,

for which transferable certificates of stock, PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD, either registered or coupon, at option of the purchaser, will be issued in the name of the People of the State of New-York, on the credit of the Sinking Fund, under section 3, article 7, of the Constitution, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first days of January and July in each year, and the principal reimbursable on the 1st day of July, 1891.

It is to be understood that the Commissioners are to be at liberty to accept or reject any or all proposals, if the offers are not such as in their opinion are advantageous to the interests of the State.

The proposals may be for the whole, or any part of said loan not less than $5,000.

All proposals to be sealed up and indorsed "Loan for the Sinking Fund," and inclosed in an envelope directed to the Auditor of the Canal Department, Albany, N. Y.

The money will be required to be paid in gold coin on the acceptance of the proposal, or by the 30th day of June, instant.

Payments to be made by depositing the same to the credit of the "Treasurer of the State of New-York, on account of the Canal Fund," in the Bank of the Manhattan Company, New-York. The stocks maturing on the first day of July, 1873, will be received in payment for subscriptions to the new loan.

Interest on the loan will commence on the first day of July next, and be payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July, at the Bank of the Manhattan Company, in the City of New-York.

Dated Canal Department, Albany, June 5, 1873.

JOHN C. ROBINSON,
Lieutenant Governor.
NELSON K. HOPKINS,
Controller.
G. HILTON SCRIBNER,
Secretary of State.
THOMAS RAINES,
Treasurer.
FRANCIS C. BARLOW,
Attorney General.

Geo. Opdyke & Co.,

BANKERS.

No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

ACCOUNTS OF BANKS, BANKERS, CORPORATIONS, FIRMS AND INDIVIDUALS SOLICITED.

DEPOSITORS ENJOY THE SAME ADVANTAGES AS WITH INCORPORATED BANKS—**FOUR PER CENT.** ON DAILY BALANCES, CREDITED MONTHLY.

COLLECTIONS MADE AT LOWEST RATES.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES A SPECIALTY

SOUTH SIDE RAILROAD OF LONG ISLAND

7 Per Cent. 1st Mortgage Bonds,

DUE 1892. COUPON AND REGISTERED.

The BOND is safe and profitable.

The ROAD is successful and increases daily in prosperity.

FOR SALE BY
JACOB R. SHIPHERD & CO., Bankers,
No. 24 Pine-st.

HATCH & FOOTE

BANKERS,

12 Wall-st., New-York.

WE RECEIVE DEPOSITS PAYABLE ON DEMAND, AND ALLOW INTEREST AT THE RATE OF FIVE PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

FIRST MORTGAGE 8 PER CENT BONDS.

OF THE

MILWAUKEE AND NORTHERN RAILWAY,

COUPON AND REGISTERED: INTEREST JUNE AND DECEMBER.

We offer these bonds for sale at 90, and accrued interest, believing them to be a secure, as well as a profitable investment. The Road is now completed to Green Bay. Full particulars furnished on application.

VERMILYE & CO.,
Nos. 16 and 18 Nassau-st.
GREENLEAF, NORRIS & CO.,
No. 66 Exchange-place.

CENTRAL RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company, for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may legally come before the meeting, will be held at the Office of the Company, in Cedar Rapids, Iowa, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of June, 1873, at 12 o'clock M.

The transfer-books will be closed from the 15th to the 30th of June, both inclusive.

By order of the Board,
J. M. COLEMAN,
Assistant Secretary.

ST. LOUIS, ALTON AND TERRE HAUTE Railroad Company.—A meeting of stockholders will be held THIS DAY, (Tuesday,) at 2½ P. M., at office of F. B. Wallace & Co., No. 29 Broad-st., to hear report of committee appointed at last meeting.

C. E. LAWRENCE, Secretary.

TO STOCK-BROKERS.—AN AMERICAN, aged thirty, is desirous of learning the stock brokerage; small salary until services are of value. Address RELIABLE, Box No. 100 New-York *Times* Office.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 26 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK, June 7, 1873. }

TRANSFER-BOOKS OF MORRIS AND Essex Railroad Company will be closed from June 10 to July 1, for payment of interest on stock at latter date.

A. J. ODELL, Registrar.

FINANCIAL.

SOUND INVESTMENT SECURITY.

7 PER CT. GOLD BONDS

OF THE

INDIANAPOLIS, BLOOMINGTON AND WESTERN RAILWAY.

AN EAST AND WEST TRUNK LINE.

Total length of Line	**420 miles**
Completed	**335 miles**
In operation	**209 miles**
Under construction	**85 miles**

These BONDS have UNUSUAL STRENGTH, being secured by a FIRST and ONLY MORTGAGE on an extension of 217 miles, and are a liability of the entire corporation representing 420 miles.

NET EARNINGS of the Road LARGELY EXCEED ALL INTEREST.

Receipts for 1872..............**$1,359,690**

A gain of $395,000 over 1871 on same number of miles.

Receipts for May, 1873......**$133,758 34**

An examination of the route will show conclusively that the road penetrates a country of great productive capabilities, has a local business far more than self-supporting, and that it is A TRUNK LINE.

Diverging at Champaign, the road has two Western terminal points, Peoria and Keokuk, from which, through its own connections, already in a forward state of completion, it will reach St. Paul, in Minnesota, and Grand Island, in Nebraska, the latter route following the borders of Missouri and Iowa, and passing through the rich South Platte Valley. The amount of through business from these sources and from intersecting lines will be of great magnitude.

At Indianapolis, the Eastern terminus, the road has intimate connections with the following great lines: Chesapeake and Ohio, Baltimore and Ohio, Pennsylvania, Erie, and New-York Central.

We offer the bonds at 90 and interest in currency, and, with our knowledge of the management and business of the road, can recommend them UNQUALIFIEDLY as being

SAFE FOR ALL INVESTMENT PURPOSES.

TURNER BROS.,

Bankers, No. 14 Nassau-st.

LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHERN

RAILWAY COMPANY

NEW SINKING FUND BONDS,

COUPON AND REGISTERED.

$6,000,000,

Bonds due Oct. 1, 1882, with Interest at Seven per Cent., payable semi-annually, April and October, at the office of the Union Trust Co. of New-York.

$600,000, or Ten Per Cent. of the Loan, to be retired annually by the Sinking Fund.

Coupon Bonds of..............................$1,000 each.
Registered Bonds of $1,000, $5,000, and $10,000 each.

Price, 94 and Accrued Interest.

ROBINSON, CHASE & CO.,

BANKERS, NO. 18 BROAD-ST.

VERMILYE & CO,

BANKERS,

16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

FIRST-CLASS RAILROAD AND MUNICIPAL BONDS ALWAYS ON HAND FOR INVESTMENT.

BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION

RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS, AND GOLD.

MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

GEORGE OPDYKE & CO.,

NO. 25 NASSAU-ST.,

OFFER FOR SALE AND CONFIDENTLY RECOMMEND

LAKE ONTARIO SHORE RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE Seven per cent. Gold Bonds.

ST. LOUIS AND SOUTH-EASTERN CONSOLIDATED Seven per cent. Gold Bonds.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA, AND SANTA FE FIRST MORTGAGE Seven per cent. Gold Bonds.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA, AND SANTA FE LAND-GRANT Seven per cent. Gold Bonds.

EVANSVILLE CITY (Ind.) Seven per cent. BONDS.

Desirable WESTERN COUNTY BONDS, yielding Ten per cent. Interest.

TOWN Seven per cent. BONDS, State of New-York.

OFFICE PEOPLE'S FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, NO. 393 CANAL-ST., NEW-YORK, June 20, 1873. }

AT THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR Directors of this Company, held June 17, 1873, the following-named gentlemen were elected for the ensuing year:

WILLIAM MOIR,	JOHN O. MORE,
SIMON SHINDLER,	JAMES E. HEDGES,
JOHN W. LEWIS,	JOSEPH B. MILLER,
THOMAS WILLIAMS,	ALBERT MANN,
ABRAHAM LEGGETT,	PETER J. SHULTS,
ALFRED BARMORE,	FREDERICK V. PRICE,
CORNEL'S STEPHENS,	SAMUEL RAYNOR,
MATT'S BLOODGOOD,	JOSEPH H. WOOD,
CHAS. F. HUNTER,	W. ALFRED GEDNEY,
HENRY DAVID,	WM. C. MILLER,
JOHN A. C. GRAY.	JOHN F. VAN RIPER.

And at a meeting of the Board, held this day, Frederick V. Price, Esq., was unanimously re-elected President.

A. C. MILNE, Secretary.

WOOD & DAVIS,

Bankers,

AND

DEALERS IN RAILROAD BONDS.

Keep on hand a variety of choice Bonds to supply investors; execute orders for Government Securities, Gold, and Railroad Stocks; pay interest on deposits according to the nature of the account.

No. 31 Pine-st.

C. D. WOOD. SAM'L D. DAVIS.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,

BANKERS, NO. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, ISSUE CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT ON MUNROE & CO., PARIS, AND ON THE CONSOLIDATED BANK, LONDON.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 59 WALL-ST.,

issue COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

SUBSCRIPTION TO CAPITAL STOCK OF THE **POUGHKEEPSIE BRIDGE COMPANY.**

The undersigned, directors of the Poughkeepsie Bridge Company, give notice that they were appointed by a majority of the Board of Directors of the said Company, at a meeting held at the office of the Company, Jan. 21, 1873, Commissioners to open books of subscription to the capital stock of said Company, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 897, of the New-York Session Laws of 1871, and the act amendatory thereof.

Notice is therefore given that such books of subscription will be opened on the 30th day of June, 1873, at the office of the Poughkeepsie Bridge Company, No. 37 Market-st., Poughkeepsie, N. Y., and will remain open during the business hours of the day, for the subscription of two million dollars ($2,000,000) of the capital stock of said Company.

Ten per cent. of the amount of each subscription shall be paid in at the time of subscribing to George Innis, Treasurer of the Company, at the Falkill National Bank of Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

(Signed.) GEORGE P. PELTON, }
HUDSON TAYLOR, } Commissioners.
H. G. EASTMAN. }

Dated Poughkeepsie, N. Y., June 7, 1873.

OFFICE OF THE GERMAN-AMERICAN LOAN AND MORTGAGE COMPANY, NO. 52 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK, June 4, 1873. }

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the German-American Loan and Mortgage Company, for the election of directors, will be held at the office of the company, on THURSDAY, the 10th day of July next, at 2 o'clock P. M.

LOUIS HEIDELBACH,
Treasurer pro tem.

OFFICE EXCHANGE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, NEW-YORK, June 9, 1873. }

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DI- rectors of this Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 172 Broadway, WEDNESDAY, June 25, 1873. Polls open from 12 to 1 o'clock P. M.

GEO. W. MONTGOMERY, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

NOTICE TO INVESTORS.

CHICAGO AND CANADA

SOUTHERN.

$5,000,000

7 PER CENT. GOLD BONDS

COUPON AND REGISTERED. INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD, APRIL AND OCTOBER.

THE CANADA SOUTHERN, or eastern end of this line, whose Bonds were so rapidly sold last Summer,

Is Now Finished,

and will be opened for business, in connection with the TOLEDO AND WABASH and other Western Roads, at a very early day. The CHICAGO AND CANADA SOUTHERN, or western end of this line, is now being rapidly built, and the Company expect it to be finished during the present year.

THIS GREAT TRUNK LINE, when completed through, will be of immense advantage to the shipping interests of the Great West, being *Level, Straight* and thirty-three miles Shorter than any other route. Having connections with all the lines running into Buffalo at the East and Chicago at the West, and under the management of some of the most experienced railroad operators of the country, its success is rendered a certainty, and its Bonds must be a safe and profitable investment. It makes the shortest and best connections going West, both at Toledo and Detroit, and is the only Seven per Cent. Gold Bond on any through Trunk line now offered.

Pamphlets and all information furnished by

WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.,

BANKERS, NO. 27 PINE-ST.

LEONARD, SHELDON & FOSTER

BANKERS, NO. 10 WALL-ST.

AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO.,

BANKERS, 74 BROADWAY.

European Travelers' Letters of Credit. Exchange on City Bank, London, and the principal Cities of Europe.

PERUVIAN AND CHILIAN

CONJOINT-ISSUE BONDS.

The coupons due on these bonds on the 1st of July next will be paid from this date, with rebate of interest, by the undersigned, at their office, No. 52 Wall-st.

HOBSON, HURTADO & CO.,
Financial Agents of the Peruvian Government.
NEW-YORK, June 1, 1873.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the annual election of officers and directors of the East Side Association will be held on the fourth TUESDAY of June, 1873, the 24th inst., from 6 to 9 o'clock P. M., at their rooms corner 86th-st. and 3d-av., New-York. By order of the directors.

JACOB F. MILLER, Secretary.

INSURANCE RISKS ON DWELLINGS, furniture, wearing-apparel, stores, and merchandise promptly placed in responsible companies, by EDWARD P. MONTAGUE, Fire, Marine, and Life Insurance Broker. Office at the store of Messrs. H. B. Claflin & Co., New-York City.

INSURANCE SCRIP.—ATLANTIC, COMMERCIAL, AND UNION SCRIP, wanted by WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine-st.

DIVIDENDS.

PEOPLE'S FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, NO. 393 CANAL-ST., NEW-YORK, June 20, 1873. }

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Eight (8) per Cent., payable on and after July 1, 1873.

A. C. MILNE, Secretary.

FORTY-SECOND DIVIDEND.

NEW-YORK, June 19, 1873.
OFFICE PACIFIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, }
No. 470 Broadway. }

The Board of Directors have declared a regular Semi-annual Dividend of (10) Ten per Cent. payable on and after July 3, 1873.

THOMAS F. JEREMIAH,
Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY, }
NOS. 59 AND 61 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, June 9, 1873. }

SIXTIETH DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD of Directors have this day declared the usual quarterly Dividend of Three (3) per Cent. for the three months ending 30th inst., payable to stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 1st day of July next.

Transfer-books will be closed on the afternoon of the 20th inst., and reopened on the morning of the 2d day of July.

JOHN KEELER, Secretary.

EXCELSIOR SAVINGS BANK, NO. 374 6TH-AV. }
CORNER 23D-ST., NEW-YORK, June 22, 1873. }

EIGHTH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.—The trustees of this institution have declared the eighth Semi-annual Dividend of interest at the rate of (6) Six per Cent. per annum, payable on and after the third Monday in July, 1873. All dividends not drawn will receive interest same as a deposit. All moneys deposited on or before July 10 will draw interest from July 1. Interest commences on the 1st of each month.

B. F. BEEKMAN, President.
WM. BAINBRIDGE JAUDON, Secretary.

THE CENTRAL NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF }
NEW-YORK, NEW-YORK, June 23, 1873. }

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared the regular Semi-annual Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. out of the earnings of the past six months, payable on and after July 1, 1873.

The transfer books will be closed from the afternoon of Tuesday, 24th inst., until the morning of Monday, July 7.

C. F. COLES,
Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE CANADA SOUTHERN RAILWAY CO., }
NO. 11 WILLIAM-ST., }
NEW-YORK, June 21, 1873. }

THE SEMI-ANNUAL INTEREST DUE the 1st July, 1873, on the First Mortgage Bonds of this Company, will be paid at the Union Trust Company, of New-York, No. 71 Broadway. The interest on all Sterling Bonds of this Company will be paid at the Company's Agency, (the London Bank of Commerce,) London, England.

M. COURTRIGHT, President.

OFFICE OF THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD }
COMPANY, NEW-YORK, June 23, 1873. }

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. has been declared by this Company, payable on the 1st day of August next, to the holders of full-paid shares registered at the close of the 15th day of July next, after which and until the 5th day of August the transfer-books will be closed.

L. V. F. RANDOLPH, Assistant Treasurer.

NATIONAL SHOE AND LEATHER BANK, }
NEW-YORK, June 17, 1873. }

THIRTY-NINTH DIVIDEND.—THE directors of this bank have this day declared a Dividend of Six per Cent., payable free of tax, on and after July 1, 1873. The transfer-book will be closed from 21st inst. until the 1st proximo.

J. M. CRANE, Cashier.

THE BANK OF NEW-YORK }
NATIONAL BANKING ASSOCIATION, }
NEW-YORK, June 20, 1873. }

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE THIS DAY declared a Dividend of Five per Cent., free from tax, payable on and after July 1. The transfer-books will be closed until 5th July, 1873.

W. B. MEEKER.

MECHANICS' NATIONAL BANK, }
NEW-YORK, June 18, 1873. }

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT., free of tax, has this day been declared, payable to the stockholders on the 1st of July next. The transfer-book will be closed until that date.

WM. H. COX, Cashier.

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK, }
NEW-YORK, June 20, 1873. }

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a Dividend of Four (4) per Cent., free of tax, payable on the 1st of July next. The transfer books will be closed until the 1st proximo.

GEO. W. PERKINS, Cashier.

THE NATIONAL PARK BANK, }
NEW-YORK, June 18, 1873. }

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE DE- clared a Semi-annual Dividend of Six per Cent., payable on the 1st day of July next. The transfer-books will be closed from the 20th inst. to 1st proximo, both days inclusive.

JAS. L. WORTH, Cashier.

NATIONAL BROADWAY BANK, }
NEW-YORK, June 21, 1873. }

FORTY-SEVENTH DIVIDEND.—A Semi-annual Dividend of Three Dollars per share of the capital stock of this bank will be paid on and after the 1st day of July ensuing.

J. L. EVERITT, Cashier.

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.—The coupons of the bonds of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company and South Pacific Railroad Company, due July 1, 1873, will be paid in gold coin at the National Shoe and Leather Bank, New-York.

A. V. STOUT, Treasurer.

THE INDIANAPOLIS, BLOOMINGTON, and Western Railway Extension First Mortgage Coupons, due July 1, will be paid on and after that date at the banking-house of Turner Brothers, No. 14 Nassau-st.

B. E. SMITH, President.

THE INDIANAPOLIS, BLOOMINGTON, and Western Railway Second Mortgage Coupons, due July 1, will be paid on and after that date at the banking-house of Turner Brothers, No. 14 Nassau-st.

B. E. SMITH, President.

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.—The coupons of the second mortgage bonds of the Pacific Railroad, (of Missouri,) due July 1, 1873, will be paid at the National Bank of Commerce, New-York.

A. V. STOUT, Treasurer.

THE COUPONS DUE JULY 1, 1873, ON the Mortgage Bonds of the Galveston, Houston and Henderson Railway Company of 1871 will be paid in gold, by F. P. JAMES & CO., No. 40 Wall-st., New-York.

MANUFACTURERS' AND BUILDERS' BANK, }
NEW-YORK, June 23, 1873. }

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. WILL be paid on and after July 10.

C. A. WATERBURY, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

ORIENTAL BANK.

CAPITAL, $300,000. **SURPLUS, $300,000**

H. T. CHAPMAN, Jr., Cashier.

W. A. HALL, President.

The usual Semi-annual Dividend of Six per Cent. has been declared payable July 1.

NEW-YORK, June 21, 1873.

INTEREST ON CITY STOCKS.

Interest Coupons due July 1st proximo on all Jersey City Bonds will be paid at the Hudson County National Bank, in Jersey City, or at the National Merchants' Exchange Bank, in the City of New-York, on and after that date.

E. A. CARMAN, Controller.

TO HOLDERS OF OHIO STATE Stocks.—Notice is hereby given that the interest due on the 1st day of July, 1873, on the funded debt of the State of Ohio will be paid at the American Exchange National Bank, of New-York, from the 1st to the 15th prox., and thereafter at our office in this city. The transfer-books will be closed on the 15th inst. and reopened on the 16th prox.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 12, 1873.

JAMES WILLIAMS, Auditor of State, }
A. T. WIKOFF, Secretary of State, }
F. B. POND, Attorney General. }
Commissioners of the Sinking Fund of State of Ohio.

CAPITAL, $5,000,000.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK }
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, }
NEW-YORK, June 23, 1873. }

NINETEENTH DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of Five (5) per Cent., free of Tax, out of profits of last six months, payable 1st July proximo. Transfer-books will close 24th inst., 3 P. M., and open 2d July.

ANTHONY LANE, Cashier.

OFFICE OF CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, NO. 52 WALL-ST., }
NEW-YORK, June 20, 1873. }

A DIVIDEND OF THREE AND ONE-HALF per cent. has been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable at this office on and after the 15th of July to the stockholders of record at the closing of the books on the 28th of June.

The transfer-books will reopen on the 16th of July, at 10 A. M.

C. B. MARVIN, Treasurer.

THE IMPORTERS' AND TRADERS' }
NATIONAL BANK, OF NEW-YORK, }
NEW-YORK, June 14, 1873. }

A DIVIDEND OF SEVEN (7) PER cent. out of the earnings of the last six months, free of all tax, has this day been declared by this Bank, payable on the 1st day of July next. The transfer-books will remain closed from 23d inst. to 1st prox.

E. H. PERKINS, Jr.,
Cashier.

BANK OF AMERICA, }
NEW-YORK, June 20, 1873. }

THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS of the Bank of America have this day declared a dividend of Five (5) Per Cent. for the current six months, free from tax, payable to the stockholders on and after TUESDAY, July 1, 1873.

The transfer-books will remain closed from this date until the morning of July 5, 1873.

ROBERT JAFFRAY, Cashier.

OFFICE OF WELLS, FARGO & COMPANY, }
NO. 84 BROADWAY, }
NEW-YORK, June 20, 1873. }

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. ON THE CAPITAL STOCK OF THIS COMPANY has been declared, payable July 5.

The transfer-books will be closed on the 24th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., and reopened on the 8th prox., at 10 o'clock A. M.

THEO. F. WOOD, Asst. Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE SECOND-AVENUE RAILROAD }
COMPANY, NEW-YORK, June 19, 1873. }

A DIVIDEND OF TWO DOLLARS PER share on the stock of this Company has been declared for the quarter ending June 30, payable at the office of the Company, No. 34 New-st., on the 10th day of July next.

The transfer-books will be closed on the 26th day of June, and be reopened on the 10th day of July next.

HARVEY H. WOODS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF UNITED STATES ASSISTANT TREASURER, }
NEW-YORK, June 23, 1873. }

BY DIRECTION OF THE SECRETARY of the Treasury, the coupon interest on the public debt due July 1, 1873, will be paid at this office on WEDNESDAY, June 25, 1873, and the registered interest on SATURDAY, the 28th inst., without rebate.

THOMAS HILLHOUSE,
United States Assistant Treasurer.

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, }
NOS. 261 AND 263 BROADWAY, CORNER OF WARREN-ST., NEW-YORK, June 18, 1873. }

DIVIDEND.—THE TRUSTEES OF THE National Trust Company have declared a Dividend of Four per Cent., payable on and after the 1st day of July next.

Transfer-books closed on the 20th day of June until the 1st day of July.

JAMES MERRELL, Secretary.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN }
RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 26 EXCHANGE-PLACE, }
NEW-YORK, June 17, 1873. }

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) PER CENT. in cash will be paid to the stockholders on the 15th July.

The transfer-books will be closed from 20th June until morning of 21st July.

A. J. ODELL, Treasurer.

THE COUPONS OF THE NEW-JERSEY Midland Railway Company second mortgage seven per cent. bonds, due July 2, 1873, will be paid on and after that date, free of Government tax, on presentation at the banking-house of George Opdyke & Co., No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

The transfer-books of the registered bonds will close on the 25th inst. and reopen July 2, 1873.

H. R. LOW, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK, June 16, 1873.

OFFICE OF WEST WISCONSIN RAILWAY COMPANY, }
NO. 74 BROADWAY, }
NEW-YORK, June 23, 1873. }

THE COUPONS OF THE FIRST Mortgage Land Grant Bonds of the West Wisconsin Railway Company, due July 1 next, will be paid in gold, free of Government tax, on and after July 2, at this office.

F. E. TROWBRIDGE, Treasurer.

IRVING NATIONAL BANK, }
NEW-YORK, June 18, 1873. }

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT., free of tax, has this day been declared, payable on the 1st day of July next. The transfer-books will remain closed from the 20th inst. until the 1st proximo.

J. L. JEWETT, Jr., Cashier.

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA.—The interest coupons due in 1872 and 1873 payable at the Treasury, Richmond, off the old, new, and consolidated bonds, and interest on registered stock collected upon favorable terms, or purchased at best market rate.

JOHN B. MANNING,
No. 5 New-st.

NATIONAL BUTCHERS' AND DROVERS' BANK, }
NEW-YORK, June 21, 1873. }

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. from the earnings of the current six months, free of tax, payable on and after July 1, 1873. The transfer-books will remain closed until the 1st proximo.

G. G. BRINCKERHOFF, Cashier.

OFFICE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC }
RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 13 WILLIAM-ST. }

COUPONS DUE 1ST JULY, 1873, WILL now be received for examination, for which receipts will be given, and checks ready for delivery on MONDAY, 30th inst., for all coupons received up to and including Saturday, the 28th inst.

F. H. TOWS, Treasurer.

SYRACUSE, BINGHAMTON AND NEW-YORK RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 26 EXCHANGE-PLACE, }
NEW-YORK, June 20, 1873. }

A DIVIDEND OF THREE PER CENT. IN cash will be payable to the stockholders on and after 1st day of July. Transfer-books will be closed from this date until morning of July 1.

A. J. ODELL, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE TOLEDO, CANADA SOUTHERN }
AND DETROIT RAILWAY COMPANY, }
NO. 13 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, June 20, 1873. }

THE SEMI-ANNUAL INTEREST due July 1, 1873, on the first mortgage bonds of this Company will be paid at the Union Trust Company of New-York, No. 71 Broadway.

ALLYN COX, Secretary.

MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK OF THE }
CITY OF NEW-YORK, June 19, 1873. }

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a Dividend of Three per Cent., free of tax, payable on and after the 1st day of July next. The transfer-books will be closed until July 2.

A. S. APGAR, Cashier.

THE MARKET NATIONAL BANK, }
NEW-YORK, June 20, 1873. }

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE THIS DAY declared a semi-annual dividend of Five (5) per Cent. from the earnings of the current six months, payable on and after July 1, 1873.

The transfer-books will remain closed until that date.

A. GILBERT, Cashier.

THE CHATHAM NATIONAL BANK, }
NEW-YORK, June 21, 1873. }

THE DIRECTORS HAVE THIS DAY declared a Semi-annual Dividend of SIX PER CENT. (6 per cent.) free of tax, payable on and after July 1. The transfer-books will be closed until that date.

GEO. M. HARD, Cashier.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK, }
5TH-AV., CORNER 23D-ST., June 18, 1873. }

NINETEENTH DIVIDEND.—A SEMI-annual Dividend of Five per Cent. will be paid to the stockholders of this bank on and after the 1st of July next.

O. D. ROBERTS, Cashier.

THE COUPONS OF THE NEW-YORK AND OSWEGO MIDLAND RAILROAD First Mortgage 7 per cent. GOLD BONDS, due July 1, 1873, will be cashed on and after that date on presentation at the BANKING-HOUSE OF

GEORGE OPDYKE & CO.,
No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

THE ELEVENTH WARD BANK, }
NEW-YORK, June 23, 1873. }

TWELFTH DIVIDEND.—A SEMI-ANNUAL Dividend of (3½) Three and one-half per Cent. has been declared payable on and after July 2, 1873.

CHAS. E. BROWN, Cashier.

WEST-SIDE BANK, NEW-YORK, June 23, 1873. }

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. will be paid to the stockholders of this bank on and after July 1, 1873.

The transfer-books will be closed from date to July 1.

JNO. W. B. DOBLER, Cashier.

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK, }
NEW-YORK, June 20, 1873. }

A DIVIDEND OF SIX PER CENT. WILL be paid on and after July 1.

ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

AUCTION SALES.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.

BY BROWN & SECCOMB—THIS DAY, (Tuesday, June 24, at 12 o'clock, within their store;) Fresh Messina Oranges, landing, ex steam-ship Assyria, and can be seen on Pier No. 21 North River. Immediately after, 3,000 boxes fresh Menton Lemons, landing ex steam-ship Wyoming, and can be seen on Pier No. 46 North River; also 50 boxes fresh Malaga Lemons ex steam-ship Calabria; also (for account of whom it may concern) 175 boxes fresh Palermo Lemons; also 500 boxes Fire-crackers, sound, and 160 boxes Fire-crackers, damaged.

JOHN H. DRAPER & Co., Auctioneers.

THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY will sell

75,000 TONS SCRANTON COAL

at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, June 25, at 12 o'clock noon, at No. 26 Exchange-place.

SAMUEL SLOAN, President.

SHIPPING.

WHITE STAR LINE,

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL, CARRYING THE

UNITED STATES MAIL.

NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAM-SHIPS sailing from New-York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, calling at Cork Harbor each way.

ADRIATIC........SATURDAY, June 28, at 3 P. M.
BALTIC..........SATURDAY, July 5, at 12:30 P. M.
CELTIC..........SATURDAY, July 12, at 3 P. M.
OCEANIC.........SATURDAY, July 19, at 1 P. M.

From White Star Dock, Pavonia Ferry, Jersey City.

Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivaled, combining

SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT.

Saloons, State-rooms, Smoking-room and Bath-rooms in MIDSHIP section, where least motion is felt. Surgeons and stewardesses accompany these steamers.

Rates—Saloon, $100, gold; steerage, $30, currency. Those wishing to send for friends from the old country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates, $32, currency.

Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, to Paris, Hamburg, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, &c.

Drafts from $1 upward.

For inspection of plans and other information apply at the Company's offices, No. 19 Broadway, New-York. J. H. SPARKS Agent.

ANCHOR LINE.

Steamers sail from Pier 20 North River, New-York, EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

Assyria......Wed., June 25 | California.....Sat., July 12
Castalia......Sat., June 28 | Caledonia.....Wed., July 16
Europa......Wed., July 2 | India..........Sat., July 19
Anglia.......Sat., July 5 | Olympia.......Wed., July 23
Trinacria....Wed., July 9 | Australia.....Sat., July 26

The passenger accommodations on steamers of this line are unsurpassed for elegance and comfort. Cabin state-rooms are all on upper deck, thus securing good light and ventilation.

RATES OF PASSAGE TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, OR LONDONDERRY.

	Sat. Steamers. Gold.	Wed. Steamers. Currency.
Cabins	$75 and $65	$75 and $65
Cabin return tickets, securing best accommodations.	$130	$130

STEERAGE, $30, CURRENCY.

Tickets for passage to or from any seaport or railway station in Great Britain, Ireland, or the Continent issued at lowest rates.

Drafts for any amount at current rates.

Company's Offices, No. 7 Bowling-green, New-York.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, Agents.

NATIONAL LINE

OF STEAM-SHIPS.

WEEKLY TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
FORTNIGHTLY TO LONDON DIRECT.
From Piers Nos. 44 and 47 North River.

TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
SPAIN, GRACE..........Saturday, June 28, at 8 A. M.
FRANCE, GRIGG.........Saturday, July 5, at 12 M.
GREECE, THOMAS........Saturday, July 12, at 3 P. M.
EGYPT, GROGAN.........Saturday, July 19, at 1 P. M.
CANADA, WEBSTER.......Saturday, July 26, at 3 P. M.
FOR LONDON DIRECT.
DENMARK, SUMNER...Thursday, June 26, at 3 P. M.

These steam-ships are

THE LARGEST IN THE TRADE.

Cabin passage.............$80, $90, $100, currency.
RETURN TICKETS AT REDUCED RATES.
Steerage..................$29, currency.

Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry, Glasgow, Cardiff, Bristol, or London,

AT THE LOWEST RATES.

For further information apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

CUNARD LINE.

NOTICE.

With the view of diminishing the chances of collision, the steamers of this line will henceforth take a specified course for all seasons of the year.

On the outward passage from Queenstown to New-York or Boston, crossing meridian of 50 at 43 latitude, or nothing to the north of 43.

On the homeward passage, crossing the meridian of 50 at 42 latitude, or nothing to the north of 42.

CUNARD LINE.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAM-SHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR. FROM NEW-YORK.

*Russia, Wed'day, June 25 | Calabria, Sat'day, June 28
*Java, Wednesday, July 2 | Parthia, Saturday, July 5
*Cuba, Wed'day, July 9 | Samaria, Sat'day, July 12
*Scotia, Wed'day, July 16 | Abyssinia, Sat'day, July 19
*Algeria, Wed'day, July 23 | Batavia, Sat'day, July 26

Steamers marked thus * do not carry steerage passengers.

And every following WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY from New-York.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Cabin, $80, $100, and $130, gold, according to accommodation. Tickets to Paris, $15, gold, additional. Return tickets on favorable terms.

Steerage..................$30, currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe at lowest rates. For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's office, No. 4 Bowling-green. For steerage passage at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building.
CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

PASSENGERS PER STEAM-SHIP RUSSIA embark from the Cunard Wharf, foot of Grand-st., Jersey City, at 3 P. M. on WEDNESDAY, June 25, 1873. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, No. 4 Bowling-green, New-York.

STEAMER RUSSIA.

Two good rooms for sale on the Russia, for June 25, just given up. Apply at CUNARD OFFICE. No. 4 Bowling-green.

INMAN LINE FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

CITY OF ANTWERP......Saturday, June 28, 8 A. M.
CITY OF WASHINGTON.Thursday, July 3, 12 M.
CITY OF PARIS.........Saturday, July 5, 1 P. M.
CITY OF NEW-YORK.....Thursday, July 10, 2 P. M.
CITY OF LONDON.......Saturday, July 12, 7 A. M.
CITY OF BALTIMORE....Thursday, July 17, 1 P. M.
CITY OF CHESTER......Saturday, July 19, 2 P. M.

and each succeeding SATURDAY and THURSDAY from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN, $70, $80, and $90, gold, according to accommodations. Round trip tickets at low rates.

STEERAGE, to Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow, Londonderry, London, Bristol or Cardiff, $30. Prepaid certificates, $32, currency.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Paris, at reduced rates.

Drafts issued at lowest rates.

For Cabin Passage and general business apply at the Company's office, No. 15 Broadway.

For Steerage Passage, at No. 32 Broadway.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent.

Or to O'DONNELL & FAULK, No. 402 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.
M. S. CREAGH, No. 102 State-st., Boston.
F. C. BROWN, No. 32 South Clark, corner Lake-st., Chicago.
WM. INMAN, Liverpool, and No. 9 Rue Scribe, Paris.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:

PEREIRE..............DAURE.....Saturday, June 28
ST. LAURENT.........LEMARIE....Saturday, July 12
VILLE DE PARIS.......————......Saturday, July 26
VILLE DU HAVRE......SURMONT...Saturday, Aug.

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD (including wine) TO BREST OR HAVRE.
First cabin.........$125 | Second cabin..........$75
Excursion tickets at reduced rates.

These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

American travelers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railway and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble, and expense.

GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

NOTE.—Railroad tickets between Paris and Vienna at reduced rates.

STATE LINE STEAM-SHIP CO.

NEW-YORK TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, BELFAST AND LONDONDERRY.

These elegant new Clyde-built steamers will sail from State Line Pier, Fulton Ferry, Brooklyn, N. Y., as follows:

VIRGINIA....................Wednesday, June 25
ALABAMA....................Wednesday, July 9
PENNSYLVANIA..............Wednesday, July 23
GEORGIA.....................Wednesday, Aug. 6

And every alternate Wednesday thereafter, taking passengers at through rates to all parts of Great Britain and Ireland, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, and Germany. Drafts for £1 and upward.

For freight or passage apply to AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO., Agents, No. 72 Broadway.

Steerage passage office, No. 45 Broadway.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

(VIA QUEENSTOWN,) CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full-power iron screw steam-ships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY WEDNESDAY, as follows:

NEVADA, Capt. FORSYTH..........June 25, at 3 P. M.
WYOMING, Capt. PRICE, Sr.......July 2, at 10:30 A. M.
IDAHO, Capt. MORGAN............July 9, at 3 P. M.
MINNESOTA, Capt. FREEMAN..July 16, at 10:30 A. M.
MANHATTAN, Capt. PRICE, Jr....July 23, at 3 P. M.
MONTANA.........................July 30, at 9:30 A. M.

Cabin passage, $80, gold.
Steerage passage, (Office No. 29 Broadway,) $30, currency.
For freight or cabin passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 63 Wall-st.

NEW-YORK AND HAVANA DIRECT MAIL LINE.

These first-class steam-ships will sail every TUESDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 13, North River, (foot of Cedar-st.,) for Havana direct, as follows:

Steam-ship WILMINGTON, TUESDAY, June 24.
Steam-ship MORRO CASTLE, TUESDAY, July 1.
Steam-ship COLUMBIA, TUESDAY, July 8.

Supplementary mail on Pier 2½ P. M. day of sailing.
For freight or passage (having magnificent accommodations) apply to WM. P. CLYDE & CO., No. 6 Bowling-green.
D. McKELLAR, Agent in Havana.
March 31, 1873.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 31 Duane-st., corner Broadway.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY'S LINE TO

CALIFORNIA, JAPAN AND CHINA,

VIA PANAMA,
CARRYING MAILS, PASSENGERS, AND FREIGHT TO
ASPINWALL, PANAMA, SANTA MARTHA, GREYTOWN, AND PACIFIC COAST OF MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA, PERU, AND CHILI.

June 30.—Steamer RISING STAR, Capt. J. B. HILDRETH, will leave Pier No. 42 North River at 12 o'clock noon for Aspinwall direct, connecting at Panama with the steamer ALASKA, Capt. ——, leaving Panama for San Francisco, and calling at Acapulco, Manzanillo, Mazatlan; also connecting for all Central American and South Pacific ports. Departures of 10th and 30th each month from New-York connect with the Company's steamer touching at San Benito, Tonala, Salina Cruz, and Port Angel. The splendid steam-ship COSTA RICA will leave San Francisco on or about July 24, for Honolulu, Sandwich Islands.

One of the company's splendid steamers will leave San Francisco July 1, 1873, for Japan and China.

For rates of passage, freight, and all further information apply at Company's office on the pier, foot of Canal-st. F. R. BABY, Agent.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.,

THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE.
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.
TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

THE STEAM-SHIPS

LEO, Capt. DEARBORN, TUESDAY, June 24, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents, No. 62 South-st.

GENERAL BARNES, Capt. MALLORY, THURSDAY, June 26, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green.

MONTGOMERY, Capt. FAIRCLOTH, SATURDAY, June 28, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M.
R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West-st.

SAN JACINTO, Capt. HAZARD, SATURDAY, June 28, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green.

Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.
Superior accommodations for passengers.
Through rates and bills of lading in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia to all points.
Through rates and bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Freight line.

C. D. OWENS, Agent A. & G. R. R., No. 229 Broadway. | GEORGE YONGE, Agent C. R. R., No. 409 Broadway.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE,

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

Sailing TRI-WEEKLY at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 29, North River.

SOUTH CAROLINA, Capt. BECKETT, Wednesday, June 25.
JAMES ADGER, Capt. T. J. LOCKWOOD, Saturday, June 28.

Superior accommodations for passengers.
Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.
Goods forwarded free of commission.

Passage tickets and bills of lading issued and signed at the office of JAMES W. QUINTARD & CO., Agents, No. 177 West-st., (corner of Warren,) Or WM. P. CLYDE, No. 6 Bowling-green.

Through freight tariffs. Passage tickets by all routes and to all points in the South and South-west, and further information can be obtained at the office of BENTLEY D. HASELL, General Agent Great Southern Freight Line, No. 317 Broadway.

NORSE-AMERICAN STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH LONDON.

The fine, first-class, full-powered steam-ship ST. OLAF, Chr. HILLS, Commander, Will leave the Company's dock, Harbeck Stores, Brooklyn, TUESDAY, June 24, as above.

Passengers booked and forwarded by the Company's own steamers to Norway and Sweden.

To be followed by the steam-ships PETER JEBSEN, Capt. WULFF, and the HARALD HAARFAGER, Capt. LUND, on July 8.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

	Cabin.	Steerage.
To London	$65 Currency.	$30 Currency.
To Christiania and Bergen	80 Currency.	38 Currency.

For freight or passage apply to FUNCH, EDYE & CO., No. 27 South William-st., General Agents.

ATLAS MAIL LINE.

MAIL SERVICE FOR WEST INDIES, HAVANA, VENEZUELA, AND SPANISH MAIN.

The Company's iron screw steamers are appointed to sail as follows: (Loading berth Pier No. 12 North River.)

For Turks Island, Jamaica and Savanilla,
CLARIBEL, Capt. BAYLEY, June 30.
ATLAS, (new,) Capt. PORTER, July —.
For Porto-au-Prince, Curacoa and Venezuela,
ARIEL, Capt. JONES, July —.

For freight and passage apply to PIM, FORWOOD & CO., General Agents, No. 56 Wall-st. and No. 59 Pine-st.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

RATES OF FREIGHT REDUCED.
UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month.

MERRIMACK, Capt. WEIR..............July 23
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. TINKLEPAUGH....Aug. 23
ONTARIO, Capt. SLOCUM...............Sept. 23

These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia, and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

DIRECT LINE TO HAVANA.

PROGRESO AND VERA CRUZ.

New-York and Mexican Mail Steam-ship Line, leaving Pier 3 N. River, at 3 P. M. every Thursday.

CITY OF MERIDA, (Havana only)..............June 26
CITY OF MEXICO, (Havana and Mexico,)......July 3
CITY OF HAVANA, (Havana only.).............July 10
CITY OF MERIDA, (Havana only)..............July 17

For freight or passage apply to F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who can afford the expense of a courier, should never leave Paris without one. Their services are invaluable in relieving the traveler from multiplicity of cares and troubles respecting passports, examination and conveyance of luggage, in securing the best accommodation, in protecting the traveler from imposition and an infinity of annoyances, to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Competent and trustworthy couriers and traveling servants may always be obtained by applying to the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 8 Rue Alger, near the Tuileries Garden, Paris.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR ASTORIA, HARLEM, MORRISANIA, AND HIGH BRIDGE.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

STEAM-BOATS MORRISANIA AND HARLEM WILL LEAVE

MORRISANIA—6:05, 7:20, 8:15, 9:20, 10:15, 11:45. A. M.; 1:15, 2:45, 4:15, 5:15, and 6:10. P. M.

FULTON SLIP—7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:25, 11:45. A. M.; 1:30, 3:05, 4:15, 5:15, 6:20, and 7:05 P. M. Landing at 8th-st. All boats connect with steamer Catlin for High Bridge.

C. H. LONGSTREET, Superintendent.

CITIZENS' LINE FOR TROY.

Passage $1 50. The elegant steam-boats SUNNYSIDE and POWELL leave Pier No. 49 North River, foot of Leroy-st., daily, Saturdays excepted, at 6 o'clock P. M., connecting with morning trains on Rensselaer and Saratoga, New-York Central, and Troy and Boston Railroads for all points north, east, and west. The most direct route to Saratoga, Lake George, and Montreal. Through tickets sold and baggage checked to destination.

JOSEPH CORNELL, Superintendent.

STEAMER HELEN, FOOT OF FRANKLIN-st., for Red Bank and intermediate stations:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Tuesday, 17th....2:00 P.M.	Tuesday, 17th....3:00 A.M.
Wednesday, 18th.2:30 P.M.	Wednesday, 18th.8:30 A.M.
Thursday, 19th....3:30 P.M.	Thursday, 19th....9:30 A.M.
Friday, 20th.......3:30 P.M.	Friday, 20th.......10:00 A.M.
Saturday, 21st.....3:00 P.M.	Saturday, 21st.....6:00 A.M.
Tuesday, 24th......8:00 P.M.	Monday, 23d........3:00 P.M.
Wednesday, 25th.8:00 A.M.	Tuesday, 24th......3:00 P.M.
	Wednesday, 25th.3:00 P.M.

STEAMER SEA BIRD, FOOT OF Franklin-st., for Red Bank and intermediate stations:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Mon., 23d........3:00 P. M.	Mon., 23d........7:00 A. M.
Tues., 24th......3:00 P. M.	Tues, 24th.......7:00 A. M.
Wed., 25th.......3:00 P. M.	Wed., 25th.......7:00 A. M.
Thurs., 26th.....3:30 P. M.	Thurs., 26th.....7:00 A. M.
Sat., 28th.......10:30 A. M.	Fri., 27th.......7:00 A. M.
Sun., 29th.......8:00 A. M.	Sat., 28th.......6:00 P. M.
Mon., 30th.......7:00 A. M.	Sun., 29th.......5:30 P. M.
	Mon., 30th.......11:30 A. M.

ALBANY AND TROY $2, SARATOGA $3 50, BY DAY LINE BOATS C. VIBBARD and DANIEL DREW. Leave Vestry-st. Pier at 8:30 A. M., and 23d-st., north of Erie Ferry, at 8:45, landing at Yonkers, Tarrytown, and Nyack, (by ferry-boat,) Milton, Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Tivoli, Catskill, and Hudson, connecting for all points West and North. Trip tickets to West Point, Cornwall, and Newburg, returning same day, $1. Tickets by special cars and baggage checked to Saratoga.

GLEN COVE AND SEA CLIFF GROVE.—Steamer ARROWSMITH leaves Pier No. 36 East River daily (Sundays excepted) at 9:15 A. M. for Sea Cliff only, and 4:45 P. M. for Glen Cove and Sea Cliff, touching at 33d-st. 15 minutes later each trip. Returning from Glen Cove at 7 A. M., and Sea Cliff at 6:45 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. Single fare 35 cents. Freight received during the day until 4:45 P. M.

HARTFORD BOATS—DAILY LINE.—Leave Pier No. 24 Peck-slip, East River, daily (except Sundays) at 4 o'clock P. M. All persons are forbid trusting any one on account of these steamers.
W. H. GOODSPEED, Vice President.
SAXTON & SEABURY, Freight Agents, 112 South-st.
JUNE 1, 1873.

RONDOUT AND KINGSTON—LANDING at Cozzens', Cornwall, Newburg, Marlborough, Milton, Poughkeepsie and Esopus. The steam-boats THOMAS CORNELL and JAMES W. BALDWIN leave Harrison-st. Pier No. 34 North River, daily, at 4 o'clock P. M.

FOR NORWALK AND DANBURY.—The new steamer AMERICUS leaves daily, foot of Market-st., East River, at 3:15, and 33d-st. at 3:30 P. M., connecting with the Danbury Railroad; cool, invigorating sail; no dust, and about half railroad fare.

FOR STAMFORD AND GREENWICH.—The steam-boat NELLY WHITE leaves daily from Pier No. 37 East River, at 3:30, and foot of 33d-st. at 3:45 P. M. Leaves Stamford at 7 A. M.

FOR BRIDGEPORT AND ALL POINTS on Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroad.—Fare, $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 12 noon and 11 P. M.

STEAMBOATS.

NARRAGANSETT STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

FALL RIVER LINE

FOR BOSTON, via NEWPORT and FALL RIVER.

Daily, (Sundays included,) at 5 P. M.,

From Pier No. 28 North River, foot Murray-st.

The world-renowned steamers

BRISTOL and PROVIDENCE.

Capt. A. G. SIMMONS. Capt. B. M. SIMMONS.

The most direct route to Taunton, Middleboro, Plymouth, New-Bedford, Martha's Vineyard, Nantucket, and all points on the South Shore and Cape Cod Railway. Also, through tickets to the WHITE MOUNTAINS, and all principal points in New-England and the Provinces. For tickets and state-rooms, apply at No. 241 Broadway; No. 529 Broadway, corner Spring; Broadway, corner 23d-st.; Dodd's Express offices, No. 944 Broadway; and No. 10 Court-st., Brooklyn, or at the office on the pier.

HALL'S BANDS ENGAGED FOR THE SEASON.
A. P. BACON, Superintendent.
H. H. MANGAM, General Freight Agent.

STONINGTON LINE

TO BOSTON AND PROVIDENCE.—DAY LINE. The entirely new and magnificent steamer RHODE ISLAND, 3,000 tons, will commence running July 1, daily, (Sundays excepted,) from Pier foot 23d-st., East River, at 2:30 P. M.

NIGHT LINE.

Daily from Pier No. 33 North River, at 5 P. M., steamers STONINGTON and NARRAGANSETT.

Tickets sold and state-rooms secured at No. 319 Broadway, corner Thomas-st., and Westcott Express Company's office, No. 785 Broadway, corner 10th-st.; No. 1,302 Broadway, No. 595 6th-av., corner 35th-st.; No. 7 Park-place, and No. 327 Washington-st., Brooklyn. D. S. BABCOCK, President.

STEAM-TUG FOR SALE.

One new steam-tug, 70 feetx15½feetx6¾ feet hold; engine, 17x17, with fresh-water tanks. Apply to C. W. COPELAND, No. 64 Broadway.

AFTERNOON BOAT FOR NEWBURG, Poughkeepsie, Rondout, and Kingston, landing at Cozzens, West Point, Cornwall, New-Hamburg, and Milton. the MARY POWELL, from Vestry-st., Pier No. 39, every afternoon, at 3:30 o'clock.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, AND THE NORTH.—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with road

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Trains leave New-York, from foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts., as follows:

Express for Harrisburg, Pittsburg, the West, and South, with Pullman Palace Cars attached, 9:30 A. M., 5, 7, and 8:30 P. M. Sunday, 5, 7, 8:30 P. M.

For Baltimore, Washington, and the South at 9 A. M., 1, 9 P. M. Sunday, 9 P. M.

Express for Philadelphia, 8, 9, 9:30 A. M., 12:30, 1, 4, 5, 7, 8:30, 9 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday, 5, 7, 8:30, and 9 P. M.

For Philadelphia, via Kensington, at 7 A. M. and 2 and 6 P. M.

Emigrant and second class, 7:15 P. M.

For Newark at 6, 6:30, 7, 7:40, 8:10, 9, 10, 11, 11:40 A. M., 12, 1, 2, 2:30, 3, 3:20, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 5:10, 5:20, 5:30, 5:50, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:10, 9, 10, 11:30 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday, 5:20, 6, 8:10, 9 P. M.

For Elizabeth, 6, 6:30, 7, 7:40, 8:10, 9, 10, 11, 11:40 A. M., 12 M., 12:30, 1, 2, 2:30, 3, 3:20, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 5:20, 5:30, 5:50, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7:30, 8:10, 10, 11:30 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday, 5:20, 6, and 8:10 P. M.

For Rahway, 6, 6:30, 7, 8:10, 9:30, and 10 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3, 3:20, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 5:20, 5:50, 6, 6:30, 7:30, 8:10, 10 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5:20 and 6 P. M.

For Woodbridge and Perth Amboy, 6 and 10 A. M., 2:30, 3:40, 4:30, and 5:50 P. M.

For New-Brunswick, 7 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 3, 4:10, 5:20, 6, 9 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 6 and 9 P. M.

For East Millstone, 7 A. M., 12 M., 4:10 and 5:20 P. M.

For Lambertville and Flemington, 9 A. M. and 2 P. M.

For Phillipsburg and Belvidere, 2 and 4 P. M.

Accommodation for Bordentown, Burlington, and Camden, 7 and 9:30 A. M., 12:30, 2, 3, 4, and 6 P. M.

For Freehold, 7 and 8 A. M., 2 and 4 P. M.

For Jamesburg, Pemberton, Camden, 6 A. M., and via boat from Pier No. 1, 3:49 P. M.

Trains arrive as follows: From Pittsburg, 6:50 A. M., 1:34 P. M., daily; 10:15 A. M. and 6:35 P. M., daily, except Monday. From Washington and Baltimore, 6:40 A. M., 4:55, 10:13 P. M.; Sunday 6:40 A. M. From Philadelphia, 5:22, 6:50, 10:15, 11:05, 11:55 A. M., 2:15, 4:55, 6:05, 7:25, 8:44, 10:13 P. M.; Sunday, 5:22, 6:50, 11:05 A. M., 10:13 P. M.

Ticket offices, Nos. 526, 435, 271, and 944 Broadway; No. 1 Astor House, and foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts. Emigrant Ticket-office, No. 8 Battery-place.

A. J. CASSATT, General Manager. D. M. BOYD, Jr., Gen. Pass. Agent.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.

ALLENTOWN LINE TO THE WEST.

Passenger and Freight station in New-York, foot of Liberty-st. Connects at Somerville with South Branch Railroad; at Hampton Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad; at Phillipsburg with Lehigh and Susquehanna division; also, with Lehigh Valley Railroad. Direct line to Harrisburg, Pittsburg, and the West; also, to Central Pennsylvania and New-York State.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Commencing June 2, 1873.—Leave New-York as follows:

4:30 A. M.—News train for Easton.
6.00 A. M.—Way train for Somerville.
7:00 A. M.—Way train for Flemington, Easton, Bethlehem, Bath, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Mahanoy City, Mt. Carmel, Hazleton, Tunkhannock, Towanda, Waverly, &c., with through cars to Williamsport, Danville, &c. Connects at Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.
9:00 A. M.—Morning express, daily, (except Sundays,) for Easton, Allentown, Harrisburg, and the West. Connects at Somerville for Flemington; at Easton for Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Towanda, Waverly, &c.
10:15 A. M. and 12 M.—Way trains for Somerville.
12:45 P. M.—Express for Flemington, Easton, Bath, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Mahanoy City, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading, Columbia, Lancaster, Ehrata, Pottsville, Harrisburg, &c.
2:30 P. M.—Way train for Easton, Bethlehem, and Allentown.
3:30 P. M.—Way train for Plainfield.
4 P. M.—Way train for Easton, Allentown, and Mauch Chunk. Connects at junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.
4:30 P. M.—Way train for Somerville and Flemington.
5 P. M.—Way train for Somerville.
5:15 P. M.—Way train for Plainfield.
5:30 P. M.—Evening Express, daily, for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Chicago, &c.
6 and 7 P. M.—Way train for Somerville.
7:30 P. M.—(Emigrant)—For Easton.
9:15 and 11:30 P. M.—Way trains for Plainfield.

For Elizabeth at 4:30, 5:30, 6, 6:20, 6:40, 7, 7:30, 8, 8:45, 9, 9:30, 10:15, 11, 11:45 A. M.; 12 M.; 12:45, 1, 2, 2:30, 3, 3:30, 3:45, 4, 4:15, 4:30, 4:45, 5, 5:15, 5:30, 5:45, 6, 6:20, 7, 7:30, 7:45, 8:20, 9:15, 10:30, 11:30, 12 P. M.

R. E. RICKER, Superintendent and Engineer.
H. P. BALDWIN, General Passenger Agent.

NEW-YORK, NEW-HAVEN, AND HARTFORD RAILROAD.

Passenger Station in New-York, Grand Central Depot. Entrance on 42d-St.

TRAINS LEAVE NEW-YORK.

Boston Express via Springfield at 8:05 and 10 A. M., 3 and 8:05 P. M., via Shore Line at 1 and 9:07 P. M.

Trains for New-Haven leave at 7:05, 8:05, (Ex.,) 9:05, 10, (Ex.,) A. M.; 12 M.; 1, (Ex.,) 3, (Ex.,) 3:55, 4:35, and 5:10, (Local Ex.,) 8:05, (Ex.,) 9:07, (Ex.,) P. M.

To South Norwalk at 3:15 (Ex.) and 6:35 P. M.

To Stamford at 10:10 A. M., 2:20, 3:15, 4:45, 5:40, 6, and 7:20 P. M.

The 8:05 P. M. Express stops at New-Rochelle and Portchester, and the 9:07 P. M. Express at Mt. Vernon, Mamaroneck, and Rye.

Sunday Boston Mail Trains at 7:05 P. M. via Springfield and 9:07 P. M. via Providence.

Drawing-room Cars on Day Express and Sleeping Cars on Night Express Trains.

Tickets can be purchased at ticket office of company at Grand Central Depot, or at offices of New-York Transfer Company, No. 944 Broadway, New-York, and No. 1 Court-st., Brooklyn; who will also check baggage from residence to destination.

For further information of particulars see posters at hotels and depots.

JOHN T. MOODY, Sup't of N. Y. and N. H. Div.

RAILROAD ROUTE FOR NEWPORT, R. I.

Passengers for this line take the 8:05 A. M. and 1 P. M. trains on the New-Haven Railroad from Grand Central Depot.

THEODORE WARREN, Superintendent.

EXCURSIONS.

FOR EXCURSIONS.

SALOON STEAMER WYOMING.
Barges, SARAH SMITH, CALEDONIA, REPUBLIC, and J. R. BALDWIN.
Oriental Grove, Excelsior Park, Eaglewood, and other Groves to let.
Also, Tug-boats, such as desired.
Office 383 West-st., opposite Christopher-st. Ferry.
H. B. CROSSETT.

FORT LEE, PLEASANT VALLEY, AND Shady Side steamers leave daily from Spring-st. at 10 A. M.; 2, 5:15, and 7 P. M., landing at 23d-st. ten minutes later. Sunday time from Spring-st., 9:30, 10, and 11 A. M.; 1, 2, and 2:30 P. M., landing at 23d-st. Fare, 15 cents.

EAST RIVER AND BROOKLYN ROUTE TO CONEY ISLAND.—The steamer MONITOR will leave daily as follows: 8th-st., East River, 9:30 A. M., 12:30 and 3:30 P. M.; South 6th-st., Williamsburg, 9:35 A. M., 12:35 and 3:35 P. M.; Peck-slip, East River, 9:50 A. M., 12:50 and 3:50 P. M.; Fulton Ferry, Brooklyn, 10 A. M., 1 and 4 P. M.

REGULAR CONEY ISLAND BOAT—Daily Excursions to the Sea-shore. The steamer GENERAL SEDGWICK will leave Christopher-st., North River at 9:15 A. M., 12:15, 3:15 P. M.; Franklin-st. at 9:20, 12:20, 3:20; Pier 5 N. R. at 9:30, 12:30, 3:30.

FURNITURE.

WEEKLY AND MONTHLY INSTALLMENTS TAKEN FOR FURNITURE,

CARPETS,

BEDDING, &C., AT
S. M. COWPERTHWAITE & CO.'S,
Nos. 155 and 157 Chatham-st.
AN IMMENSE STOCK AND LOW PRICES.
Don't throw away your money on goods only made to sell, but
GET A GOOD ARTICLE, AND TAKE TIME TO PAY FOR IT.

ZERO-REFRIGERATOR WITH WATER and butter cooler; best meat and fruit preserver in the world. Send for book.
ALEX M. LESLEY, No. 224 West 23d-st.

MEDICAL.

VERGNES' ELECTRO-CHEMICAL BATHS.—By Dr. VERGNES, the inventor; established twenty-six years; for rheumatism, debility, impurity of blood, and nervous disorders. No. 51 West 16th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

CANCER RADICALLY CURED, WITHOUT the knife or pain; diseases of females a specialty; by Prof. J. M. COMINS, M. D., No. 143 East 26th-st.

SUMMER RESORTS.

THE OCEAN HOUSE,

NEWPORT, R. I.,

OPENS JUNE 26, 1873.

WEAVERS & BATES.

FIFTIETH SEASON.

CATSKILL MOUNTAIN HOUSE.

Open from June 10 to Oct. 1.

Twelve miles from Catskill, N. Y. Accessible by the best mountain road in the country. Elevation above the Hudson River, 3,000 feet. View, extending over about 10,000 square miles, unsurpassed for beauty by any in the world. Celebrated for its invigorating atmosphere. Temperature at all times 15 to 20 degrees lower than New-York City. W. U. Telegraph in the hotel.

JAMES E. BEACH, agent at Catskill for CHAS. A. BEACH'S MOUNTAIN HOUSE STAGES AND CARRIAGES, will be in attendance upon the arrival of the trains of the Hudson River Railroad and the boats from Albany and New-York.

CHARLES L. BEACH, Proprietor.

RIVERSIDE HOUSE,

PLEASURE BAY, LONG BRANCH, N. J.,
Five minutes' drive from North Branch and Long Branch Depots.
BOATING, BOWLING, FISHING, BATHING, AND RIDING.

Will be open for guests, after being thoroughly renovated and refurnished.

SATURDAY, JUNE 14.

Accommodations first class in all respects.

REFERENCES.—By permission—Gilsey House, New-York; T. D. Winchester, New-York; Merchants' Hotel, New-York; West End Hotel, Long Branch. Address JOHN E. BOUDEN, Manager, Long Branch, N. J.

FOSTER HOUSE,

CLIFTON SPRINGS, ONTARIO COUNTY, N. Y.

We are happy to advise the public that the Foster House, nearly opposite Dr. Foster's Sanitarium, is now open for both permanent and transient boarders. The house is new, and furnished with all modern improvements. The rooms are large, airy, and elegantly furnished. It will be our aim to please our guests, and we assure them no pains or expense will be spared to give them the comforts of a home.

Should you intend coming here this season, please advise us as early as possible.

Terms $3 per day. Special rates per week.
WM. FOSTER, Proprietor.

CHITTENANGO

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS,
MADISON COUNTY, NEW-YORK.

Access via New-York Central Railroad to Chittenango Station. Fine, large hotel and furnished-cottages now open.

L. L. BRITTON, late of Everett House, proprietor. Good table, attractive scenery, and mineral waters of WONDERFUL CURATIVE POWER.

Illustrated circular, with analysis, terms, routes, &c., of C. H. OLIVER, No. 1 Park-place.

PROSPECT PARK HOTEL,

Catskill, N. Y.,

will open June 15. House, 250 feet elevation, with extensive grounds of some twenty acres on the Hudson; mountain air; scenery unsurpassed in the world; pleasure-grounds, extended and improved; first-class accommodations for 300 or 400 guests; accessible by boat and cars.

Address JOHN BREASTED, Catskill.

GLEN HAVEN WATER CURE

AND SUMMER RESORT,

Glen Haven, Cortland County, New-York; on Lake Skaneateles. Fine mountain scenery, cool air, softest water in abundance; pleasant cottages; neat, fresh rooms; wholesome, inviting table; boating, fishing, billiards; good company; pleasant home; always open. Terms moderate. Fair dealing.

Send for circular.
KING & MOURIN, Proprietors.

WYOMANOCK HOUSE,

LEBANON SPRINGS,
COLUMBIA COUNTY, N. Y.

Now open for the season; terms, $10 50 per week for June and September; $15 per week for July and August.
WM. F. GALE, Proprietor.

MONTONESE HOUSE,

BRANFORD, CONN.

This delightful Summer resort, noted for its facilities for bathing and fishing, also its beautiful drives, having been enlarged, will be open June 20. Address WM. BRYAN, JR.

WAUMBEK HOUSE, JEFFERSON, N. H., will be open for the season, June 1.; location and scenery unequaled for grandeur and beauty; situated on side of Mount Starr King—the White, Franconia and Green Mountain ranges being in full view; hay fever, catarrh, asthmatic complaints immediately relieved. Send for circulars.
MERRILL & PLAISTED, Proprietors.
JEFFERSON, N. H., May 1, 1873.

AT HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE, Claverack, N. Y., eight miles from Catskill and three from Hudson, by rail; Summer board can be obtained. Extensive grounds, fine lawns and groves; large, airy rooms. Families with children wanted. The best fresh milk and vegetables; telegraph-office in building. Board from $8 to $12 per week.
ALONZO FLACK.

For reference and plan of rooms, apply to G. C. HALSTED, office of *The Methodist*, No. 114 Nassau-st., New-York.

FOR SALE AT EAST HAMPTON, LONG ISLAND—Two cottages containing each nine rooms, newly built, situated within three minutes of beach, and commanding views of the ocean from three sides; price moderate; terms easy. Apply to Rev. S. L. MERSHON, Middlebush, N. J., or East Hampton, Long Island, or DAN TALMAGE'S SONS, No. 110 Water-st., New-York.

SEVEN SPRINGS MOUNTAIN HOUSES OPEN.—Monroe, N. Y.; accommodation for 600 guests; fifty miles on Erie Railway; two miles in the mountains; coaches connect; gentleman of large experience, late of Metropolitan Hotel, manager; music, hops, billiards, fishing, livery, &c.; no pains spared; first class.
L. A. DAWSON, Proprietor.

CROMWELL'S LAKE HOUSE OPENS July 1: one and half miles from Cromwell's Station, Erie Railroad; two hours from New-York; elevation, 1,200 feet; good fishing, boating, mountain air, fine views; terms moderate; reference required. OLIVER CROMWELL, Highland Mills Post-office, N. Y.

DUNBARTON HOUSE, NEAR LONG Branch, N. J., is now open. It is specially adapted for families, desirably situated on high ground, well shaded and retired; no bar; terms moderate. Apply at No. 20 West 14th-st., New-York, or Long Branch Post-office. Stages run to beach and cars.

TOWER HILL HOUSE,

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., opens June 25, 1873. Address at No. 25 West 27th-st., New York.
CLARK N. SCOFIELD, Proprietor.
Late of Continental Hotel, Philadelphia.

ENGLEWOOD HOUSE.

ENGLEWOOD, N. J.—By Northern Railroad, foot Chambers-st., or steam-boat foot Harrison-st. Apply to Proprietor Englewood House.

AMERICAN HOTEL, BABYLON, LONG Island, Now Open.—Good fishing and bathing; fine drives; house in first-class order; every attention paid to the comfort of visitors to this well-known sea-side hotel. Terms liberal.
S. M. KELLINGER, Proprietor.

ROUND HILL HOTEL, NORTHAMPTON, Mass., opens June 1. Terms $10 50 to $21 per week. Twenty-five per cent. discount for June. Special rates to families. Send stamp for circular.
IRAD FULLER, Superintendent.
C. BANTA, Secretary.

WOODSBURG PAVILION, WOODSburg, Long Island.—This magnificent hotel will be opened June 1. Can be reached by South-side or Long Island Railroad. For terms, &c., address
N. P. SEWELL, Proprietor.

POINT PLEASANT.—BOARD CAN BE had at this delightful location on reasonable terms; fine view of the Sound, Thimble Islands, &c.; excellent boating and fishing. Address
W. H. BROWN, Stony Creek, Conn.

SUMMER BOARD.—MOUNTAIN VIEW House, on the banks of the Hudson, Germantown, N. Y., near the depot; board can be engaged on reasonable terms; scenery unsurpassed and healthy location. Address P. W. ROCKEFELLER, Proprietor.

PARTIES DESIRING TO ENGAGE board for July near Bridgehampton, Long Island, with ocean bathing within five minutes' walk of house, may apply to C. P. FRAME, No. 202 Broadway, New-York.

ST. MARK'S HOTEL, NEW BRIGHTON, Staten Island, now open for the season; families or single gentlemen wishing for accommodations will please apply at the hotel, or address
O. DE CAMP, Proprietor.

NEW-JERSEY SOUTHERN RAILroad Company's Long Branch Excursion House (on the European plan) will open for the reception of guests July 1, 1873.

RIVERSIDE HOUSE, 152D-ST., ON THE banks of the Hudson, is now open for the accommodation of guests at moderate rates. Apply to PAULL & DUNCALF.

THE WEST END HOTEL, FORT Washington, first class in all its appointments, and delightfully located opposite the Palisades, is now open.
CHARLES H. SHELLEY.

BELMONT HALL, SCHOOLEY'S MOUNtain Springs, N. J., is now open for company.
D. A. CROWELL.

CARSWELL HOUSE, CORNWALL ON HUDSON, N. Y. Pleasantly located, large rooms, fine shade.
G. H. CARSWELL.

COZZENS' WEST POINT HOTEL IS now open. For particulars, address EDWARD COZZENS, West Point, N. Y.

BILLIARDS

STOCK EXCHANGE

BILLIARD-ROOMS.

FIVE NEW PHELAN & COLLENDER'S BEVEL TABLES JUST ADDED.
NOS. 69 AND 71 BROADWAY,
Nearly opposite Wall-st.

ICE CREAM.

ICE-CREAM,

MADE FROM PURE CREAM ONLY,

$1 60 per Gallon.

Liberal arrangements made with hotels, restaurants, churches, charitable institutions, and the trade.
J. M. HORTON & CO.
Depots—Nos. 305 4th-av., 1,264 Broadway, 75 and 77 Chatham-st.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

BREWSTER & CO.,

OF BROOME-ST.,
WARE-ROOMS,
5TH-AV., CORNER 14TH-ST.

ELEGANT CARRIAGES

in all the fashionable varieties, from original designs of our own and the best styles of Paris and London, exquisitely finished in silk satins, French moroccos, and the finest broadcloths, exclusively the production of our well-known Broome-street Factory. In addition to our stock of the larger vehicles, we offer a complete assortment of Road Wagons, with and without tops, in all weights, embracing in their construction the various improvements introduced by us during the past fifteen years, and which have made the

BREWSTER WAGON

THE STANDARD FOR QUALITY.

Our prices being fixed and uniform to all, orders by mail have equal advantages with those placed in person.

In order that we may not be confounded with a joint stock company of carriage dealers who have adopted a firm name similar to our own, and impudently claim the reputation we have made for the "Brewster Wagon," we beg the public will remember that our only ware rooms are at the corner of

5TH-AV. AND 14TH-ST.,
AND OUR ONLY FACTORY ON BROOME-ST.
BREWSTER & CO., OF BROOME-ST.

SADDLERS' GOODS,

A full assortment of which, comprising a large stock of linen and woolen horse sheets, fly-nets, whips, bits, stirrups, English saddles, horse-blankets, carriage-robes, lap dusters, at HARMER, HAYS & CO., No. 72 Beekman-st.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES at the TIMES Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av.; and the TIMES West-side Office, No. 308 West 23d-st., corner of 8th-av. NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

HARNESS, SADDLES, HORSE-CLOTHING,

Carriage-robes, lap-dusters, fly-nets, and a large variety of SADDLERY GOODS always on hand.
C. B. SMITH, No. 40 Warren-st., New-York.

SUMMER HORSE CLOTHING.

Sheets, Lap Robes, Dusters, and Whips, all new goods, best in the market, and retailed at low prices.
MAGNUS BROS., No. 104 Fulton-st., up-stairs.

A FINE CARRIAGE TEAM FOR SALE—Dark bay, perfectly matched, 16½ hands, and warranted sound in every particular; only sold on account of owner going out of town; may be seen any evening from 6 to 7, by applying to F. E. TROWBRIDGE, at the Gramercy Park Hotel.

AT LOWER PRICES THAN EVER before offered, our immense stock of carriages, comprising every seasonable style of family carriages and light wagons, new and second-hand.
MANUFACTURERS' UNION No. 638 Broadway

TO LET—FOR THE SUMMER SEASON, A new open carriage, new harness, and horses to match, and man in livery. Address J. FARMER'S stable, Nos. 128 and 130 West 31st st.

COUNTRY BOARD.

SUMMER BOARDING-HOUSE.—A few families can be accommodated by applying to WILLIAM C. HAND, Amagansett, Suffolk County, Long Island. The house is pleasantly situated, two miles from Southampton, three-quarters of a mile from the ocean, two miles from the bay, and seventeen miles from Montauk Point.

WEST NEW-BRIGHTON, STATEN ISLAND.—A private family, residing in pleasant and healthy locality overlooking the water, within ten minutes' walk from the ferry, will rent two pleasant, airy rooms, with board; references given and required. For further particulars apply at No. 7 John-st.

COUNTRY BOARD.—EIGHT OR TEN persons can have large, airy rooms, with good board, at $7 per week; pleasant location, shady grounds, near depot, telegraph office, post-office, &c.; twenty miles from Fall River; close connection between boats and cars.
Mrs H. M. ROSS, West Bridgewater, Mass.

BOARD ON LONG ISLAND AT A FARMhouse, beautifully situated on the lower South Bay; boating, bathing, gunning, &c.; terms reasonable. Address JOSHUA CORWIN, Good Ground, Long Island, N. Y.

BOARD THIRTY MILES IN WESTchester County; large house, well shaded, piazza in front, plenty fruit and vegetables, good stabling. Apply at No. 266 4th-av.

COUNTRY BOARD ON THE HUDSON.—Pleasant rooms and shaded grounds, in the immediate vicinity of a railroad depot and steam-boat landing. Address Post-office Box No. 27 Hyde Park.

ENGLEWOOD, N. J.—A GENTLEMAN and wife, or two single gentlemen, can find a pleasant room with board in a private family. Address Box No. 112 Englewood Post-office.

BOARD AND PLEASANT ROOMS IN a private family; splendid location, high grounds, five minutes from station. Address Box No. 166, Fishkill Landing, Dutchess County, N. Y.

BOARD.—AT A PLEASANT FARM-HOUSE; healthy location, good table. Call for two days at No. 191 Powers-st., Williamsburg.

THREE OR FOUR ROOMS TO LET, with first-class board. Address Box No. 37 Madison, N. J.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES At the "Times" Up-Town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st., junction Broadway and 6th-av., And the "Times" West-Side Office, No. 308 West 23d-st., corner of 8th-av. NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

PARTIES WISHING TO ENGAGE rooms for the Summer, where there is good lawn, plenty of shade, gas, baths, hot and cold, plenty of stabling, can do so by applying to E. K. MOTT, Tarrytown. References exchanged.

NO. 7 LAFAYETTE-PLACE, NEAR New-York and Grand Central Hotels.—Very desirable, large, and cool rooms, with board, $20; single rooms; transient guests; table board.

NO. 28 WEST 12TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-av.—With board, handsomely-furnished rooms, en suite or singly, for a family or party of gentlemen; house pleasant and nicely fitted up; references given.

NO. 206 5TH-AV., FRONTING MADISON-square and Broadway, elegant suites of rooms, beautifully furnished; with all conveniences; with or without board, for Summer or year.

A FEW YOUNG MEN CAN BE ACCOMMODATED with board, washing, and ironing at $5 per week. No. 435 East 10th-st., near Avenue D.

TWO OR THREE HANDSOMELY-furnished rooms on second floor, with board, to families or gentlemen; transient board; Summer prices. No. 7 West 32d-st.

NO. 91 WEST 31ST-ST.—LARGE AND small rooms, with or without board; transient boarders taken; references.

FURNISHED ROOMS—WITH OR WITHout board, at No. 255 4th-av.; references.

AT NO. 35 EAST 21ST-ST.—DESIRABLE rooms to let either with or without board.

NO. 21 EAST 22D-ST.—ROOMS ON THE third floor to let, with board; Summer prices.

LEGAL NOTICES.

AT A SPECIAL TERM OF THE SUpreme Court, held at Chambers thereof, in the Court-house, in the City of New-York, on the 17th day of March, 1873, present Hon. Enoch L. Fancher, Justice.—MICHAEL J. LOWE against THE WASHINGTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—On reading and filing the petition of George B. Satterlee, Receiver of the Washington Fire Insurance Company, defendant in the above-entitled action, and it appearing to this Court to be necessary and proper that the prayer thereof be granted, now, on motion of Wm. H. Willis, Jr., attorney for said receiver, it is hereby ordered and decreed that the said receiver have leave, and he is hereby authorized and directed, to pay a dividend of fifty cents on the dollar of the debts of said The Washington Fire Insurance Company, which have been ascertained, to those persons who have exhibited their claims as creditors of said Company, as prescribed in and by original section 79, article 3, chapter 8, title 4, Part III. of the Revised Statutes. And it is further ordered and decreed that a notice be published in the manner hereinafter directed, requiring all the creditors of said The Washington Fire Insurance Company to exhibit their claims and become parties to the above-entitled suit within six months from the first publication of this order. And in default thereof, that they be precluded from all benefit of the judgment and decree which shall be made therein, and from any distribution which shall be made under such judgment or decree. And it is further ordered that such notice and a copy of this order be published once a week for six months in the *Daily Register* and *The New-York Times*, two newspapers published in the City of New-York. And it is further ordered that John C. Gray, Esq., a counselor of this Court, be and he hereby is appointed a referee for the purposes of this order. That such publication be made under his direction, and that all such claims be exhibited to said referee. That said referee do hear and determine all such claims as may be contested, and that said referee may report to this Court from time to time upon any or all matters referred to him. And that said receiver be at liberty to apply to this Court for such further directions from time to time as may be proper.

Notice to Creditors of the Washington Fire Insurance Company.—To all whom it may concern: New-York Supreme Court—Michael J. Lowe against The Washington Fire Insurance Company.

Notice is hereby given that an order, of which the foregoing is a copy, has been duly made in the above-entitled action, and that all creditors of said Company are required to exhibit their claims to the undersigned, at his office, No. 9 Nassau-street, in the City of New-York, and to comply with the terms of said order on or before the 25th day of September, 1873.—Dated New-York, March 24, 1873.
mh25-law6mTu. JOHN C. GRAY, Referee.

SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—The HANOVER NATIONAL BANK, of the City of New-York, plaintiff, against E. SCHOENBERG, Israel Schoenberg, Abraham Schoenberg, and Emanuel Schoenberg, defendants.—Summons for a money demand on contract.—To the defendant, E. Schoenberg: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office, No. 3 Broad-street, Drexel Building, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of three thousand three hundred and thirty-one dollars and fifty-seven cents, with interest from the 20th day of May, 1873, besides the costs of this action.—Dated May 27, 1873.
EDWARD PATTERSON, Plaintiff's Attorney.
No. 3 Broad-st., New-York.

The complaint in this action was duly filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the Court-house in said City of New-York, on the 7th day of June, 1873.
je10-law6wTu EDWARD PATTERSON, Plaintiff's Attorney.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

EVERY NIGHT,
EVERY NIGHT,
THE GREAT SENSATIONAL PLAY
BY
DION BOUCICAULT.
TO-NIGHT AND EVERY NIGHT.

MORA; OR, THE GOLDEN FETTERS. Miss KATHERINE ROGERS, Mr. ALLERTON, Miss EFFIE GERMON, Mr. BRADLEY, Mr. LEVICK, Miss MARY WELLS, Mr. WHEELOCK, Mr. GRIFFITHS, Mr. FAWCETT, (BOTH BY PERMISSION OF Mr. DALY,) Mr. PARSLOE, Mr. POPE, Mr. MILLS, Mr. A. BECKS, Misses BLAISDELL, BELL, BATE, AND BURROUGHS.

LAST MORA MATINEE, SATURDAY, JUNE 28.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

NO. 624 BROADWAY. NO. 624.
GENUINE AND DECIDED SUCCESS.
Last nights of the charming, fascinating and bewitching
LITTLE NELL, LITTLE NELL, LITTLE NELL,
THE CALIFORNIA DIAMOND,
who will appear in her thrilling sensational drama, entitled FIDELIA, FIDELIA, FIDELIA,
THE FIRE WAIF. THE FIRE WAIF.
Introducing her unrivaled Songs, Dances, Banjo Solos, and wonderful character changes. The Great Fire Scene. Wonderful and startling Galvanic Battery and Nitro-Glycerine Sensation.
Matinées WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 2 P. M.
MONDAY EVENING, June 30, first appearance of the beautiful young artiste, Miss AMY STONE, in her great drama of CIGARETTE, the Little Leopard of France.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN. EXTRA.

Positively no free list on this occasion.
THEODORE THOMAS'
ANNUAL BENEFIT CONCERT,
TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 24, AT 8 O'CLOCK,
when the following new and brilliant programme will be performed:

1. Grand March, op. 61. (new)................F. Kiel
2. Ouverture, Normannenfahrt, op. 26, (new).......A. Dietrich
3. Scherzo, Symphony, "An das Vaterland," op. 96. Raff
4. Rhapsodie Hongroise, No. 2...................Liszt
5. Ouverture, Leonore, No. 3...................Beethoven
6. Hymne a Sainte Cecile, (Meditation Religieuse)........Gounod
7. Tarantelle, with flute and clarionette obligato, first time.........Saint Saene
MESSRS. WEINER AND KAISER.
8. Selections, third act, "Die Meistersinger von Nuernburg".........Wagner
9. Ouverture, Hunya di Laszlo....................Erkel
10. Evening Song..................Schumann
11. Waltz, Wiener Bonbons................Strauss
12. Schiller March.................Meyerbeer

ADMISSION TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR.
To be had at the principal music-stores and at the box-office of Central Park Garden.
PRIVATE BOXES TWO DOLLARS EXTRA.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

FRIDAY, JUNE 27, 8 P. M.
FIRST GRAND
GERMAN MILITARY CONCERT,
of the entire band of the Royal Saxon Sharp-shooters' Regiment No. 108, PRINCE GEORGE, under the personal direction of
Mr. HANS GIROD,
Kapellmeister of his Majesty the King of Saxony, and Cornet à Piston virtuoso.
Further particulars in a later advertisement.

METROPOLITAN MUSEUM OF ART—Temporary building, No. 128 West 14th-st. The di Cesnola collections from Cyprus and the Loan collections of works of art, are open to the public daily from 10 A. M. until 6 P. M. Admission 50 cents. New and important additions have been made to the Loan collections.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR BURGLAR-PROOF VAULTS FOR THE UNITED STATES BRANCH MINT AT SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

UNITED STATES BRANCH MINT,
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.,
OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT, June 21, 1873.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 M. of the 14th day of July, 1873, for furnishing and putting in place the five burglar-proof vaults for the United States Branch Mint at San Francisco, Cal.

Copies of the drawings and specification may be had on application at this office.

Proposals will be made for each vault as called for in the specification. The work will not be subdivided among different bidders, but will be considered in the aggregate. The whole work to be completed and in place within four months from date of acceptance of proposal.

Payments will be made monthly, deducting ten per centum, until the completion and acceptance of the work.

All bids must be accompanied by a penal bond, in the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000,) that the bidder will accept and perform the contract if awarded him, the sufficiency of the security to be certified by the United States Judge, the Clerk of the United States Court, or the District Attorney of the district wherein he resides.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids, if it be the interest of the Government to do so; and any bid that is not made on the printed form, to be obtained in this office, and does not conform in every respect to the requirements of this advertisement will not be considered, neither will any proposal be received from parties who are not themselves engaged in the manufacture of "burglar proof vaults," and who have not the necessary facilities for getting out the work.

Proposals will be inclosed in a sealed envelope indorsed, "Bids for Burglar-proof Vaults," United States Branch Mint, San Francisco, Cal., and addressed to SAMUEL McCULLOCH, Superintendent.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE,
THIRD STORY, UNION BANK BUILDING,
FAYETTE, NEAR CHARLES-ST.
BALTIMORE, Md., June 17, 1873.

PROPOSALS

Are invited for furnishing and delivering stone on United States lighters near Federal Point on the Cape Fear River, North Carolina, and separate proposals for stone loaded on lighters at quarries on the river accessible to tug-boats.

The right to reject any bid is reserved.

Blank forms, specifications, and any desired information, can be had on application at this office.
WM. P. CRAIGHILL, Major of Engineers.

IMPROVEMENT OF BROADKILN RIVER, DELAWARE.

UNITED STATES ENGINEER OFFICE,
NO. 1,328 CHESTNUT-ST.,
PHILADELPHIA, Penn., June 21, 1873.

Sealed proposals, in duplicate, with a copy of this advertisement attached to each, will be received at this office until 1 P. M. of WEDNESDAY, July 23, 1873, for removing, by dredging, about 30,000 cubic yards, more or less, of mud, sand, and other loose material from the channel of Broadkiln River, Delaware.

Forms, specifications, &c., will be supplied from this office, where a chart of the localities may be seen.
J. D. KURTZ, Lieutenant Colonel of Engineers.

IMPROVEMENT OF WILMINGTON HARBOR, DELAWARE.

UNITED STATES ENGINEER OFFICE,
NO. 1,328 CHESTNUT-ST.,
PHILADELPHIA, Penn., June 21, 1873.

Sealed proposals, in duplicate, with a copy of this advertisement attached to each, will be received at this office until 12:30 o'clock P. M. of WEDNESDAY, July 23, 1873, for removing from the channel of Christiana River about 100 cubic yards net of solid rock.

Forms, specifications, drawings, and information will be furnished from this office, where map of locality can be seen.
J. D. KURTZ, Lieutenant Colonel of Engineers.

ADVERTISEMENT FOR PROPOSALS.

ENGINEER OFFICE, UNITED STATES ARMY,
NEWPORT, R. I., June 19, 1873.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 10 A. M. on the 19th day of July, 1873, for granite for breakwater, in Hyannis Harbor, Massachusetts.

Specifications in regard to the work and blank forms for proposals and guarantee will be sent on application to this office.
G. K. WARREN, Major of Engineers, Brevet Major General, U. S. A.

REMOVAL OF ROCK AT SOUTH-ST. WHARF, SCHUYLKILL RIVER, PENN.

UNITED STATES ENGINEER OFFICE,
NO. 1,328 CHESTNUT-ST.,
PHILADELPHIA, Penn., June 21, 1873.

Sealed proposals, in duplicate, with a copy of this advertisement attached to each, will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M., of WEDNESDAY, July 23, 1873, for removing from the channel of Schuylkill River about seventy-five cubic yards, net, of solid rock.

Forms, specifications, drawings, and information will be furnished from this office, where map of locality can be seen.
J. D. KURTZ, Lieut. Col. of Engineers.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONERS OF EMIGRATION,
CASTLE GARDEN, June, 1873.

PROPOSALS SEALED AND PROPERLY indorsed will be received at this office until 4 o'clock P. M. on Tuesday, the 1st day of July next, for heating by steam physician's residence at Lunatic Asylum, Ward's Island.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of Renwick & Sands, Architects, Nos. 4 and 6 Broad-st.
E. STEPHENSON, Chairman Ward's Island Committee.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF EMIGRATION OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK,
CASTLE GARDEN, June 19, 1873.

PROPOSALS, SEALED AND PROPERLY indorsed, will be received at this office till 4 o'clock P. M., on TUESDAY, the 1st day of July next, for furnishing materials and re-setting boilers in engine-room on Ward's Island.

Specification may be seen at the office of R. L. Wells, Superintendent, at Ward's Island.
E. STEPHENSON, Chairman Ward's Island Committee.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF EMIGRATION,
CASTLE GARDEN, June —, 1873.

PROPOSALS, SEALED AND PROPERLY indorsed, will be received at this office until 4 o'clock P. M., on TUESDAY, the 1st day of July next, for building a brick covered archway on Ward's Island.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of Renwick & Sands, architects, Nos. 4 and 6 Broad-st.
E. STEPHENSON, Chairman Ward's Island Committee.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONERS OF EMIGRATION,
CASTLE GARDEN, June —, 1873.

PROPOSALS, SEALED AND PROPERLY indorsed, will be received at this office until 4 o'clock P. M., on TUESDAY, the 1st day of July next, for repairs to roof of Pavilion No. 1 of Lunatic Asylum, on Ward's Island. Specifications can be seen at the office of Renwick & Sands, architects, Nos. 4 and 6 Broad-st.
E. STEPHENSON, Chairman Ward's Island Committee.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF EMIGRATION,
CASTLE GARDEN, June —, 1873.

PROPOSALS, SEALED AND PROPERLY indorsed, will be received at this office until 4 o'clock P. M. on TUESDAY, the 1st day of July next, for iron window guards, to be furnished at Lunatic Asylum, Ward's Island. Specifications can be seen at the office of Renwick & Sands, architects, Nos. 4 and 6 Broad-st.
E. STEPHENSON, Chairman Ward's Island Committee.

AMUSEMENTS.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.

(Curtain rises at 8.)
Sole Lessee and Manager...Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY

LAST FIVE NIGHTS

Positively
OF THE SEASON
And of

MADELEIN MOREL.

SATURDAY, June 28, positively FAREWELL MATINEE of MADELEIN MOREL.

SATURDAY NIGHT, June 28, the FAREWELL NIGHT of MADELEIN MOREL, and the CLOSING NIGHT of the SEASON, has been assigned Mr. Joseph H. Tooker, Business Manager, and Mr. A. Appleton, Treasurer, for their JOINT BENEFIT.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.

THIS TUESDAY, June 24,
BENEFIT OF MR. JAMES ROBERTS.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.

TO-MORROW, (WEDNESDAY,) June 25,
BENEFIT OF MR. OWEN FAWCETT.

WOOD'S MUSEUM. J. M. WARD.

ANOTHER TRIUMPH.

EVENING AT 8. The popular actor, Mr. J. M. WARD, and the beautiful Miss WINNITTA MONTAGUE, in J. M. Findull's drama of the WINNING HAND. | AFTERNOON AT 2. The charming actress, Miss ANNIE FIRMIN, and the eminent actor, Mr. JOHN H. JACK, in the new drama from Wilkie Collins' story of NEW MAGDALEN.

FRIDAY EVENING, June 27, complimentary benefit tendered to Mr. JAMES M. WARD.

UNION-SQUARE THEATRE.

Begins at 8. Saturday Matinée at 1:30.
EVERY EVENING, the brilliant and favorite actress, CHARLOTTE THOMPSON, in the charming domestic drama, entitled JANE EYRE, produced with SUPERB SCENERY and an UNRIVALED CAST.
SATURDAY, at 1:30,
SECOND JANE EYRE MATINEE.
Seats secured in advance.

NIBLO'S GARDEN. LAST WEEK.

GUS PHILLIPS.......as.......PETER KOOMES
LULU in her WONDERFUL BOUND.
Koomer Matinée, SATURDAY, at 2 o'clock.
MONDAY EVENING, June 30, will be produced THE BEATS OF NEW-YORK.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS. 23D-ST.

LAST THREE NIGHTS OF THE SEASON.
MONDAY, JUNE 23. | TUESDAY, JUNE 24. | WEDNESDAY, JUNE 25.
LAST THREE NIGHTS OF THE SEASON.

THE INTERNATIONAL

BILLIARD TOURNAMENT.

IRVING HALL,
TUESDAY,
JUNE 24,
AFTERNOON,
AT 2 O'CLOCK,
BETWEEN
ALBERT GARNIER AND JOSEPH DION.

TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 24,
BETWEEN
JOSEPH DION AND CYRILLE DION,
AND
FRANCOIS UBASSY AND JOHN DEERY.

FAIR AND FESTIVAL AT STATEN ISLAND.—The managers of the Mariners' Family Industrial Society will hold a fair and festival on the afternoons and evenings of TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, and FRIDAY, the 24th, 25th, 26th, and 27th of June, at the Asylum, Staten Island. Entrance from gate of Seamen's Retreat, and through Vanderbilt-av. The anniversary of the society will be held on THURSDAY, the 26th inst., at 3 P. M., at which time there will be addresses by distinguished clergymen, and a musical entertainment by Mr. and Mrs. J. K. DRAPER and Miss BURT. This is a favorite charity, and those who patronize it will be well repaid. ADMITTANCE FREE.

N. B.—Boats leave the foot of Whitehall-st., New-York, and Vanderbilt Landing, Staten Island, every hour till 8 P. M.

CORNER-STONE LAYING. BROOKLYN.

The corner-stone of the Tompkins-avenue Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, (Rev. F. G. Clark, D. D., Pastor,) will be laid with appropriate ceremonies on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, June 25, at 5 o'clock. Rev. Drs. Wells, Inglis, Haynes, and other clergymen, have been invited to take part in the services.

The congregation will assemble in the Chapel, McDonough-st., corner Tompkins-av.

If the weather proves stormy the exercises will be postponed to the first fair day.

LOAN OFFICES.

NO. 1,267 BROADWAY, OVER HERALD Branch, Room 8.—Parlor for ladies. Branch No. 1,207 Broadway. Money loaned on diamonds, watches, jewelry, &c. Same bought and sold.
LINDO BROS.

MEETINGS.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FARMERS' CLUB.—This club meets every TUESDAY, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the rooms of the Institute in the Cooper Union. All interested in agricultural improvement are invited to attend.
NATHAN C. ELY, President.
JOHN W. CHAMBERS, Secretary.

INSTRUCTION.

SCHOOL ADVERTISING

for 1873.

The attention of colleges, seminaries, and schools is specially called to

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Academic Course to meet demand.

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MISS BULKLEY'S BOARDING AND Day School for Young Ladies, Tarrytown, N. Y., will continue as usual. Present year will close June 25, 1873. Next school year will commence Sept. 17, 1873.

HIGHLAND MILITARY ACADEMY, Worcester, Mass., fits boys and young men for common and scientific pursuits. Its superior merits stated in circular. C. B. METCALF, A. M., Supt.

ELIZABETH COLLEGIATE SCHOOL—A home for boys, Elizabeth, N. J.
REV. J. C. WYCKOFF.

$200 TO $250 PER YEAR.—HEMPSTEAD INSTITUTE, Long Island. E. HINDS, A. M.

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"AM. SCHOOL INST." founded 1855, *Is a reliable and practical Educational Bureau*
To aid those who want well-qualified Teachers;
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One beam-engine, 38 inches, 9 feet stroke.
One condensing propeller engine, 34 inches cylinder, 28 inches stroke. All second-hand. Apply to
C. W. COPELAND, No. 64 Broadway.

THE BROOKLYN CHARTER.

Meeting of the Committee of One Hundred—An Exhaustive Report from Controller Schroeder.

The regular weekly meeting of the Brooklyn Committee of One Hundred was held last evening at the Academy of Music, Mr. Franklin Woodruff presiding, and twenty-six members being present. After the minutes of the previous meeting had been confirmed, Mr. Farrington offered the following resolution, which was carried:

Whereas, It has been alleged in certain of the New-York journals that excessive charges have been made in various street-openings in Brooklyn, also in grading and paving streets, filling of lots, and in the building of sewers, which charges have been denied by the local Press, which has also charged that the statements are malicious, and calculated and intended to prove injurious to the city; therefore

Resolved, That the Committee on Local Improvements and Public Expenditures be authorized to investigate these matters, and have leave to report to the association at any time.

Controller Schroeder read a report on the charter. It was signed by himself, Hon. John W. Hunter, (Democrat,) and A. J. Perry, Esq., (Republican.) After alluding in somewhat general terms to the more flagrant abuses heretofore existing in Brooklyn, the report proceeds to an explanation of the features of the charter now in the hands of the Governor. It says: The legislative powers of the Board of Aldermen are greatly extended, thus doing away, in a large measure, with the necessity or apology for special legislation in Albany, and bringing the government home under the immediate supervision of the tax-payers. By title 1, section 26, power is conferred on the Board of Aldermen to establish markets, build bridges, and make all other improvements required by the city; to negotiate loans and issue bonds therefor, but only after submitting the matter to a vote of the people for adoption or rejection. In title 18, section 1, the power is conferred on the Board of Aldermen, by a two-third vote, and with the consent of the Mayor, to order local improvements, for which assessments for benefit are to be laid without petition therefor. The restrictions provided to guard against an injudicious exercise of this power, and against extravagant schemes, are the following:

First—An estimate of the entire cost must be made, and a district of assessment established, showing what will be the assessment on every piece of property involved, and if, after public notice being given, a majority of the parties in interest protest against the improvement it is not to be made.

Second—The assessment cannot exceed the estimate on which the improvement is ordered.

Third—All contracts, of whatever kind, must be awarded to the lowest bidder, (title 17,) unless the head of a proper department submits good reasons to the Common Council, and in consequence thereof the Common Council decides to award the contract to other than the lowest bidder; thus tax-payers will be informed at once of the reasons why a contract is not awarded to the lowest bidder, and can hold the Common Council responsible.

Title 17, section 3, provides that no contract is to be binding on the city unless the Controller certifies that the means to pay for the same are provided, thus assuring the contractor of prompt payment.

THE POWERS OF THE MAYOR.

The powers of the Mayor are similar to those at present exercised by that officer, except that the charter brings all commissions under his supervision, and under title 3, section 12, he is authorized to suspend and the Board of Aldermen to remove any Commissioner or other appointed officer.

He is also required to suspend any officer who fails to pay over moneys collected by him to the City Treasury as the law and ordinances direct; and the Controller is compelled (title 4, section 24) to notify the Mayor of the delinquency on part of any officer or officers to pay over such moneys. Such publicity is provided for concerning the financial operations of the city, and such directions and rules are laid down for keeping the accounts of the city in title 4, that the covering up of any fraud in the Department of Finance is made next to impossible. No more deficiencies can occur in the sales of bonds without the consent of a two-third vote of the Board of Aldermen and the Mayor.

Title 5, section 6, provides that the Auditor shall report every week the name of every person in whose favor an account has been presented, with the decision and final action of the Auditor thereon. Thus a wholesome check is provided on all expenditures, and the outlay of moneys by independent commissions, about the particulars of which the tax-payers are kept in ignorance, is stopped. The salary of the Auditor was increased prior to the passage of the charter from $3,500 to $5,000.

THE DUTIES OF THE TREASURER.

By title 6, the duties of the Treasurer are defined. Power to favor moneyed institutions in which the Treasurer may be interested is taken from him.

By section 1, title 4, all city money must hereafter be deposited in the various moneyed institutions of the city in proportion to the capital held by them, and all interest on deposits must be accounted for quarterly in detail to the Controller.

The large perquisites of the Tax Collector, variously estimated at from $15,000 to $20,000 per year, are abolished by the new charter; all moneys collected by that officer either for the city or county, and all moneys deposited with the Collector for redemptions of property sold for taxes and assessments, must be paid to the Treasurer on the day on which they are received. An allowance of seven and three-tenths per cent. per annum, for the unexpired term is to be made to prompt tax-payers during the first thirty days after a warrant is delivered to the Collector. The default chargeable under the present charter is one per cent. per month for the first ten months, and after that seven per cent. per year until the property is sold for unpaid taxes or assessments; after the sale fifteen per cent. per year is chargeable. Under the proposed charter no such privilege is granted to the most tardy tax-payer. The default is made one per cent. per month until the property is leased or sold. This provision will increase the city revenues by $150,000 per year. Copies of the tax and assessment rolls are to be placed in the Controller's Department, when an account of all default and interest accruing to the city is to be kept. The power to remit the payment of default and interest to delinquent personal or political friends is thus taken from the Collector, and no such remission can be allowed without the connivance of the Controller, and without appearing on the books of the Corporation as future evidence. Taxes on personal property, while they are probably the most onerous to impose, after being once assessed should be fairly and uniformly collected. Under the present charter it is left to the discretion of a deputy collector, who receives a salary of $1,200 per year for his services, to enforce the collection of a personal tax, or to make affidavit that he has been unable, after diligent inquiry, to find any goods or chattels on which to levy. The consequence of this affidavit is a cancellation of the tax. The new charter provides for the filing of the same affidavit, but the Register of Arrears receives the account of all uncollected items, and is required to make further efforts for the collection of them. This does away with the dangerous power in the hands of needy officials to settle with delinquent tax-payers. Affidavits falsely made are made punishable as perjury, and the falsity of such affidavits may be discovered by the Register of Arrears or the Controller. The collection fee is reduce from three to two per cent., and will give a reduction of $60,000 in the next annual tax levy.

A NEW DEPARTMENT.

Title 8 provides for the creation of a new department, the necessity for which has long been conceded, and the creation of which will meet with the approval of all tax-payers, when its operations come to be understood. This department is created for the following purposes:

First—To insure a more speedy and effectual collection of all arrears of taxes, assessments, and water rates, by making the principal business of one department.

Second—To compel the serving of notices upon delinquent tax or assessment payers before their property can be sold for unpaid taxes, assessments, or water rates, and

Third—For the sale of abandoned lands, in order to bring them in possession of persons who will improve them and pay taxes on them.

The Register of Arrears is directed to open books in which all taxes, assessments, and water rates remaining due and unpaid for one year are to be recorded against every taxable piece of property in the city opposite the number and description of such property. From this record he is required to enter on the annual tax-rolls, before they are delivered to the Collector, under a column headed "notices," the information whether the property is in arrears for taxes, assessments, and water rates, or if the property has been sold for unpaid taxes, assessments, or water rates, and the tax-collector is required, on every tax bill rendered, to give the information to the tax-payer showing that his property is in arrears or sold. If a bill is rendered without such notice of arrears, the property cannot be sold; and if sold, the sale is void. After the 1st day of January, 1875, when it is expected that the accounts will be all written up, any tax-payer may go to the office of the Register of Arrears and receive a bill showing all charges by the city, of whatever kind, remaining due and unpaid for more than one year, against any given piece of property. The very large number of property-owners whose property has been sold for small assessments, of which they had no information, subjecting them to charges for interest, default, advertising, and notices, sometimes 500 per cent. in excess of the original assessment, will appreciate the beneficial results which must follow this innovation.

SALE OF ABANDONED LANDS.

Section 27, title 8, and the sections following, provide for the sale of lands which are supposed to have been abandoned. The lien of the city, held by virtue of an assessment, is to be sold by the Register for Arrears, and it may be foreclosed, and a good title obtained to the property by the purchaser. In order that this provision shall not become onerous, six years must elapse after an assessment is levied before any such foreclosure can take place, and numerous notices must be sent to the reputed owners. It is not supposed that under this provision any property will be sold except that which has been wholly abandoned, and which this provision is intended to bring into use. The Register of Arrears is to buy lands sold for taxes for the city; and the fees for notices given to owners of land purchased by the city, and the 15 per cent. of annual interest provided to be allowed on lands sold for taxes and purchased by the city, the same as to other purchasers, will in addition to paying all expenses of the Department of Arrears, yield a large revenue to the city.

DEPARTMENT OF ASSESSMENT.

Title 10, The Department of Assessment.—The changes made in this department are important and necessary. For years past its operations have been wholly unsatisfactory; the valuations of property show the most egregious inequality, and its work is far from being as complete at the present time as the interests of the city require. During three months of the year no attention can be given to levying assessments for local improvements, as the few assessors in office are necessarily employed in making such hurried revisions of the valuations on the tax-rolls, as the immense field of inspection and the few men employed without proper direction, will permit. By the appointment of a President of the board and two additional assessors, it is hoped that a much-needed reform will be initiated here. The expenses of this department under the new charter are increased by $16,500 per year, yet more than this amount can be saved by lessening the assessments for local improvements; the collection fee is reduced to two per cent., from three, as at present. This will give an increased revenue to the City of one per cent. on $3,000,000, the average annual amount of assessment for local improvements, or $30,000. Much-needed information will be given to the assessors by a new provision contained in section 47, title 13, which requires the Commissioners of Fire and Buildings at once to notify the assessors of any permit granted for the erection of buildings, or for alterations. We have authentic information of improvements and additions made years ago to buildings, involving an outlay of many thousand dollars in single instances, of which no note whatever has been taken by the assessors up to the present time, for want of a provision of this kind.

THE POLICE DEPARTMENT.

Title 11 consolidates the Excise with the Police Department. A large saving will be accomplished by this measure, and the revenues of the city will be largely increased thereby. The Police Department is made subject to the ordinances of the Common Council. A protection for our shores against crime and robbery by river-thieves is secured by the provision calling for a suitable vessel to patrol the shores of the city. The salary of the President is increased by $800. The Mayor ceases to be a member of the board. The pay of the patrolmen and other officers of the department is increased by nearly $55,000 per year. This increase, at first favored by the association, was finally, on and after the introduction of the charter in the Legislature, opposed on the ground that a sufficient number of able men could be found to do the service at present salaries, but who will find fault when the men who are daily risking their lives in the protection of their fellow-citizens in person and property receive a slight increase in pay, which, even with this increase, is less than that given for like services in the City of New-York?

Title 12. In the Department of Health no change is made, this department having been reorganized just prior to the passage of the charter, under an act of this year's Legislature.

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Title 13. Department of Fire and Buildings.—The Commissioners are three in number, instead of four, as at present, saving $3,500; the President's salary is fixed at $5,000, making a net decrease of salaries in this department of $2,000 per year. The expenditures are brought under the authority of the Common Council; an insurance fund is created for sick and disabled firemen, and the board is made subject to the ordinances of the Common Council. Many of the provisions concerning the erection of buildings are new, and were selected and compiled by practical builders from the most approved building laws in existence.

THE DEPARTMENT OF CITY WORKS.

Title 14. The Department of City Works is made subject to the direction of the Common Council, the power to order the repaving of streets and the construction of sewers is taken from the board and vested in the Common Council. All moneys in hands of the board are to be transferred to the City Treasury, and its expenditures are made subject to the control of the Common Council, and the approval of the Auditor and Controller. In short, this hitherto independent commission is made simply an executive arm of the Common Council.

Title 15. The present Park Commissioners are permitted to finish the work on hand for which appropriations have already been made under the existing laws, and go out of office on the first day of January, 1875. At that time the board is to be reorganized, and is to be simply an executive board, with no power to disburse money. For the coming year, no increase of salaries or expenses is called for in this department by the new charter.

THE EXPENSES OF THE CORPORATION.

Title 17 provides the manner of paying the expenses of the corporation. All contracts must be awarded to the lowest bidder, unless the Common Council by a two-thirds vote, with the consent of the Mayor, orders otherwise. No contract or agreement is to be binding upon the city unless the Controller certifies that the means are provided to pay for the same. If he falsely certifies his office becomes vacant, and a successor is appointed. The mode of providing for extraordinary expenditures is clearly defined by 56, and none can be made without the consent of the Mayor and Controller.

We have now stated the most important changes in the City Government provided for by the charter. Many others of less weight have been made.

THE CHANGES TO BE MADE.

The following statement shows all the changes which will be made in the salaries paid by the city under the new charter. No increase is called for under the new charter in the salaries of the Auditor, the Health Department, or the Fire Department, as has been asserted. The Excise Board is abolished. The expense of collecting license fees during last year, in addition to the salaries and percentages paid to Commissioners, was $12,500. This will be amply sufficient to cover the expense of collection under the Police Department. In the Corporation Counsel's office additional assistants must be employed to make searches. The cost of these assistants we do not estimate as an increase, since it is simply a change from fees to salaries, which we believe will reduce the expenses of that department. The charter does not provide for an increase in the pay of firemen. The Park Commissioners are still to serve without compensation until 1875.

The estimates of the increased revenues to accrue to the city under the new Charter, as shown below, are based upon the figures of the Controller's report of the year 1872.

Increase in salary account by increase of salaries of present city officers and employes:

Mayor	$5,000
Controller	7,000
Treasurer	4,500
Collector	2,000
President Board of Assessors	1,500
President Board of Police	800
President Board of City Works	2,000
Assessors, $500; for six	3,000
President Fire Department	1,500
Corporation Counsel	4,000
Patrolmen, Roundsmen, Sergeants, &c.	60,300
Total	$91,600

Increase in salary account by creation of new offices:

Fourteen Aldermen	$14,000
Register of Arrears and assistants	12,000
Four clerks in various departments, at $1,500 each	6,000
Three Assessors	12,000
Total	$44,000

Decrease in salary account by abolishing certain offices:

Mayor as ex-officio Police Commissioner		$2,500 00
Supervisors, duties imposed on Aldermen		22,000 00
Three Excise Commissioners		7,500 00
Percentages paid to Excise Commissioners, as shown in Controller's books		12,000 00
Fire Commissioners reduced from four to three		3,500 00
Counsel to Excise Commissioners		2,500 00
Counsel to Fire Department		2,500 00
Total		$52,500 00
Increase	$91,600 00	
New officers	44,000 00	
Total		$135,600 00
Total decrease		52,500 00
Net increase		$83,100 00

As the collection fee on taxes is reduced from three to two per cent. under the charter, and the budget for 1874 will not be less than $7,000,000, a reduction of $70,000 will be made in the tax levy as compared with last year, consequently the total increase in the tax levy of next year for which the charter can be held responsible is as follows:

Increase of salaries	$83,100
Less decrease of collection fees	70,000
Total amount	$13,100

As an offset to this the charter will give an increase in city revenue as follows:

Five per cent. interest per annum additional on all taxes and assessments remaining due and unpaid for more than ten months, and as the Controller's report of 1872 shows over $2,500,000 of assessments alone due, we estimate five per cent. on $3,000,000—$150,000.	
Assessors' fees, average amount of assessments for local improvements, levied $3,000,000 per year, at two per cent.	60,000
Interest on county and redemption moneys in hands of Tax Collector, and moneys in the hands of the various commissions, $170,000, at three and a half per year	5,950
Total increase in revenue	$215,950
Decrease in revenues—	
Seven and three-tenths rebate per annum allowed on all taxes and assessments paid before the expiration of the first thirty days after confirmation; fifteen days' interest on $3,000,000	$9,780
Decrease in collections, fees on taxes, and assessments one per cent. on $10,000,000	100,000
Total	$199,780

Or increase of revenues over decrease, $106,170, and increase of revenues over increase of salaries, $23,070.

We believe that we have shown in the foregoing that a direct saving to prompt tax-payers must necessarily follow the passage of the charter without taking into consideration the large amount which must accrue to the city through the operations of the arrear department, in the shape of fees for notices, and interest on sums advanced for lands sold for taxes and purchased by the city; without taking into consideration the fees to accrue to the city by reason of searches being made by the Corporation Counsel's employes, and without taking into consideration the increased amount which will be received for liquor licenses through a proper enforcement of the Excise laws, and without taking into consideration the most important saving which must follow the abolishment by the charter of the system of independent and irresponsible commissions and their expenditures. The retention in office under the new charter of some of the Commissioners who have heretofore been accustomed to consider themselves an independent government within the City Government, may not be quite consistent with the general principles of the act, and it would have been preferable that new appointments should be made up to the next election. But this is no reason why approval should be withheld from the charter as a whole, for the conspicuous benefits it will confer, and while the present pending charter is not the same in many of its lesser details, as that prepared by this association, and introduced into the Assembly, yet it is believed to be far better than the existing fundamental law; and it should be remembered the modifications have been brought about by the action of those whose judgment is worthy of consideration. If by a reasonable increase in the salaries of the most important offices we shall succeed in inducing a better class of men to accept public places, we shall feel satisfied that we have accomplished almost all we could expect to accomplish. We have brought the City Government home to the people of this city; we have imposed careful restrictions on the exercise of all official powers and public expenditures; we have framed a symmetrical and clear law which admits of no controversy as to what is meant by its provisions.

If the people of the city will now come forward and insist that such men shall be elected as Mayor and Aldermen as shall be an honor to the city, we shall feel that the Reform Association has not spent its time and means in vain, and republican institutions and self-government will be fully vindicated in the City of Brooklyn. Last year we framed a law providing for honest and fair elections; this year we have framed a good charter; but good laws alone will not give good government; good men must be elected to enforce them, and the people of this city must never forget that eternal vigilance is the price not alone of liberty, but also of honesty in public places.

F. A. SCHROEDER.
A. J. PERRY.
JOHN W. HUNTER, JR.

The report was adopted, and discussed at a future stage of the meeting. Mr. Hunter offered a series of resolutions requesting the Governor to veto the bill extending the term of the Park Commission one month beyond the period prescribed by the charter. The resolution was adopted, and the charter discussion brought up again by Controller Schroeder, who offered the following resolutions:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this association the act to amend the charter of the City of Brooklyn and the various amendments thereof is a great improvement on the laws at present governing the city, and its enactment as a law is required to better protect the interests of tax-payers.

Resolved, That the President and Secretary of this association be directed to forward a copy of the synopsis and these resolutions to the Governor.

Mr. Farrington objected, and said that the vetoing of the charter would not be an unmixed evil, as some of its provisions had been altered since it left the hands of the association. The construction of sewers was left under the sole control of the Board of City Works. In contradiction of this statement Mr. Schroeder read a passage from the charter. Mr. Hunter accepted the charter as a whole as a vast improvement on the old system. After some further debate the resolutions of Mr. Schroeder were carried. Mr. Bennett, Chairman of the Law Committee, submitted a resolution, calling upon the District Attorney to bring before the Grand Jury the matter of grading and paving Reid-avenue, in order that all concerned in illegally receiving money from the city might be indicted, and requesting the Common Council to direct the Corporation Counsel to take legal measures to recover all money illegally received. The resolution was adopted, and the committee went into executive session, after declining to take from the table the report of the Law Committee in relation to District Attorney Britton.

THE LATE JOHN A. KENNEDY.

Preparations for the Funeral—Action of the Union League Club.

The final arrangements have all been made for the funeral of the late ex-Superintendent John A. Kennedy, which takes place to-day from the Central Methodist Episcopal Church, at Fourteenth-street and Seventh-avenue. Several prominent citizens called at the house of mourning yesterday and tendered their sympathies to the widow of the deceased. Among the floral tributes sent by sympathizing friends are an exquisite cross of lilies and tuberoses, the gift of Thomas C. Acton; an emblem of rare beauty representing a sheaf of wheat being gathered by the sickle, presented by Mrs. Currier, and a magnificent harp composed of the choicest flowers, the gift of the Ladies' Union Relief Association, of which Mrs. Kennedy is President.

A full meeting of the Ladies' Union Relief Association was held yesterday at the residence of Mrs. Carver, No. 216 East Fourteenth-street, to give expression to the sympathy of the association in the affliction which had fallen on its President. The chair was occupied by Mrs. Clarkson, Vice President of the association. Resolutions of sympathy and condolence were unanimously adopted, and it was ordered that an engrossed copy of them, accompanied by a floral design, be sent to Mrs. Kennedy. It was also resolved that the ladies of the association attend the church in a body.

A meeting of the ex-police officers of New-York and Brooklyn was held last night at Association Hall to take appropriate action on the death of Mr. Kennedy. Mr. Geo. A. MacWaters was chosen Chairman, and Mr. James A. Lucas, Secretary. Eulogistic addresses were delivered by Messrs. MacWaters, Lucas Van Hagen, and others, and the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, Death has again invaded the ranks of New-York's most distinguished and valuable citizens, and sealed for the long silence of the tomb our old and trusted friend and chief, John A. Kennedy; and,

Whereas, The death of such a man is not only an occasion of private grief, but a public calamity;

Therefore, We, ex-officers of the Police force of this City, and of the City of Brooklyn, have deemed it a duty to ourselves to convene and make public demonstration of our sorrow over the death of our esteemed friend and trusted fellow-citizen, and it is hereby unanimously

Resolved, That in our official and personal acquaintance with the late Mr. J. A. Kennedy, we ever found him a gentleman of the utmost probity and integrity, a man of superior business capacity, performing the functions of his office with great skill and effectiveness, and what is above all, and more important than all, we ever found him a man of generous impulses and kindly soul, ready and prompt to befriend the needy and destitute, and full of charity for the erring, and as General Superintendent of Police, "the right man in the right place."

Resolved, That in looking at the public life and record of the deceased, we cannot fail to see an example worthy of emulation; gifted as he was with intellectual and executive abilities far above the average of men, keenly sensitive of a proper discharge of any duties devolving upon him; with the determination and will oftentimes necessary for the performance of duty, he established a reputation as an executive officer not often surpassed and seldom equaled.

Resolved, That we shall ever hold sacred the memory of John A. Kennedy in both the public and private phases of his life, and that we heartily sympathize with his afflicted widow and family in their irreparable loss.

Resolved, That the newspapers of this City be requested to publish the proceedings of this meeting, and that ex-Capts. Mills and Greer, of New-York; ex-Capts. Woglom and Rhodes, of Brooklyn; ex-Sergt. Van Hagen, ex-Patrolmen Murray and Rothchild, together with the Chairman and Secretary of the meeting, be and are hereby constituted a committee to prepare a copy of the above resolutions and present the same, as the evidence of our sympathy and condolence, to the family of the deceased.

It was then moved and carried that the ex-police officers of New-York and Brooklyn, wearing mourning emblems, meet at the corner of Fourteenth-street and Seventh-avenue at 1 o'clock to-day, to attend the church in a body. The meeting then adjourned.

ACTION OF THE UNION LEAGUE CLUB.

A special meeting of the Union League Club was held last evening, at the theatre of the club, for the purpose of taking suitable action on the death of John A. Kennedy. Mr. Joseph Choate, the Chairman, in a few appropriate words, feelingly alluded to the occasion on which the members had been called together, after which Col. Geo. Bliss, Jr., offered the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That in the death of John A. Kennedy the club has lost one of its most revered and honest members, and the City of New-York one of her most faithful and useful citizens. Without advantages of education, by the strength of his character, by his steadfast industry and his never-failing courage, he gained the confidence of his fellow-citizens, and proved by the fidelity with which he discharged the highest trusts imposed upon him that that confidence was not misplaced. He presented a signal example of honesty and self-sacrifice, and was ever quick to perceive, and resolute to maintain, in many trying emergencies the course which led to the public welfare and safety. As the chief executive officer of the Police Department at that critical period when the peace of the City was of vital importance to the national welfare, he was as sagacious as he was fearless in preserving it, and infused his own spirit into the ranks which he commanded.

In rescuing the City from the peril that overwhelmed it in the great riots of 1863, he won a great battle, from which he carried to his grave his wounds and scars as his only trophies and rewards. He deserves to rank high in the list of the original and life-long anti-slavery men, and the value of his counsels and services in the dark days of the rebellion have been recognized and will be remembered.

Resolved, That out of respect to his memory, a committee of twenty-five members of the club be appointed to represent the club at his funeral.

The Chairman appointed the following gentlemen: Thos. C. Acton, Geo. Bliss, Jr., Geo. Jones, W. E. Dodge, Isaac H. Bailey, Henry Bergh, Marshall B. Blake, Geo. W. Blunt, John B. Cornell, Levi A. Dowley, W. A. Darling, J. M. Guiteau, Chas. P. Kirkland, John D. Lawson, W. Laimbeer, Jr., D. D. S. Marshall, A. M. C. Smith, Sinclair Tousey, David Van Nostrand, David B. Mellish, Isaac Sherman, Geo. Cabot Ward, Carlisle Norwood, Jr., Andrew W. Leggett, and O. P. C. Billings.

On motion the officers of the club were added to the committee. The meeting then adjourned.

THE ODD-FELLOWS.

A meeting of the officers, past-officers, representatives and members of the Grand Lodge and Grand Encampment of New-York, was held last evening at Odd-fellows Hall, Grand and Centre streets, for the purpose of making arrangements for attending the funeral of the deceased. After some discussion a committee was appointed to draw up suitable resolutions which are to be presented to the main body at its next meeting. It was resolved that the several lodges of Odd-fellows meet to-day at 12 o'clock and proceed in the following order to the Central M. E. Church, in Seventh-avenue: Members of the white degree, members of the blue degree, members of the scarlet degree, officers of the Grand Encampment, and officers of the Grand Lodge. After taking part in the church services the Odd-fellows will form in the same position, with the exception that they will be preceded by the battalion of police and the members of the Masonic Lodge, of which Mr. Kennedy was a member. The rear of the lodges of Odd-fellows will be brought up by delegates from several societies and representatives of public bodies. The hearse will next follow, and behind that private carriages and the friends of the deceased.

THE POLICE ESCORT.

Inspector Dilks issued the following order, yesterday, to twenty-nine of the thirty-two precincts in relation to the funeral of the late Superintendent of Police John A. Kennedy:

The Captain, two Sergeants, one Roundsman, and the off platoon will report to Capt. Copeland, at Washington-square, at 1 P. M., to-morrow, (Tuesday,) for the purpose of furnishing escort for the funeral procession of the late Superintendent of Police John A. Kennedy. The Captains of the Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth, and Twenty-sixth Precincts will also report at the same time and place. The force will wear the Summer uniform, caps, belts, and batons, and white gloves.

The force will be divided in two battalions, which will be commanded respectively by Inspectors Dilks and Walling.

Board of Excise.

There were 197 applications made, yesterday, at the office of the Board of Excise for licenses to sell liquor. Only two of them were found necessary to be referred to the proper officers for investigation. One of the cases was that of Michael Dowdell, of No. 456 West Thirty-second-street, the place having been the scene of a shooting affray a few months since. The other was the application of H. G. Bird, to license a low basement saloon at No. 103 Bleecker-street, kept open all night for the accommodation of disorderly persons. A complaint was yesterday made by a wife against an up-town lager-beer saloon, where her husband obtained spirituous liquor on Sunday until he became intoxicated, and was again supplied after the wife had served the proprietor with the legal notice under the Civil Damages act. The case was referred for investigation. The receipts for the day were $15,500.

NEW-YORK AND SUBURBAN NEWS.

NEW-YORK.

Five European steamers landed about 2,800 emigrant passengers at Castle Garden, yesterday.

Eugene J. Courtney reported to have committed suicide on the 6th of June, died from natural causes, as certified by the affidavits of physicians.

The Summer festival of the Young Men's Universalist Association was held last evening, at the Church of the Divine Paternity, Fifth-avenue and Forty-fifth-street.

The case of the notorious Carl Vogt was concluded yesterday. United States Commissioner White held the prisoner to await the President's warrant of extradition.

A meeting of the Castle Garden Committee was held at the offices of the Commissioners of Emigration yesterday afternoon, but no business of public interest was transacted.

The Methodist ministers, at their meeting yesterday, discussed the increase of their denomination as compared with other Episcopal Churches. Rev. Drs. Hayden and Curry took part in the argument.

The eighty-seventh volume of the New-York City Directory has been published by Trow. It is replete with useful information, and has attached a map of the island, with the wards defined in distinctive colors.

It is now said that Mr. J. H. Devereaux, formerly General Manager of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad, will succeed to the Vice Presidency of Erie at the ensuing election, which takes place on July 8.

The first excursion of the Hebrew orphan children and the pupils of the Hebrew free schools, which was to have taken place on yesterday, was unavoidably postponed on account of the threatening aspect of the weather.

The Supreme Court, General Term, has decided in the case of Dolan *vs.* Lane, already reported in THE TIMES, that assistant clerks hold office as clerks for the same term, and subject to removal only on the same conditions.

Mayor Havemeyer returned to the City Hall, yesterday, and the usual large number of politicians—who almost ceased their attendance during the Mayor's absence from the City—lounged about the corridors and ante-rooms, as is customary with them.

The Joint Committee of the Common Council appointed to have charge of the arrangements for celebrating the 4th of July, called upon the Mayor, yesterday, and his Honor promised to request an appropriation at the next meeting of the Board of Apportionment.

The Working Boys' Protective Association met, last evening, in the City Hall Park. The President said he had obtained 375 citizens to sign the petition for a ball ground, and a committee would be appointed on Thursday evening to lay the petition before the Park Commissioners.

A Council of Political Reform was organized in the Sixth Ward last evening. The following officers were appointed: John H. Kelly, President; Denis F. Cusack, Vice-President; Peter J. Finnerty, Secretary, and Thomas Finnerty, Treasurer.

The Surrogate yesterday denied probate of the will of John F. Butterworth, the ex-Park Commissioner. The children of deceased contested the will, which was presented for probate by Mrs. Butterworth. The property will be apportioned according to the statute of distributions.

The cases of Woodhull & Claflin and Col. Blood were called for trial yesterday in the United States District Court, before Judge Blatchford. The greater part of the day was occupied in endeavoring to select a jury. Six jurors were obtained, and the case was postponed until to-morrow.

The members of the Produce Exchange held a meeting, yesterday, to take into consideration the advisability of closing the Exchange on Saturday, the 5th day of July, as well as on the 4th, the legal holiday. It was finally decided that the Board adjourn over from the 3d of July until the following Monday.

George Phillips sued Gabriel Wolf to recover damages for the death of the former's wife, caused by the latter inducing the wife to take medicine to procure an abortion. The General Term of the Supreme Court has now held, on appeal, that the husband, not suing as administrator, could not recover damages for his wife's death, but might recover for the time she lay disabled before death.

BROOKLYN.

The bids for repaving Myrtle-avenue with granite blocks were opened yesterday. Fourteen tenders, ranging from $3 85 to $5 25 per square yard, were received.

In the Supreme Court, yesterday, Justice Pratt granted an order reducing the bail of Mr. Stephen English, now in Ludlow-street Jail on a charge of libel, to $2,500 in the suit brought by Mr. Hope. The original amount of bail required was $10,000.

The Goodrich inquest was not continued yesterday, as proposed, the jurors being unable to attend. Coroner Whitehill has given up all hope of concluding the inquest, and the police have as little chance of capturing the murderer, despite the rewards offered by the city and the murdered man's relatives.

The Supervisors, yesterday, directed the Military Committee to advertise for proposals for building an armory for Company I of the Forty-seventh Regiment, at a cost not to exceed $6,000. The Industrial Exhibition Company, also, applied for permission to hold their September exhibition in the new Twenty-third Regiment Armory. The application was referred.

A lady passenger on the Williamsburg ferry-boat Minnesota, on the 5 o'clock trip from New-York, attempted to jump from the deck into the river. She was prevented by two passengers, and at the station-house gave her name as Ann G. Stamford, wife of a lawyer of No. 367 Bowery. She said her matrimonial relations were unhappy, and she wished to die. To prevent her carrying out this intention, she was sent back to her relatives in New-York.

STATEN ISLAND.

The fair and festival in aid of the Mariners' Family Industrial Society will be opened this evening at the Asylum. The fair will continue until Friday.

The camp-meeting at Sea Cliff Grove will commence on the 25th inst. and end on the 21st of July. The second series will commence on the 24th of August and close on the 14th of September.

The June term of the Richmond County Court and Court of Sessions will open at 10 o'clock to-day, at the village Court-house in Richmond. County Judge Metcalf will preside, with Associate Justices Allen and Kassner.

Coroner Lea, of Stapleton, yesterday held an inquest upon the body of Joseph Kalman, picked up on the beach at Fort Wadsworth by one of the soldiers of the garrison. The deceased, a German, twenty-four years of age, was accidentally drowned at the foot of Sixty-fifth-street, East River, on the 16th inst., while swimming.

There is a school trouble as well as a church trouble at Rockville Centre. On Friday Dr. R. B. Baisley, representing the Board of Trustees of the Public Schools, formally discharged the principal, Mr. J. B. Caldwell. Mr. Caldwell, however, insisted that he was employed for a full quarter, and refused to acknowledge the discharge. On going to open the school on Monday, he found the doors locked against him, and the trustees in waiting, who forbid him trespassing upon the grounds, or to attempt to enter the house.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Rev. W. S. Coffey held religious services in Trinity Episcopal Church, Mount Vernon, on Friday, it being the twenty-first anniversary of his rectorship in the parish. At the close of the services he announced that his connection with the parish was fully and finally severed. On Sunday, Rev. Clarence Buell, of Trinity Church, commenced his pastoral duties as rector.

Timothy Van Scoy, a young man of respectable family connections, aged twenty years, was locked up in the County Jail, on Saturday afternoon, on the charge of arson, in having set fire to a barn in the town of North Salem. In the course of the evening of the same day, he was discovered suspended by the neck to a ring-bolt in the wall of his cell, with a rope which he had made of strips torn from his overalls. Life was nearly extinct at the time that his situation was discovered. He was instantly cut down, and, with proper remedies, resuscitated.

NEW-JERSEY.

John Price, of Elizabeth, was sunstruck Sunday afternoon.

The taxes collected in Jersey City last week amounted only to $11,271.

A Japanese coin, said to be 2,000 years old, was found in a box of tea in a Newark tea-store Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Lennon, the woman who was run over by a Morris and Essex train, in Hoboken, Sunday morning, died Sunday night.

Thomas J. Covell, a druggist, doing business on Ocean-avenue, Jersey City, was arrested yesterday charged with habitually ill-treating his wife.

Ernest Van Roth was arrested in Jersey City yesterday, charged with having set fire to and burned a barn belonging to John Kuntz, for whom he worked, at Secaucus.

The inquest on the body of Lawrence Keningan, of Newark, found a verdict that he died from the effects of arsenious poison administered by his own hand while in a fit of temporary insanity.

A mass-meeting is to be held in Newark on the evening of the first Sunday in July to oppose the Sunday Railroad law, which permits the running of one train each way on any road in the State on Sundays.

Holbrook's Newark Directory for the year ending April 1, 1874, has been issued in a handsome style. It contains all the requisite information for such a book, and is a creditable specimen of typography.

Adolph Rundshagen and his wife Caroline, who were convicted of robbing the house of Morris Lesser, of Hoboken, in which they had hired rooms, were brought up for sentence, yesterday. Adolph received five years in the State Prison, and his wife three.

Council of Political Reform—Report of the Legislative Committee.

The Council of Political Reform met last evening at No. 48 East Twenty-third-street, Mr. B. Varnum presiding, and Mr. H. N. Beers acting as Secretary. Messrs. Edward Salomon, B. B. Sharman, Theodore W. Dwight, and Joseph H. Choate were elected new members, after which the Committee on Legislation, through their chairman, Dexter A. Hawkins, reported the result of their action in Albany. The reformation of the Department of Public Instruction was a special work of the committee, and the appointment of the present board, with additional and extensive powers, is owing chiefly to its exertions. The police courts of the City and the subject of the appropriation of fines received the continuous attention of the committee, and they materially aided in having the present law on the subject enacted. The Excise bill was supervised by the committee, and the provisions introduced will add three-quarters of a million of dollars a year to the City Treasury. The vast number of bills introduced to legalize street railways, seeking to appropriate many of the leading thoroughfares without giving any compensation to the City, were the subject of careful consideration. The railroad lobby was forced to adopt the reforms suggested by the committee, and the new lines are to pay to the City three per cent. of their earnings, the basis of the returns being verified by the President and Treasurer of each company. The amendments to the City charter were proposed and advocated by the committee with a view to secure to the people the municipal reform demanded. The revised statutes were amended extending the time within which indictments must be filed from three to five years. This amendment was made for the purpose of meeting such cases as Tweed's, Connolly's, and other Tammany thieves.

A part of the duty the committee was instructed to perform was to oppose all "Legislative jobs," especially affecting the tax-payers of this City. Four such measures were defeated, though backed by a large lobby:

First—The Local Improvement bill, that covered jobs past, present, and future, that would have cost the City Treasury at least $10,000,000.

Second—The bill to authorize the City to invest $2,500,000 in the stock of the Industrial Exhibition Company, which stock could have been wiped out by the foreclosure of a mortgage upon the company's property.

Third—A Railroad bill that encircled the City and took a strip 100 feet wide by about eighteen miles in length, crossing nearly all the wharves on both water-fronts.

It is difficult to calculate (it is so immense) the value of City property this bill gave away.

Fourth—The Newspaper bill. This, as it first appeared in the Assembly, practically took $1,600,000 out of the City Treasury.

After numerous defeats, it finally passed in a modified shape, but will, it is hoped, not receive the signature of the Governor.

A vote of thanks to Mr. Hawkins was passed by the council for the manner in which he superintended the legislation business of the Council during the last session at Albany. The Chairman was authorized to appoint an election committee of fifteen, and after transacting some routine business the meeting adjourned.

The Massachusetts Press Excursion.

The Massachusetts Press excursionists left this City by the Fall River boat last evening on their return journey. The excursionists started on the 17th inst. and visited the Hoosac Tunnel, Saratoga, and Lake Champlain. The party arrived here on Saturday and stopped at the St. Nicholas Hotel. They visited all the points of interest in the City and returned well pleased with the excursion.

Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO, June 23.—Flour dull and weak; few round lots Spring Extras sold on private terms; shippers refuse to pay over $6 50 for good to choice Spring. Wheat moderately active on speculative account, and prices higher, closing quiet; No. 2 Spring, $1 20, soft; $1 20¾, hard, spot; $1 20, June; $1 16¾, July; No. 1 Spring dull at $1 25; No. 3 do., $1 08; rejected, 89c. Corn active and higher, closing firm; No. 2 Mixed, 30c.; Regular, 34c., fresh, spot; 33¾c.@34c. July; 37¾c. bid August; Rejected, 27½c.@28c. Oats firmer and higher; No. 2 at 26¾c.@27½c. regular and fresh spot; 27¾c. bid July. Rye quiet and weak; No. 2 at 58c.@60c. Barley very dull; No. 2 nominally 60c. Pork fairly active but lower; selling $14 75 cash; $14 60@$14 75 July, closing at $14 65. Lard lower; sales at $8 20 spot. Bulk Meats and Bacon nominally unchanged. After the close of the regular board to-day some excitement was caused in the provision market by the announcement of the failure of Henry Milward & Co., one of the oldest and most highly esteemed firms of the packers in the city. Prices rapidly declined to $13, cash or July, but subsequently recovered to $13 50, closing at that figure, and $13 75 August. Lard also dropped to 8c. cash. Milward & Co.'s loss, it is understood, is about $24,000. Freights easier; Corn, to Buffalo, by lake, 6c. Whisky steady at 89c. Receipts—9,000 bbls. Flour, 85,000 bushels Wheat, 222,000 bushels Corn, 95,000 bushels Oats, 3,800 bushels Rye. Shipments—13,000 bbls. Flour, 74,000 bushels Wheat, 214,000 bushels Corn, 157,000 bushels Oats.

CHICAGO, June 23.—Cattle receipts 6,000 head. The market, under excessive receipts and unfavorable weather, ruled dull; prices declined 15c.@25c., with light sales; fully fair to really choice Steers, $5@$5 80; a few through Texans sold at $2 60@$2 65, and Cows at $4@$4 15, closing quiet and weak, with pens full. Shipments Saturday, 2,200 head. Live Hogs dull and declining. Receipts, 14,000 head. Common to extra at $4 25@$4 75; most sales good and choice at $4 60. Shipments, 5,000 head.

Printing Cloths Market.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 23.—Printing Cloths steady at 6½c. for best 64s.

[Advertisement.]

AWAY TO THE SEASIDE!—Before you start, buy suitable hats for fishing, shooting, promenading, &c., at KNOX'S Establishment in the Prescott House. At either of KNOX'S popular stores you will find a great variety of fashionable "Straws," handsome "Drabs," and elegant "Cassimere Beavers." In making your selections don't fail to patronize KNOX.

Passengers Sailed.

In steam-ship Ontario, for Rio Janeiro.—A. W. Morley, First Assistant Engineer United States Navy, Samuel Levy, Miss Emily Tracy, M. W. Boyd, Henry W. Benton, wife, and 2 children, J. E. Serrano, André Rebouças, M. G. Porter, Dr. Samuel Johnson, wife, and 2 children, E. Cuebas, S. F. Quimby, wife, and child, Robt. McDowell, H. Storer, E. Storer, Miss Catherine Anne Moore, Geo. Chrisman, S. G. Ely, W. B. Smith, Frank Bemis, Alfonso de Graca, First Lieutenant Brazilian Navy, and servant, H. W. Webb, E. J. Frost, D. Argilagos, R. W. Willson, F. H. Bigelow, Miss Anna C. Nicodemi, J. G. Jastrem, D. D. Aubeterre, A. L. Cohen, Abraham Fisher, Prof. James Orton, M. Chapellin.

Passengers Arrived.

In steam-ship Denmark, from London.—Mrs. Mary Pook, Mrs. Mary Baker, Mrs. Elizabeth Stenning, Alfred Foster, Mrs. G. Willis, Miss Eliza Richards, Miss Mary Mahoney, Miss Maria Crombie, Mrs. Bishop and 2 daughters, Mrs. Harriet Morcomb, John Horne, Mrs. Raphael and 3 children, Mrs. Susan C. Hall, Richard O. Yates, R. T. McKee, W. G. Ward, Henry Lance, wife, and 2 children, Mrs. Elizabeth Cummins and 3 children, Miss Mary Samuels, Miss Sarah Samuels, Wm. Waters, Mrs. Elizabeth Clarke and 3 children, Albert Twichant, Signer Luigi Piazza and wife, J. E. Wicker, Signor Cæsar Rozzini, Mdlle. Marie Brunn.

In steam-ship Wyoming, from Liverpool.—Wm. Wood and wife, Miss Jane Wood, Miss Meta Searight, Theodore Sherman, Moses Evans, David Duncan, Wm. Duncan, Frank Taylor, wife, 2 children, and nurse; Miss Kate Mockler, David Jones, Henry Seymour, Wm. Williams, Mrs. Ellen Williams, Mrs. Mary A. Horsfall and 2 children, Edwin James, John Myers, wife and 2 children; G. Archer and wife, Miss McKean, Lawrence McCann, Mrs. Mary Harris, Miss McClelland, Miss Susie Harris, Master Harry Harris, Mr. Walsh and wife, G. A. Smith, A. D. Barnett, Paul Shetler and wife, A. F. Rondeau, John Aiga.

In steam-ship Morro Castle, from Havana.—Francis P. Drasin, wife, 5 children, and 3 servants, Mrs. Charlotte de Piatte, 3 children, and nurse, Mrs. Maria J. M. Valdez and child, Mrs. Agueda Betancourt, J. Betancourt, Mrs. M. Moylan, Miss Carolina E. Rimmer, Miss Teresa Joerg, Chas. Hughes, B. Delago, Santiago Gutiurrez, Luis Cornet, Robt. Neilson, Mrs. Dolores Mora, Benigno Morales, Ernst R. Mundes, Adolph Strouss, Auguste Heyn, B. Ruisito, Pedro Guitures, Thomas Floyd, Henderson Butts, Jose Garcia.

In steam-ship City of Mexico, from Vera Cruz, Progreso and Havana.—Mrs. F. Dorwal and child, Manuel Zamacona, wife, 3 children, and servant, Gen. Rafael Benavides, Miguel Echeverria, Samuel J. Bradley, James H. Harris, B. Roesl, Charles Dean, Edward Tonelis, E. Alonso Colmenares, N. Manzini, E. Avila and wife, Miss F. Howlden, C. M. Simmons, Luis Biscardi, T. E. Fernandes, Edw. Klaboch, Henry Stanmore, Felixe Molina, A. Groso, Mrs. Elizabeth Socarras.

Miniature Almanac—This Day.

Sun rises.....4:29 | Sun sets.......7:34 | Moon sets...8:00

HIGH WATER THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook..7:24 | Gov. Island..8:13 | Hell Gate...9:35

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK......MONDAY, June 23.

Cleared.

Steam-ships Ontario, Slocum, St. Thomas, &c., Wm. R. Garrison; A. C. Stimers, Warren, Philadelphia, W. P. Clyde & Co.; Franconia, Bragg, Portland; Richmond, Hodges, Norfolk, Old Dominion Steam-ship Co.

Ship Hudson, Pratt, London, Eng., Grinnell, Minturn & Co.

Barks Hypatia, (Br.,) Luve, Antwerp, Eagle, Blakeslee & Smyth; Lesmen, (Ger.,) Ulrich, Bremen, H. Koop & Co.; John Griffin, Westbury, Cienfuegos, J. E. Ward & Co.; Preciosa, (Swed.,) Nilsen, Rostock, Funch, Edye & Co.; Angiolini Bernardi, (Ital.,) Schiaffino, Rotterdam, A. P. Agresta; Wood Hall, (Br.,) Gilson, Liverpool, C. L. Wright & Co.; Gaeta, (Ital.,) Otline, Venice, Slocovich & Co.

Brigs Ernestine, Knight, Seville, Brett, Son & Co.; R. W. Messa, Hewlett, Bordeaux, Snow & Burgess; Arctic, (Br.,) Fraser, Halifax, N. S., J. F. Whitney & Co.; Annie Collins, (Br.,) McDonald, Windsor, N. S., C. W. Bertaux.

Schrs. Golden Rule, McDonald, Pictou, N. S., Bird, Perkins & Job; Clara Montgomery, Ferguson, San Blas, Mexico, G. Wessels; Lily, Cole, Charleston, S. C., Evans, Ball & Co.; Carrie J. Webb, Rowland, Charleston, S. C., Bentley, Gildersleeve & Co.; Sunny South, Derrickson, Wilmington, N. C., E. S. Powell.

Arrived.

Steam-ship City of Mexico, Sherwood, Vera Cruz June 6, and Havana 18th, with mdse. and passengers to F. Alexandre & Sons.

Steam-ship Rapidan, Dubois, San Domingo City June 13, with mdse. and passengers to Spofford Bros. & Co.

Steam-ship Denmark, (Br.,) Sumner, London June 4, and Havre 7th, with mdse. and 42 cabin and 689 steerage passengers to F. W. J. Hurst.

Steam-ship Zodiac, Chapin, Morehead City 3 ds., with naval stores to Murray, Ferris & Co.

Steam-ship Morro Castle, Morton, Havana, June 19, with mdse. and passengers to Wm. P. Clyde.

Steam-ship Vandalia, (Ger.,) Franzen, Hamburg June 7, with mdse. and passengers to Kunhardt & Co.

Steam-ship Wyoming, (Br.,) Morgan, Liverpool June 11, Queenstown 12th, with mdse. and 364 passengers to Williams & Guion; June 16, lat. 43 9, lon. 38, passed steamer Laira, of West Hartlepool, bound W.

Steam-ship Richmond, Hedges, Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to Old Dominion Steam-ship Co.

Ship Semiramis, (of Portsmouth, N. H.,) Gerrish, Liverpool May 17, with mdse. to Pray & Dickens. June 14, lat. 42 45, lon. 59 30, spoke schr. Robert Raines, of Provincetown, for the Banks; took a pilot from boat No. 4, Jan. 20, lon. 70.

Ship Marianna V., (Portu.,) Ferreira, Philadelphia 3 ds., in ballast to L. E. Amsinck & Co.

Ship Bridgewater, Sisson, Antwerp May 15, with mdse. to Williams & Guion.

Bark Anna T., (Aust.,) Giovannelli, Singapore Feb. 20, with mdse. to Stoker, Taylor & Co. June 10, lat. 27, lon. 57 30, spoke bark Wanderer, (Norw.,) from Cette, for New-York.

Bark A. O. Vinge, (Norw.,) Hendricksen, Newcastle 51 ds., with mdse. to H. & F. W. Meyer—vessel to Tetens & Bockmann. June 3, lat. 44 23, lon. 42, spoke bark Humber, (Br.,) from Belfast, for Quebec.

Bark Mero, (Ital.,) Bartolotto, Bono, Africa, 50 ds., with mdse. to A. P. Agresta.

Bark Ardenia, (Ital.,) Fidele, Gergenti 67 ds., with sulphur to order—vessel to Funch, Edye & Co.

Bark Eulalia, (Swed.,) Bergstrom, Newport 42 ds., with railroad iron to order—vessel to Tetens & Bockmann.

Bark Morning Star, (of Turk's Island,) Waugh, Guantanamo 13 ds., with sugar to Moses Taylor & Co—vessel to Waydell & Co.

Bark Margaretha Blanca, (Ger.,) Skorka, London 84 ds., with mdse. to Funch, Edye & Co.

Bark Sionne, (Ital.,) Cumeo, Cardiff 40 ds., with railroad iron to order—vessel to Slocovich & Co.

Bark Isle of Skye, (of Liverpool,) Morris, Barbados and St. Pierre, Mart., 14 ds., with sugar and molasses to Dwight & Platt—vessel to L. F. Brigham.

Bark Susan A. Blaisdell, (of Searsport,) Sawyer, Matanzas 12 ds., with sugar to order—vessel to Carver & Barnes.

Bark Lizzie H. Jackson, (of Portland,) Norwich, Cardenas 10 ds., with sugar and melado to order—vessel to Brett, Son & Co.

Bark Bianch, (of Halifax,) Vaughan, Trieste 68 ds., and 40 ds. from Gibraltar, with empty petroleum barrels to J. F. Whitney & Co.

Bark Orchilla, (of Searsport,) Havener, Matanzas 9 ds., with molasses to order—vessel to Walsh, Field & Way.

Brig E. McLeod, (of Liverpool, N. S.,) Tibbets, Arecibo, P. R., 12 ds., with sugar and molasses to Spence, Montague & Co.—vessel to Miller & Houghton.

Brig Adelaide, (of Topham,) Wilson, Apalachicola 10 ds., with lumber to Snow & Richardson.

Brig Vitesse, (Belg.,) Nassel, Antwerp 52 ds., with mdse. to Jacob Schmidt & Co.

Brig Kodiak, Downing, Cardenas 8 ds., with sugar to order—vessel to F. Talbot & Co.

Schr. A. G. Pease, Dee, Portland, Conn.

Schr. Robt. Smith, Stevens, Portland, Conn.

Schr. J. C. Roker, Taylor, Providence, for Rondout.

Schr. J. H. Youmans, Smith, Providence, for Port Johnson.

Schr. Marcellus, Thomas, Providence.

Schr. Sylvi, Patten, Providence.

Schr. Lizzie Raymond, Lord, Providence.

Schr. W. H. Bowen, Terry, Providence.

Schr. Robert Blair, Knapp, Providence, for Haverstraw.

Schr. S. C. Evans, Tice, Providence, for Baltimore.

Schr. Benj. Strong, Sullivan, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Olive, Wall, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Jacob Raymond, Brown, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Pavilion, Strout, Providence.

Schr. Florida, Jones, Providence.

Schr. Florence, Sackett, Providence.

Schr. H. E. Brown, Sackett, Providence.

Schr. Montrose, Allen, Providence.

Schr. Undine, Emmons, Providence.

Schr. H. Blackman, Arnold, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Evergreen, Bunce, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Tunis Bodine, Silvia, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. B. G. Whillden, Phillips, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Jas. Lane, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. E. E. Potter, Ellsworth, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Thos. Jefferson, Ferris, Stamford.

Schr. J. B. Mitchell, Morrell, Stamford.

Schr. Circle, Hulse, Brookhaven.

Schr. Montauk, Davis, Brookhaven.

Schr. D. Ellis, Torry, Rockland, with lime to J. B. Brown.

Schr. Gem, Thomas, Rockland, with lime to J. B. Brown.

Schr. Baker, Harris, Rockport, Me.

Schr. Charles H. Mullen, Rogers, Nantucket, with fish to D. Haley.

Schr. George Moon, Mason, Nantucket, with fish to Moon & Lamphear.

Schr. Joseph Potter, Potter, Nantucket, with fish to H. C. Rogers.

Schr. Red Wing, Davis, Nantucket, with fish to Geo. Moon.

Schr. William Riley, Rogers, Nantucket, with fish to D. Miller.

Schr. D. G. Floyed, Gifford, Fall River, for Rondout.

Schr. Cornelia, Ferris, Fall River, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Minerva, Brightman, Fall River, for Rondout.

Schr. Phil Sheridan, Murphy, Fall River.

Schr. Mediator, Gage, Fall River, for Rondout.

Schr. Elizabeth B. Hogan, Fall River, for Elizabethport.

Schr. S. M. Tyler, Newlove, Wickford.

Schr. J. B. Allen, Case, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Schr. H. P. Metcalf, Carter, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Golden Eagle, Howes, Boston.

Schr. Ellen Perkins, Thatcher, Norwich.

Schr. Geo. Hotchkiss, Doyle, Norwich, for Rondout.

Schr. Felicia, Elliott, Norwich, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Charm, Starr, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. L. L. Mills, Ward, New-Haven.

Schr. Davidson, Smith, New-Haven.

Schr. Wm. Morse, Allen, Bath, with lumber to Wilson & Godfrey.

Schr. Argo, Besse, Wareham.

Schr. Ellen M. Duffield, Saynor, Portland, Conn.

Schr. Mary H. Mifflin, Ferris, Warren, R. I., for Elizabethport.

Schr. Helen J. Hoyt, Arnold, Baltimore, for New-Haven.

Schr. Elwood Doran, Smith, Alexandria, for New-Haven.

Schr. Belle Halladay, King, Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. E. R. Bennett, Soper, Virginia.

Schr. Wm. Allen, Grant, Baltimore.

Schr. My Rover, Brown, Charleston 6 ds., with lumber to Evans, Ball & Co.

Schr. Ida Lewis, (of Boston,) Huestee, Jacksonville 6 ds., with lumber to Eppinger, Russel & Co.—vessel to Tupper & Beattie.

Schr. J. W. Maitland, Colcord, Jacksonville 7 ds., with lumber to Eppinger, Russell & Co.—vessel to J. A. Winchester.

Schr. H. C. Shepard, French, Jacksonville 7 ds., with lumber to H. Clark—vessel to Overton & Hawkins.

Schr. Adelphi, Allen, Bristol, for Elizabethport.

Schr. L. A. Burlingame, Burlingame, Boston, for Baltimore.

Schr. Osprey, Beebe, George's Banks, with fish to Geo. Moon.

Schr. Lucy Blossom, Chatfield, Boston.

Schr. Granite State, Crockett, Rockport, Me.

Schr. Baltimore, Ford, Norwalk for Elizabethport.

Schr. Ben. Davis, Wilmington, N. C., 4 ds., with naval stores to E. S. Powell.

Schr. James Lockwood, Hardcastle, Richmond, Va.

Schr. Lucy Hammond, Bagley, Georgetown, S. C., 5 ds., with naval stores to B. H. Higgins—vessel to F. Talbot & Co.

Schr. Fleetwing, (of Nassau,) Roberts, San Salvador 9 ds., with pine-apples to F. J. Montell & Bartow.

Schr. Hattie E. Smith, (of Newburyport,) Brown, San Salvador 7 ds., with fruit to J. & T. Pearsall—vessel to B. J. Wenberg.

Schr. Stephen Morgan, Van Cleaf, Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. I. S. & L. C. Adams, (of Absecum,) Gardner, Sagua 7 ds., with sugar to Brown Bros. & Co.—vessel to James W. Elwell & Co.

Schr. Matthew Vassar, Jr., Kelly, New-Bedford.

Schr. Crescent Lodge, Crowell, New-Bedford.

Schr. Thomas B. Smith, Boman, New-Bedford.

Schr. D. L. Sturges, Chase, New-Bedford.

Schr. Henry Gibbs, Chase, New-Bedford.

Schr. H. A. Taber, Boman, New-Bedford.

Schr. Eliza Hamilton, Cole, New-Bedford.

Schr. Wm. Gray, Allen, New-London.

Schr. Joseph, Wheeler, New-London.

Schr. Ellen Mitchell, Kenniston, New-London.

Schr. San Luis, Baker, New-London.

Schr. Carolton, Hall, Baylis, Virginia.

Schr. Whistler, Keefe, Taunton.

Schr. Scud, Hallowell, Bristol.

Schr. Artist, Black, Sandwich.

Schr. Oakes Ames, Edmunds, Alexandria.

Schr. C. & M. Rogers, Cubberly, Virginia.

Schr. Forest Oak, Parker, Baltimore.

WIND—Sundown, moderate S. E.; cloudy.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, June 23.—Arr. steamers Wm. Crane, from Baltimore; Roman, from Philadelphia; Nereus, from New-York; barks Bridgeport, from Genoa, Luigi S., from Antwerp; Ventura, from Sagua; brigs Ella, from Tropani; Rudolph Payson, from St. John, P. R.; schr. Telumah, from Charleston.

BOSTON, Mass., June 23.—Arr. brigs Mary E. Ladd, from Surinam; Josie A. Devereux, from Hoboken, and schr. Abbie Bursley, from Pascagoula.

FORTRESS MONROE, Va., June 23.—The pilot-boat Coquette reports passed in for Baltimore, ship Dagmar, from Liverpool; bark Diana, from Cork; brigs Trio, from Sligo; E. H. Oakes, from Demerara; Edith Hall, from West Indies, and schr. Harewood, from Matanzas.

Passed out—Bark F. Pirandella, for Belfast; brig Water Witch, for Santiago, and schr. Lottie C., for Halifax.

HAVANA, June 23.—Steamer Columbia, from New-York, arr. this afternoon.

LEWES, Del., June 23.—The steamer Vaderland, for Antwerp, went to sea yesterday afternoon.

The ship Marianna V., for New-York, has been towed out.

Arr. schr. Abbie, from Arecibo, for orders.

SAVANNAH, Ga., June 23.—Arr. schr. Satilla, from Bath. Sld. schr. Hornet, for Eleuthera.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 23.—Arr. steamer Ashland, from Philadelphia; brig Osceola, from New-York; schrs. Ida Richardson, from New-York; H. C. Dewitt, from Richmond, Me. Sld. schr. Lillias, for New-York.

VINEYARD HAVEN, June 23.—Arr. schrs. G. M. Wentworth, New-York, for Calais; Harry Percy, Port Johnson, for Augusta; Wellington, Bangor, for Greenwich, Conn.; Tahmiroo, from Bangor; Frolic, from Boston; fishing schrs. Helen M. Foster, of Cohasset, with 170 barrels mackerel, for Boston, and Roger Williams, New-York, for Gloucester.

Sld. brig Hattie B., and schrs. Lottie Wells, Horatio Nichols, Ellen Barnes, Harry Percy, and G. M. Wentworth.

BALL, BLACK & CO.,
565 and 567 Broadway.
STORAGE FOR VALUABLES.
PACKAGES SENT FOR AND RETURNED
BY OUR OWN WAGONS, WITHOUT CHARGE.

Spoken.

June 23, at 10 A. M., twenty miles S. by E. from Fire Island, school-ship Mercury, on a cruise; at 1 P. M., twenty miles S. from Fire Island, brig Isis, from Baltimore, bound E., by pilot-boat David Mitchell, No. 2.

By pilot-boat Wm. Leggett, No. 4, June 19, lat. 41 40, lon. 65 20, bark Hancock, from Pictou, for Cienfuegos.

European Marine News.

QUEENSTOWN, June 23.—The Inman line steam-ship City of Baltimore, Capt. Ellison, from New-York June 12, and the Williams & Guion line steam-ship Manhattan, Capt. Price, from New-York June 11, both for Liverpool, have arr. here—the former at 7 A. M. yesterday, and the latter at 2 A. M. to-day.

MOVILLE, June 23.—The Anchor line steam-ship Olympia, Capt. Young, from New-York June 11, for Glasgow, arr. in this harbor to-day.

PLYMOUTH, June 23.—The Hamburg-American line steam-ship Westphalia, Capt. Schwensen, from New-York June 12, for Hamburg, arr. here at 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

STORAGE.
TIFFANY & CO.,
UNION-SQUARE.
STORAGE AND INSURANCE
OF
VALUABLES,
PACKAGES AND ARTICLES WILL BE SENT FOR AND DELIVERED IN THE CITY AND VICINITY FREE OF CHARGE.

PUBLIC OPENING
OF THE
DOMESTIC
Sewing-Machine Co.'s Building,
UNION-SQUARE, BROADWAY & 14TH-ST.
TUESDAY, JUNE 24,
at which time the spacious and elegant
SHOW-ROOMS
OF THE
DOMESTIC Sewing-Machines
Paper Patterns
will be thrown open to
THE PUBLIC.

JAY COOKE & CO.,
NO. 20 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK.
EXCHANGE ON
LONDON,
PARIS,
BERLIN,
FRANKFORT,
BREMEN,
VIENNA.
Cable Transfers,
Circular Letters,
Commercial Credits,
ON
JAY COOKE, McCULLOCH & CO.,
NO. 41 LOMBARD-ST., LONDON.
Cable Transfers Upon Vienna Direct.

DURYEAS' GLEN COVE
STARCH DEPOT
HAS REMOVED
From Nos. 49 and 51 Park-place,
To Nos. 29, 31, and 33 Park-place,
CORNER OF CHURCH-ST.

The *Commercial Advertiser* says that Duryeas' Improved Corn Starch has received the highest indorsement, and is recommended by the medical profession, and their Satin Gloss is in universal use for laundry purposes. The *Graphic* says their Corn Starch and Satin Gloss are so superior that there is a demand throughout the world. The Brooklyn *Union* says that they are the best in the market and almost every housekeeper has tested them. And the *Journal of Commerce* and *World* say the works at Glen Cove have been greatly enlarged to supply the increased demand, and probably they are the largest in the world. For sale by grocers generally.

DR. RADWAY'S
SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT,
The Great Blood Purifier,
FOR THE CURE OF ALL
CHRONIC DISEASES, SCROFULA, ULCERS,
CHRONIC RHEUMATISM, ERYSIPELAS,
KIDNEY, BLADDER, AND LIVER
COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA,
AFFECTIONS OF THE LUNGS AND THROAT;
PURIFIES THE BLOOD,
RESTORING HEALTH AND VIGOR;
CLEAR SKIN AND BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION
SECURED TO ALL.
Sold by druggists. Price $1 per bottle.

DR. RADWAY'S
REGULATING PILLS,
Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated, for the cure of all disorders of the stomach, liver, bowels, kidneys, bladder, nervous diseases, headache, constipation, costiveness, indigestion, dyspepsia, biliousness, bilious fever, inflammation of the bowels, piles, and all derangements of the internal viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. 25c. a box. Sold by druggists.
DR. RADWAY & CO., NO. 32 WARREN-ST.

SCHUYLER, HARTLEY & GRAHAM,
NO. 20 AND 22 JOHN-ST.
NEW DESIGNS IN OXIDIZED
SILVER JEWELRY,
SLEEVE-BUTTONS, SCARF PINS, &c.

WILLIAM E. WARREN,
PUBLIC AUDITOR AND ACCOUNTANT,
Office, No. 39 Nassau, corner of Liberty-st.,
(Room No. 23.) NEW-YORK.

Mr. W. has had large and varied practical experience in accounts and financial business in this City during the last thirty years, having been successively engaged in Mercantile houses and as Auditor of the N. Y. and Erie R. R. Co., Secretary and Treasurer of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western R. R. Co., Deputy Controller of the City of New-York, and lately, as a Public Accountant. He has secured the services of able and reliable assistants, and is prepared to undertake, at short notice, the examination and adjustment of Accounts and Business Affairs, however complicated or extensive, either at his own rooms or at the offices of employers, for Bankers, Merchants, Manufacturers, Lawyers, Referees, Executors and Administrators; Municipal, Railroad, and other Corporations; Government Officials, Legislative Committees, &c., &c.

The annual and other periodical Balance-Sheets, Dividend Statements, and financial exhibits of corporations and business firms examined and verified. Advice given in cases of partnership difficulties, and controversies growing out of the settlement of estates of deceased persons and insolvents, &c., &c.

References of the highest respectability furnished as to capacity, responsibility, &c.

NEW-YORK, June 20, 1873.

AT A MEETING AT HEAD-QUARTERS, Soldiers' and Sailors' Club, Fourth Assembly District, No. 63 East Broadway, June 22, the following preamble and resolution were unanimously adopted with great satisfaction and gratitude:

Whereas, We hail with great satisfaction the appointment of our old and esteemed comrade and fellow-worker, Hans Powell, M. D., to the position of Police Surgeon of the Seventh Precinct,

Resolved, That we, as a body, hereby tender our heartfelt thanks to the Board of Police Commissioners for the honor so conferred upon one so conspicuous as a coworker in the cause of republicanism and charity.

JOHN E. DOWLEY,
EMANUEL M. SHULTZ,
THOS. H. C. KINKAID,
Committee on Resolutions.
F. G. SAMPSON, President.
JOHN I. MUNDEVILLE, Recording Secretary.

STRICTURE AND FISTULA RADICALLY cured, without knife, caustic, or detention from business. Diseases of the pelvic viscera. Diseases and deformities of the eye, nose, face, and person. HENRY A. DANIELS, M.D., 144 Lexington-av.

ICE-CREAM FREEZERS, MOLDS, &C.—JAMES Y. WATKINS & SON, No. 16 Catharine-st.